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Tourism Growth in the Caribbean

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Tourism Growth in the Caribbean: The Role of Competition

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Two key stylized facts

- Caribbean tourism growth has declined by about half since 1980s
- Caribbean market share in world tourism has declined by 0.5 percentage points since 1980s.



- Paper tries to explain the two stylized facts
- Panel regression framework
- Main results
 - Real exchange rate appreciation significant in explaining the decline in tourism growth rate.
 - No evidence for competition from other destinations



Important contribution

 Paper addresses an important question with "potentially" significant policy implications.



- Is the decline in 5-year travel export growth rates from 6 to 3 percent over 1981-2001 quantitatively significant?
 - How does it compare to growth in trade in goods?
 - Useful to show trends in levels of travel exports (in dollars) or in percent of GDP; what does the decline in growth mean in dollar terms.
 - Share of labor force employed in tourism sector and how has it changed over time with declining growth rates



- Changes in travel costs e.g. decline in airfares from US to Asia could divert American tourists
- Changes in lodging costs greater competition in hotel industry in other destinations
- Economic growth interest rates in the US
- In general, global time varying shocks omitted variable bias (2001 dummy important but not sufficient)



 Clustered standard errors (correlated errors over time since using high frequency data)

Regression framework - no evidence for competition?

- Serious reverse causality issues tourism growth in Caribbean and other destinations.
 - Estimates could be biased upwards
 - GMM based on a rich set of assumptions no second order autocorrelation in the error and initial conditions
 - IV strategy try lagged growth rates to start with.



Regression framework (contd)

- Could try a gravity model approach (similar to trade) –
 - Used extensively in international economics literature – extended to capital, labor and aid flows
 - Trade b/w two countries as a function of distance between the two countries and population and additional controls.
 - Capture bivariate trade in services relationship
 - Can better control for conditions in exporting and importing countries; and ROW.



Policy implications

- Need to be spelled out
 - Is the exchange rate overvalued?
 - Other factors hindering the growth of tourism sector
 - Hotels
 - Security situation e.g. in Jamaica