

#### Economic and Financial Linkages in the Western Hemisphere Seminar organized by the Western Hemisphere Department International Monetary Fund November 26, 2007

#### **Spillovers across NAFTA**

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#### Economic and Financial Linkages in the Western Hemisphere

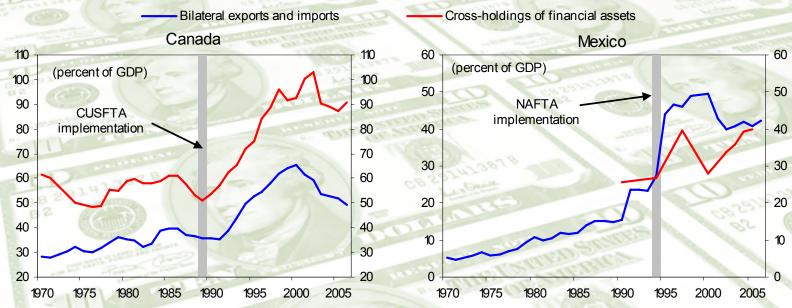
# Real and Financial Linkages in North America: Spillovers Across NAFTA

by Andrew Swiston and Tamim Bayoumi

#### **Motivation**

- o Rapid increase in globalization: What are the implications for comovement of economic activity across countries?
- Economic theory: Predictions as to the effects of trade or financial integration on business cycle synchronization are not clear.
- North America: Offers good opportunity to study effects due to dramatic rise in integration.

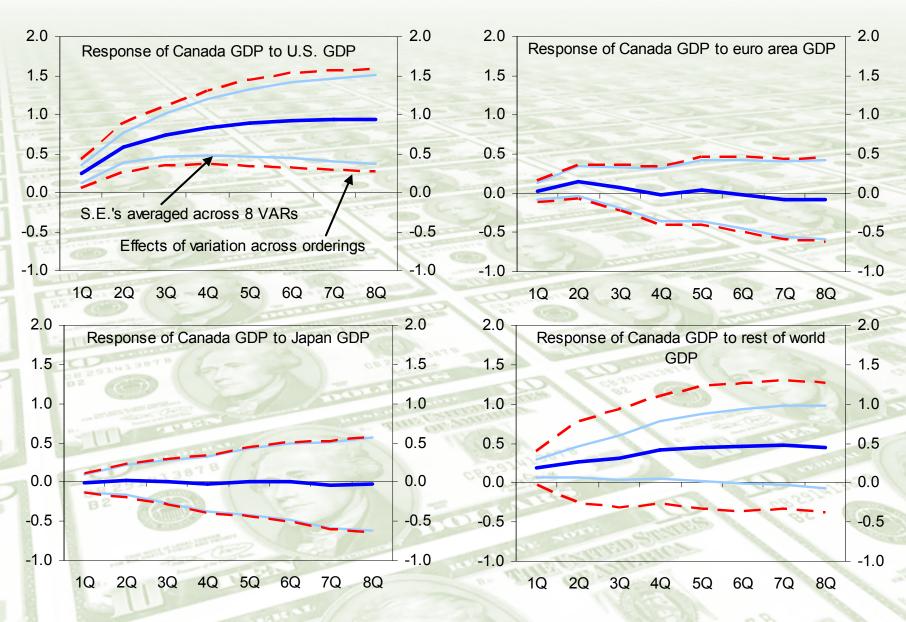




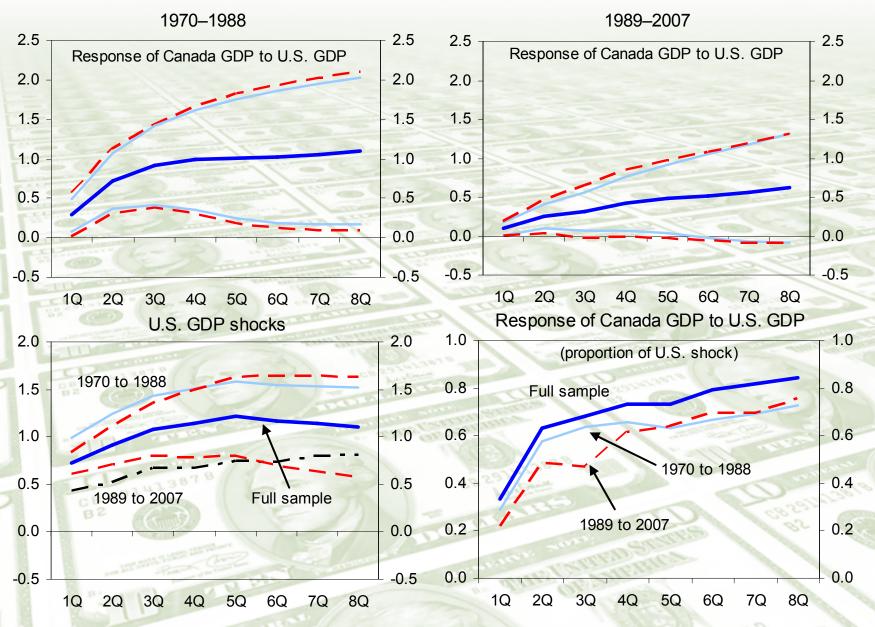
# **Technique**

- Five-by-five VAR with real GDP for U.S., euro area, Japan, rest of world, & Canada or Mexico. Rest of world is an aggregate of 11 countries, diverse geographically and in industrial structure, proxying for global shock.
- Spillover channels (trade, commodity prices, financial) added as exogenous variables.
- Main results use an average of 8 Cholesky orderings, implying Bayesian-like "priors" on the direction of spillovers across main regions. Paper also shows results of 3 "extreme" orderings.
- These "priors" are updated by the variance-covariance matrix of VAR residuals to arrive at estimate of impact of shock.
- What is changing? Bottom line: Responses differ because ordering of variables assigns contemporaneous correlation between shocks to the variable first in the ordering.

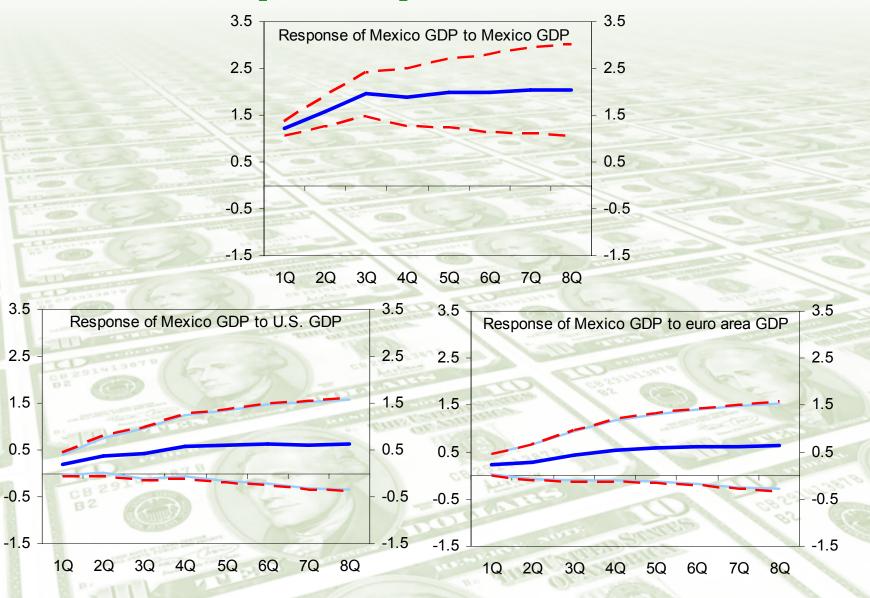
# Full Sample Spillovers: Canada



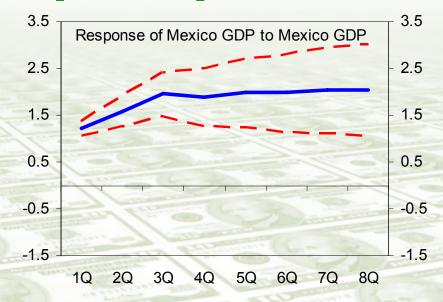
### U.S. Spillovers to Canada by Subsample

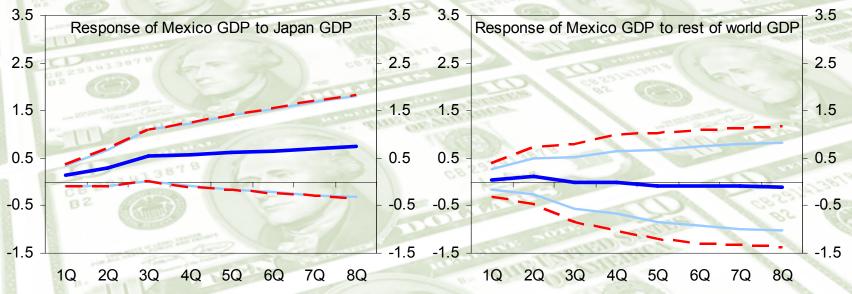


# Full Sample Spillovers: Mexico

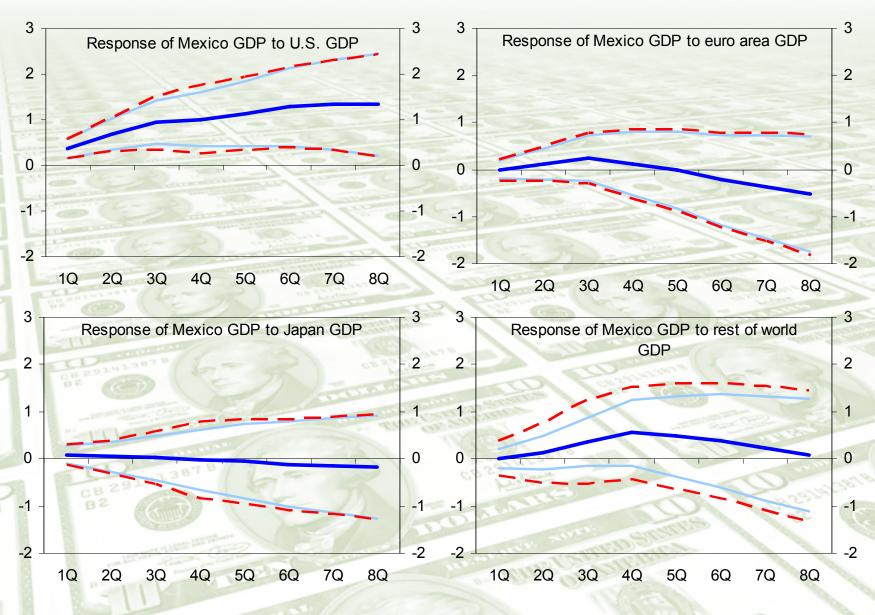


## Full Sample Spillovers: Mexico

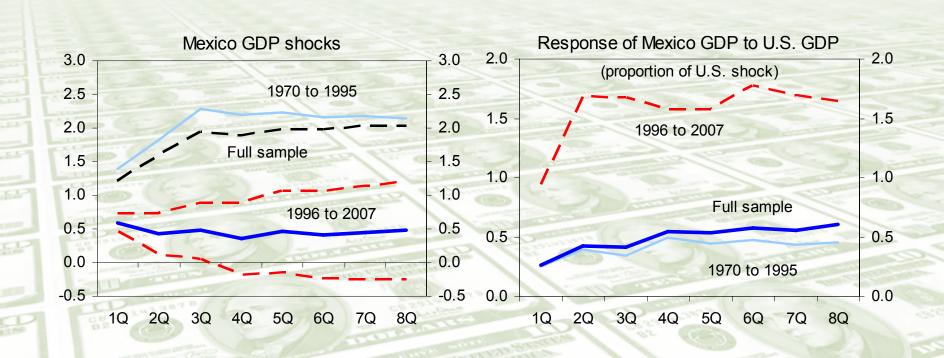




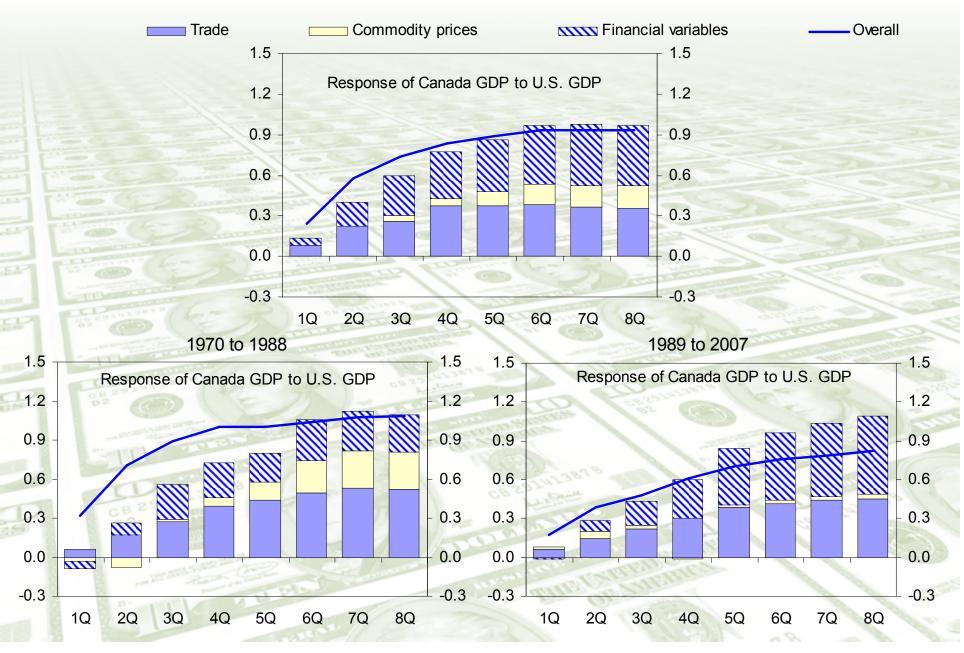
# Spillovers Since 1996: Mexico



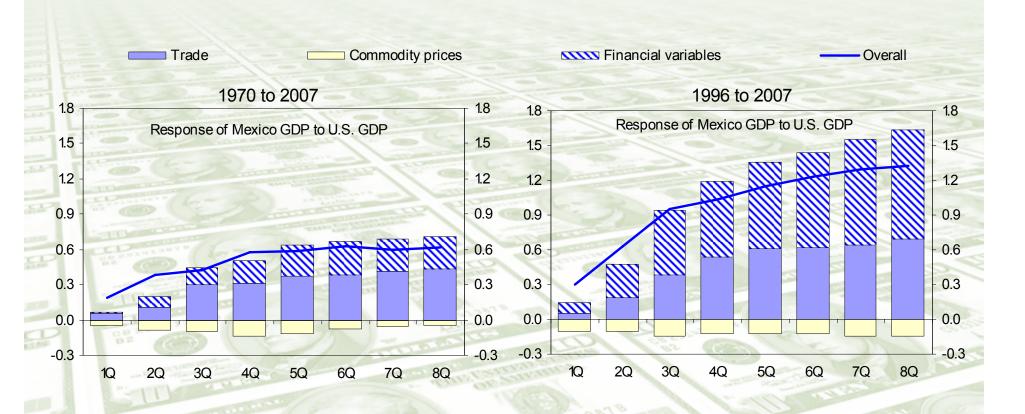
### Mexican Shocks and Responses



#### Sources of U.S. Spillovers to Canada



### Sources of U.S. Spillovers to Mexico



# **Summary of Results**

 Response to one percentage point shock to U.S. GDP:

Canada: 3/4 points, Mexico: 11/2 points.

- Financial market variables: main source of U.S. spillovers, having increased over time.
- o *Trade spillovers* also matter, while commodity prices play a modest role.
- Robust to assumptions about ordering of U.S. and global shocks.

#### Conclusions

- Great moderation in U.S. output volatility played a large role in reducing spillovers and dampening fluctuations elsewhere.
- With spillovers transmitted through financial channels, current market turbulence could still have large impact.
- o Impact of integration for Canada: have tighter linkages been offset by increased freedom of domestic policy to respond to external shocks?
- For Mexico: difficult to separate role of NAFTA from effects of other elements of domestic macroeconomic stabilization.
- Methodology could be applied to other countries to estimate sensitivity to external factors.