The Financial Crisis and Information Gaps Recommendation 13: Cross-border Exposures of Non-Financial and Financial Corporations

> Senior Officials Conference Basel, April 8 and 9, 2010

G-20 recommendation

- The IAG to investigate the issue of monitoring and measuring cross-border, including foreign exchange derivative, exposures of non-financial, and financial, corporations with the intention of promoting standardised reporting guidance and dissemination of data.
- Lead agency: IAG (BIS, ECB, IMF, OECD, Eurostat)

Methodological developments

- Various methodologies exist (SNA, BOP, FSI, IBS, ExD, HSS, IFRS, EU registers for multinationals)
- Measurement of financial exposures on a consolidated basis is relatively new, definitions not always clear
 - SNA offsetting within same institutional sector
 - IBS/IFRS global consolidation of banks headquartered in a country
 - consolidation within complex financial group (holdings)
- Key issue: how can framework of consolidation be made compatible with traditional SNA/FA on residency basis?

Availability of data

- Non-financial corporations: little info on cross-border positions; statistics on residency basis do not capture exposures booked outside jurisdiction (eg through foreign affiliates); consolidated financial statements not good at capturing positions such as derivatives
- Financial corporations: IBS document exposures for banks, lack of data for non-bank institutions (see also rec 14) though some in FSI's Enhancing the user friendliness of the website
- Data limitations at national and international level

Way forward

- More detailed review of methods and data available
- Stream 1: financial corporations
 - in parallel with rec 14
 - prepare discussion paper
 - organise workshop (eg IFC with reps from other groups)
 - identify more clearly what methodological and data compilation guidance is needed
- Stream 2: non-financial corporations
 - identify direct and indirect sources (counterparties in other datasets, current or prospective)
 - bring data together in single hub?

Questions

- How clear are the concepts of consolidation for financial and non-financial corporations to compilers and users of financial statistics?
- What scope is there to improve data collection of cross-border exposures of financial corporations, both banks and non-bank financial corporations? What would the sources for this data and what are the challenges for compilers?
- Would a mix of direct and indirect data sources ensure appropriate coverage of non-financial corporations and, if not, how might the situation be improved?