# DFID's Priorities for Caribbean Growth 

20 ${ }^{\text {th }}$ September 2013
Nassau, Bahamas

## Increased bilateral assistance to region

- Caribbean region strong importance to the UK
- UK bilateral assistance has increased in recent years:
- Approx £50 million p.a.
-More than half to the independent Caribbean with $£ 75$ million in the four years up to 2015 plus support through multilaterals.


## Enhancing Prosperity and Growth the central focus of DFID Caribbean Programme

Three programme pillars:

1. Growth and Wealth Creation
2. Governance and Security
3. Climate Change and Disaster Risk Reduction

- Seizing the Opportunities and Tackling Key Barriers to Greater Prosperity the focus of the Growth and Wealth Creation Pillar.


## Three Priority areas of Growth Pillar

1. Debt mgt, macroeconomic \& fiscal management.
-CARTAC (£10m)
-TA for Financial Sector Strengthening in OECS
-Jamaica Debt Management and PFM with World Bank
-Flexible TA funding facility
2. Enhancing Diversification and Competitiveness

- COMPETE (£10m), Guyana Agriculture Diversification Project (£1.5m)
- Inclusive Growth Program on Skills and exploring opportunities to do more to ensure that poor and vulnerable groups are protected 3. Enhancing Regional Integration and Benefits of Trade
- CARTFund £10 million programme supporting EPA and CSME


## Other Two Programme Pillars highly interrelated:

- Governance Pillar - tackling organised and violent crime which are major factors deterring investment and abetting corruption; issue in some countries in region.
-Caribbean Criminal Asset Recovery Programme in 11 countries (£4m)
-Jamaica programmes strengthening governance, security and accountability.
-Exploring opportunities to do more on demand side accountability.
- Climate Change and Disaster Risk Reduction Pillar
- £13m Adaptation package focused on regional institutions
- £5m Renewable Energy including pilot challenge fund on innovative green technology.

