



# **Adjustment and labour markets in EMU**

**Alessandro Turrini  
DG Economic and Financial Affairs**

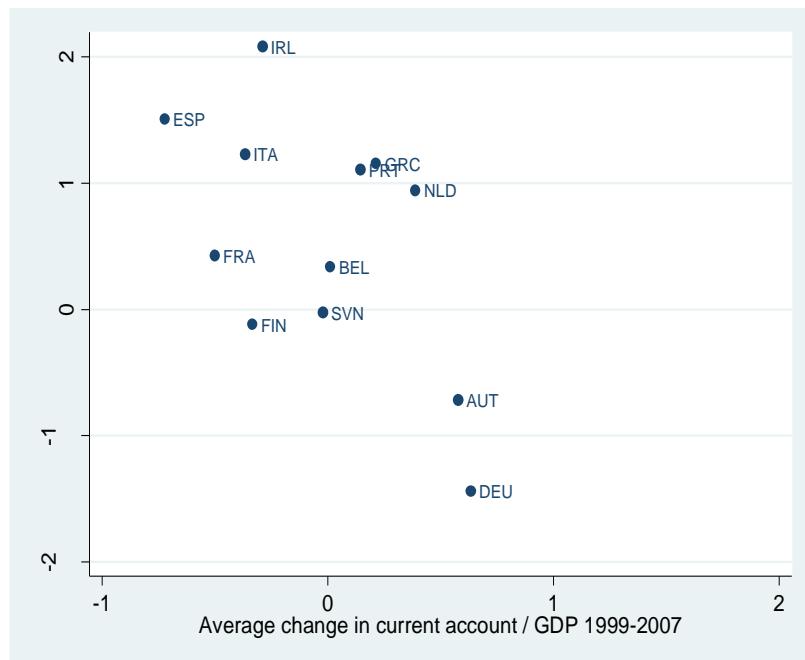
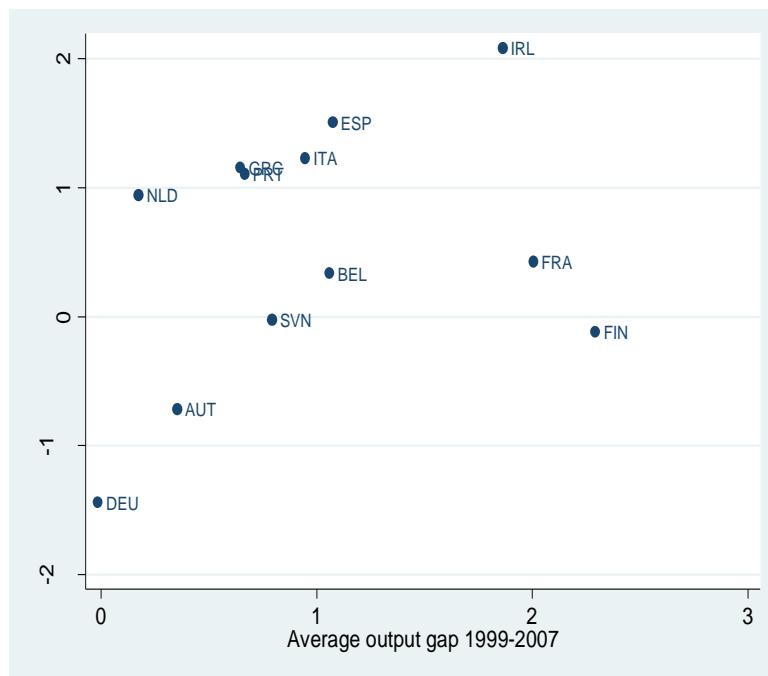


## The early EMU debate

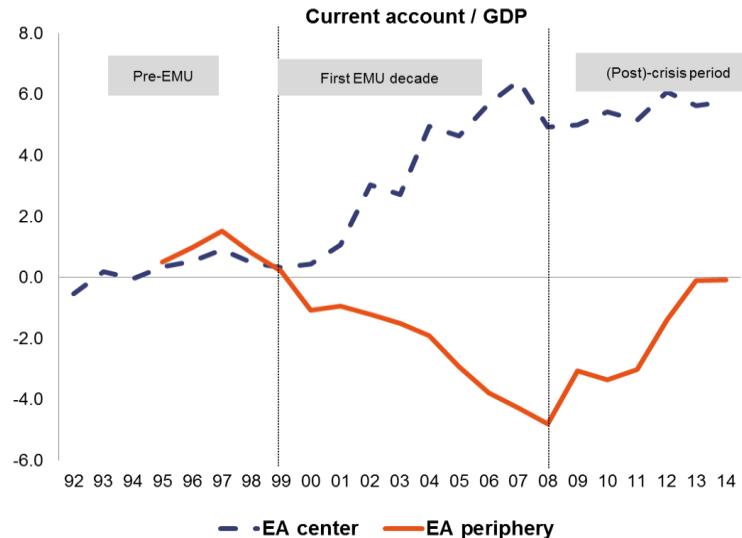
- Nominal convergence: needed for a stable currency
- Stabilisation to asymmetric shocks: OCA debate
  - **Likelihood of asymmetric shocks**
    - Synchronisation, co-movement (real convergence and integration)
  - **Adjustment to asymmetric shocks**
    - Fiscal transfers
    - Adjustment on the "quantity side" (migration, financial risk sharing)
    - Price adjustment: "automatic adjustment mechanism".
- Competitiveness channel versus real interest rate channel ("Walters' critique")

**Competitiveness channel: working as expected before the crisis in response to EMU start up shock...**

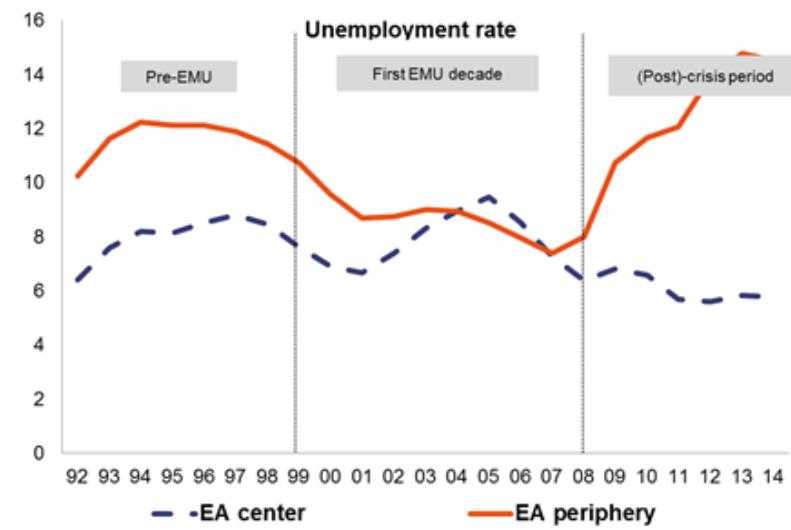
**...and associated with current growing account divergences...**



**...which adjusted suddenly after  
the crisis...**



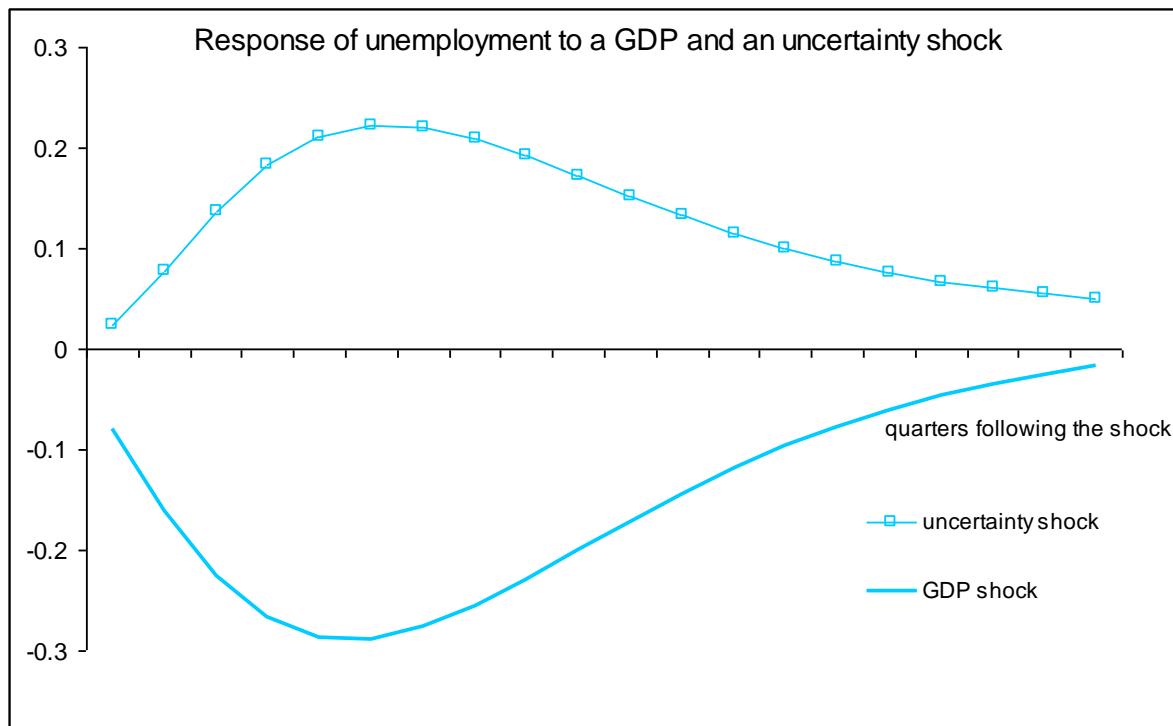
**...leading to major output and  
employment divergences**



Note: countries grouped according to their external position.

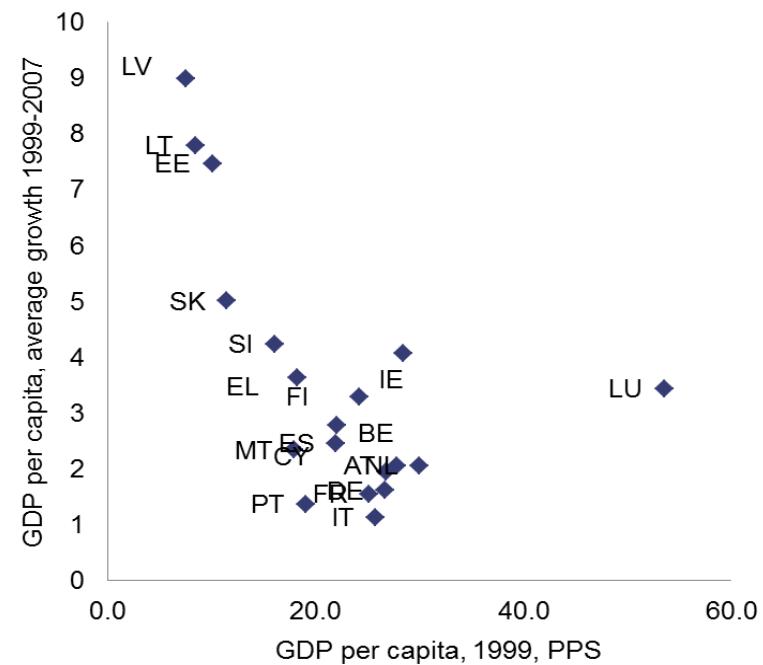
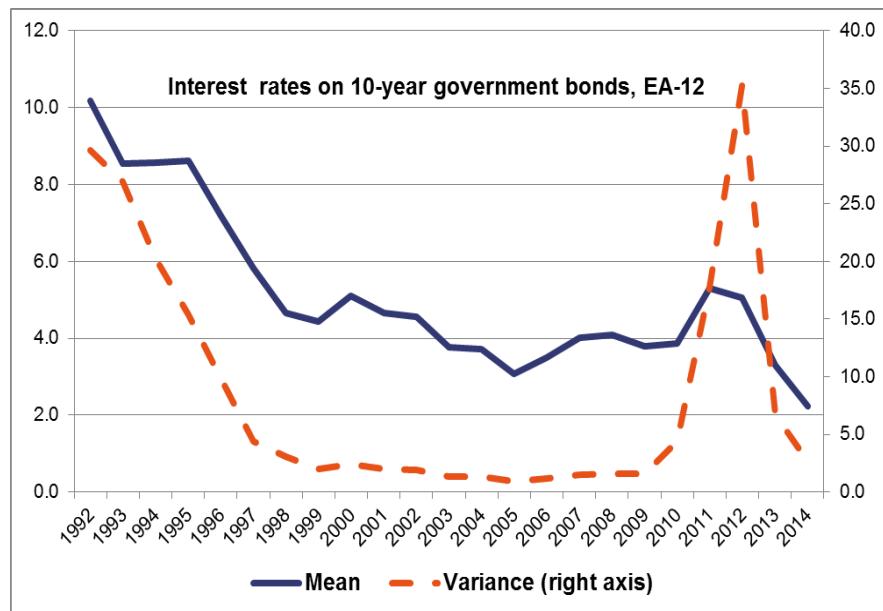
EA center: BE DE LU NL AT FI EA; EA periphery : EE IE EL ES FR IT CY LV LT MT PT SI SK.

## Unemployment response to GDP and uncertainty shocks: euro area 1996Q1-2011Q4 (Arpaia and Turrini, 2013)

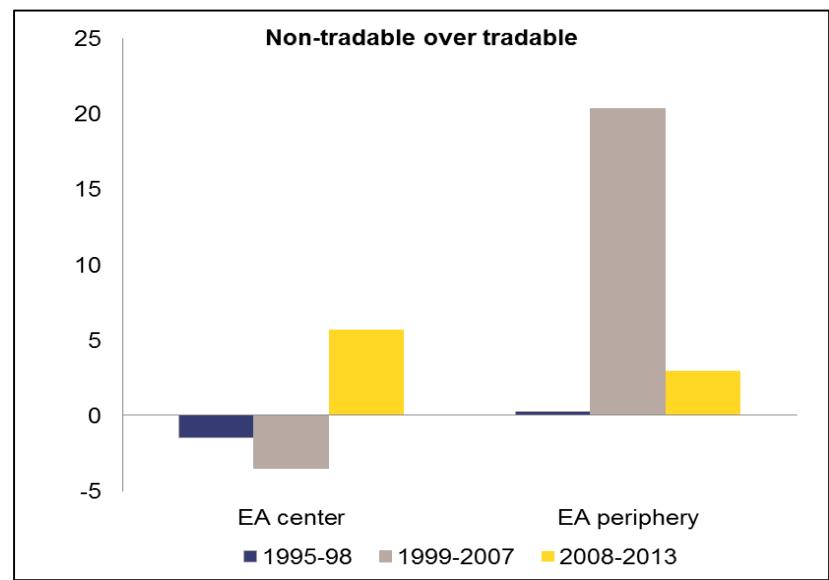
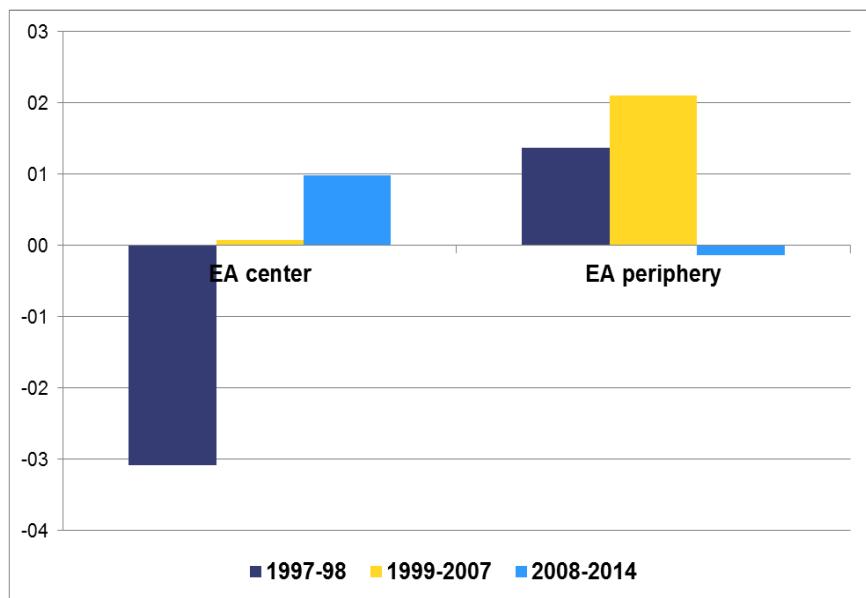


## Three waves of convergence? (Buti and Turrini, 2015)

Nominal and real convergence pre-crisis, followed by divergence



## Structural convergence post-crisis

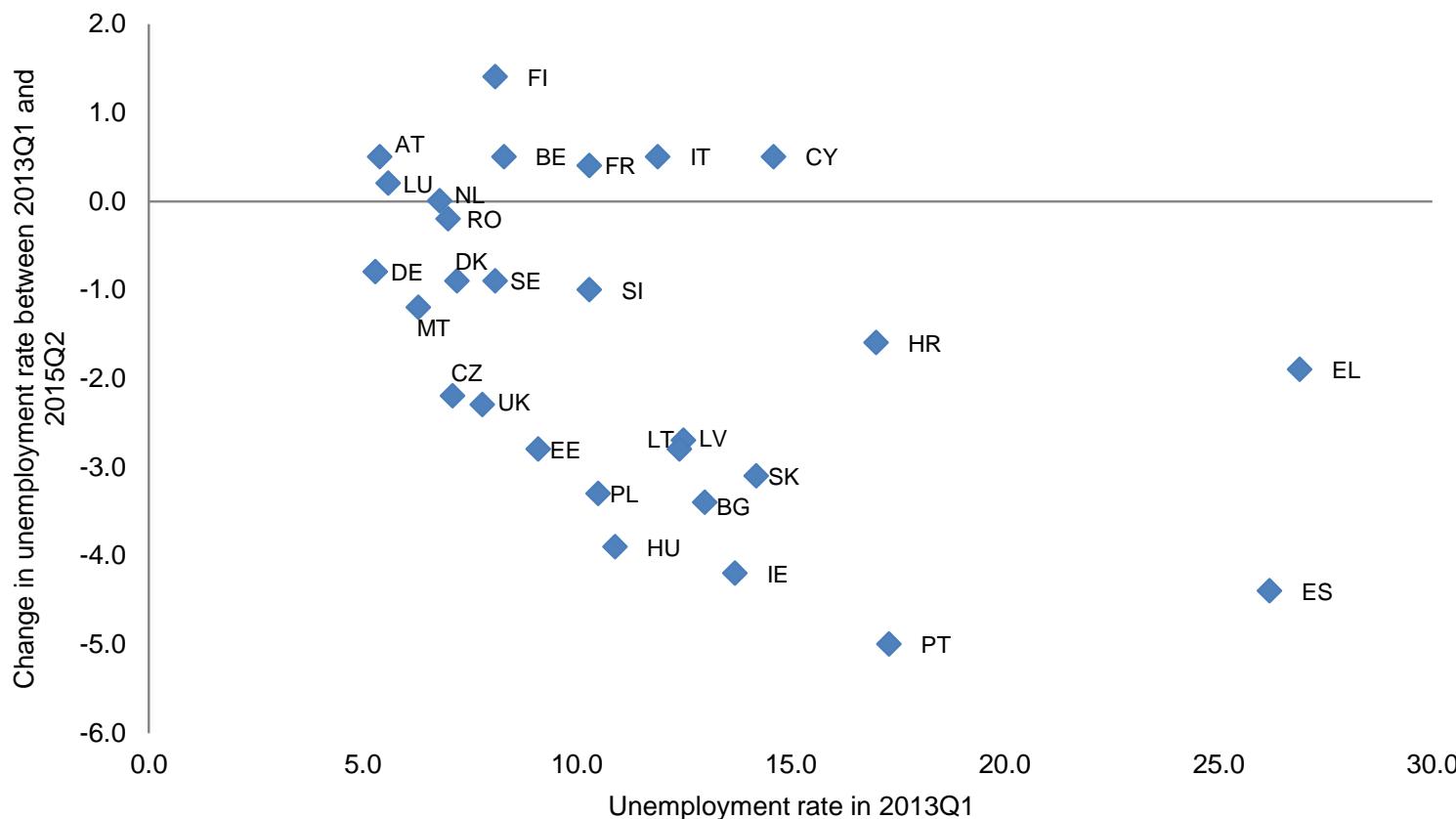


Note: countries grouped according to their external position.

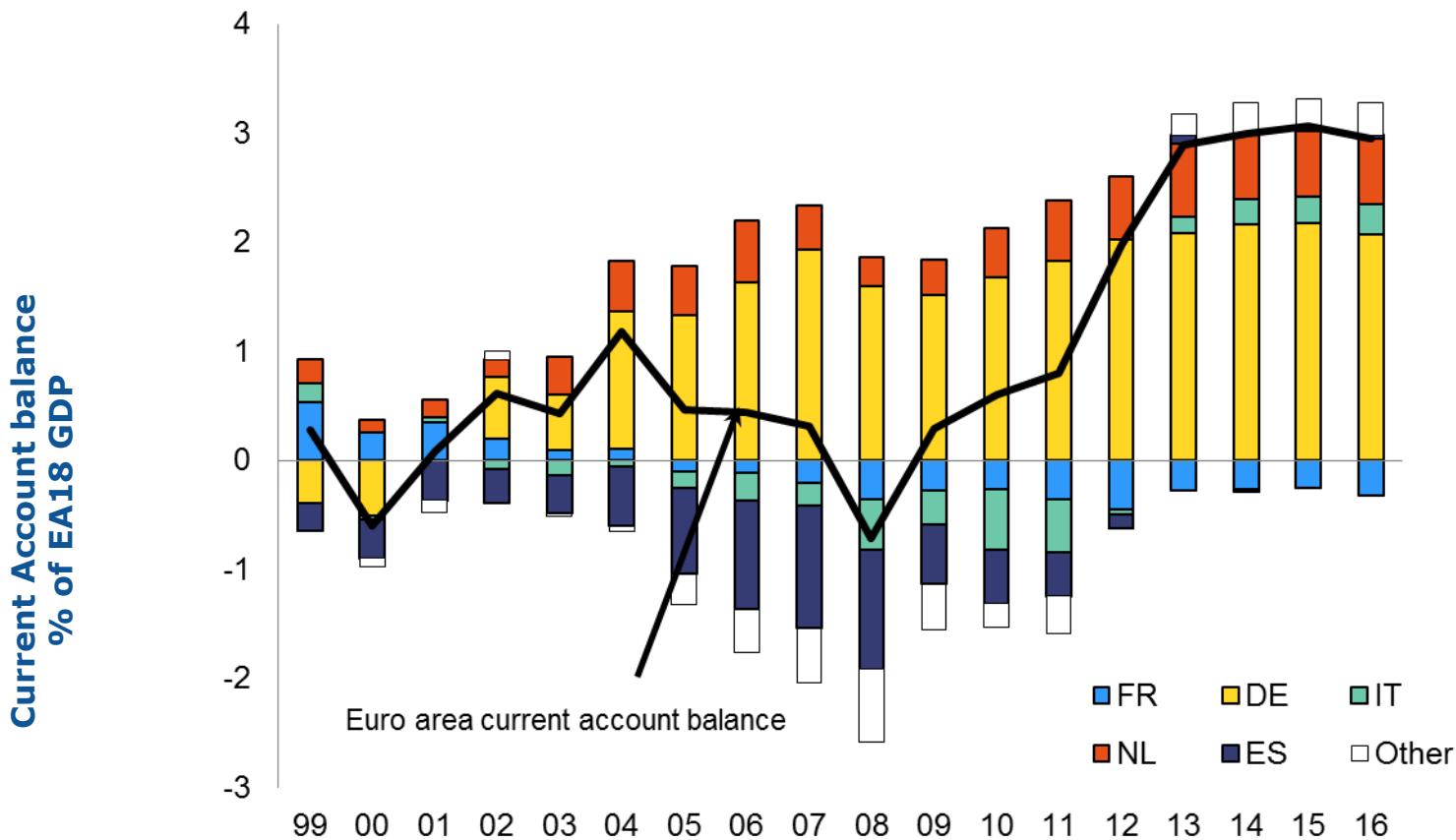
EA center: BE DE LU NL AT FI EA; EA periphery : EE IE EL ES FR IT CY LV LT MT PT SI SK.



## Restored convergence in unemployment rates since 2014



## Asymmetric rebalancing





## Implications

- Two notions of adjustment: tensions?
  - **Asymmetric shocks (internal adjustment)**
  - **External adjustment**
- External adjustment in an evolving rebalancing context
  - **Flows vs. stocks**
  - **Structural change**
  - **Low-inflation environment**
- Internal adjustment
  - **Supra-national fiscal stabilisation capacity**
- Preventing and dealing with current account crises
  - **Completing EMU: Banking union, capital markets union**
- Stable framework

## Current account: cyclically-adjusted balances and balances required to stabilise or reduce external liabilities

