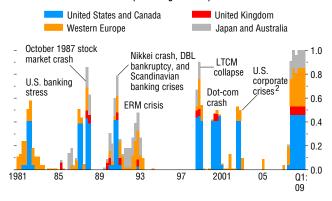
Figure 4.4. Financial Stress in Advanced Economies

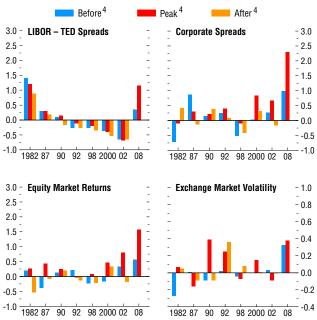
Financial stress in advanced economies is currently more widespread across countries and sectors of the financial system than in earlier stress episodes.

Share of Advanced Economies in High Stress¹ (GDP-weighted sum)



Intensity of Stress during Episodes of Widespread Financial Stress³

(deviation from mean value in standard deviations; GDP-weighted sum)



Source: IMF staff calculations.

Note: DBL = Drexel Burnham Lambert; ERM = European exchange rate mechanism; LIBOR = London interbank offered rate; LTCM = Long-Term Capital Management.

¹ High stress defined as a stress index level of one standard deviation above its trend.

² WorldCom, Enron, and Arthur Andersen.

³ Widespread stress is defined as periods during which 50 percent of advanced economies' GDP was in high stress. A total of seven episodes were identified with peak stress dates in 1982, 1987, 1990, 1992, 1998, 2000, 2002, and 2008. See Table 4.1 for a description.

 $^{^4}$ Non-overlapping averages of three quarters before, around, and following peak stress. The peak in the 2008 episode is assumed to be quarter four.