

Japan-IMF Scholarship Program for Asia 2025-26

Basic Mathematics Aptitude Test

Test A (Answer sheet)

Please Note:

- You have 60 minutes to complete
- Calculators are not allowed
- Please show all your work and write your answers in the designated space

Thank you

Country: _____

Reference Number: _____

Name: _____

Problem 1. Compute the following

$$\frac{100}{2} + 5$$

Answer:

Problem 2. Suppose that

$$Y = K^\alpha L^{1-\alpha}$$

Which of the following is true?

Answer:

Problem 3. Suppose that

$$y = x^2 - 2ax$$

Which of the following is equivalent to this equation:

Answer:

Problem 4. Solve for x :

$$\frac{1}{x} = \frac{3}{1-x}$$

Answer:

Problem 5. Note that e is Euler's constant. Solve for x :

$$\frac{e^{6x-10}}{e^x} = 1$$

Answer:

Problem 6. Solve for x :

$$\frac{(1+x)^2}{1+x} = 3$$

Answer:

Problem 7. Solve for x :

$$2\ln(1+x) - \ln(1+x) = \ln(3)$$

Answer:

Problem 8. Find a first order Taylor expansion (nearby $x = 0$) of

$$f(x) = \ln(1+x)$$

Using this, approximate $\ln(1 + .02)$

Answer:

Problem 9. Suppose there is a box containing 50 red balls and 50 green balls. A ball is removed and then set aside (and not returned to the box). Which of the following is true?

Answer:

Problem 10. Suppose that we have the set of numbers:

$$X = [87, 63, 40, 76, 2, 28, 6, 30, 25, 49]$$

The average value of this set of numbers is $\bar{x} = 40.6$. Compute the following, where $x_i \in X$,

$$\sum_{i=1}^{10} x_i.$$

Answer:

Problem 11. Suppose that we have the set of numbers:

$$X = [87, 63, 40, 76, 2, 28, 6, 30, 25, 49]$$

The average value of this set of numbers is $\bar{x} = 40.6$. Compute the following, where $x_i \in X$,

$$\sum_{i=1}^{10} (x_i - \bar{x})$$

Answer:

Problem 12. Compute the derivative of the function

$$f(x) = x \ln(x) + 1$$

Answer:

Problem 13. Suppose that

$$y(t) = \frac{x(t)}{z(t)}$$

where $x(t)$ and $z(t)$ are functions of time

$$x(t) = x_0 e^{g_x t}, \quad z(t) = z_0 e^{g_z t}$$

where g_x and g_z are constants. Compute

$$g_y \equiv \frac{d \ln y(t)}{dt}$$

Answer:

Problem 14. Suppose that

$$\int_{-\infty}^{\infty} f(x) dx = 1$$

$$\int_{-\infty}^0 f(x) dx = 0.2$$

Compute

$$\int_0^{\infty} f(x) dx$$

Answer:

Problem 15. Note that

$$\Phi(X) \equiv \int_{-\infty}^X \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} e^{-\frac{1}{2}(z^2)} dz.$$

Evaluate the following integral:

$$Y \equiv \int_{-\infty}^X \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \frac{1}{\sigma} e^{-\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{x-\mu}{\sigma}\right)^2} dx \quad (1)$$

Answer:

Problem 16. Find the value of x in which

$$\phi(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} \frac{1}{\sigma} e^{-\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{x-\mu}{\sigma}\right)^2}, \quad \sigma > 0$$

is maximized:

Answer:

Problem 17. Suppose that $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$. Compute AA^T :

Answer:

Problem 18. Suppose that

$$\begin{bmatrix} y_1 \\ y_2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 2 \\ 3 & 5 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \end{bmatrix}.$$

Write y_1 as a function of x_1 and x_2 :

Answer:

Problem 19. If possible, solve for the values of x_1 , x_2 , and x_3 in which

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 5 & 10 \\ 2 & 10 & 20 \\ 3 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 3 \\ 5 \end{bmatrix}$$

Answer:

Problem 20. Evaluate the limit (use L'Hôpital's rule)

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} x \ln \left(1 + \frac{1}{x} \right)$$

Answer: