Global Think Tank Summit July 3, 2009

Remarks by Takatoshi Kato Deputy Managing Director International Monetary Fund



Financial Interconnectedness

International Claims of Reporting Banks vis-à-vis Major Economies in the Asia and Pacific Region

(In billions of U.S. dollars)

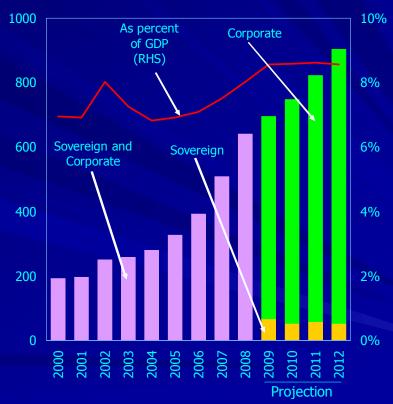
- Changes adjusted for exchange rate changes (locational, RHS)
- Japanese banks (amount outstanding, consolidated,LHS)
- European banks (amount outstanding, consolidated, LHS)
- U.S. banks (amount outstanding, consolidated,LHS)



Source: Bank for International Settlements.

EM Asia: External Debt Refinancing Needs

(In billions of U.S. dollars, left scale)

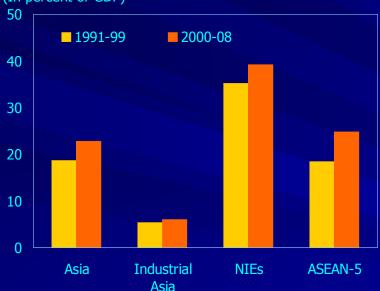


Source: IMF, Global Financial Stability Report, April 2009.

Trade Interconnectedness

Asia: Export Exposure to Industrial Economies¹

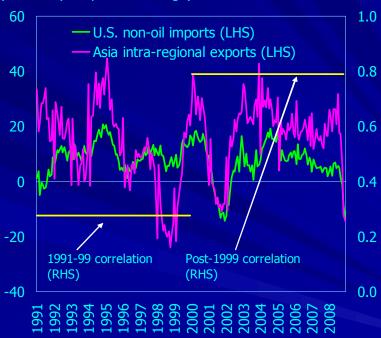
(In percent of GDP)



Sources: IMF, *Regional Economic Outlook* - Asia and Pacific, April 2008; Direction of Trade Statistics database; and staff calculations.

Emerging Asia Intra-regional Exports and U.S. Non-oil Imports¹

(Year-on-year percent change)



Sources: Haver Analytics; and IMF, Direction of Trade Statistics database; and staff calculations.



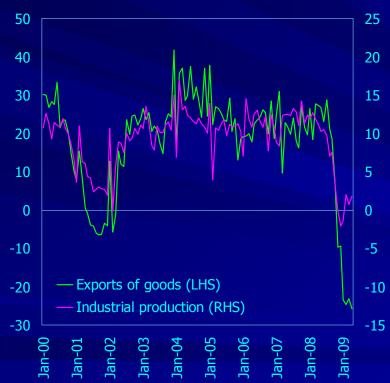
¹ Includes indirect exposure through exports of intermediate and capital goods via intra-regional trade. Regional aggregates are simple averages of the total exposure of consituent economies.

¹ Includes China, Hong Kong SAR, Korea, Singapore, Indonesia, Malaysia, the Philippines and Thailand.

Impact of the Crisis on Asia

Emerging Asia: Exports of Goods and Industrial Production

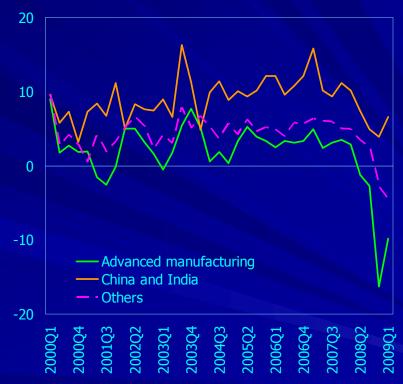
(Year-on-year percent change)



Sources: CEIC Data Company Ltd; and IMF staff calculations.

Asia: Real GDP Growth¹

(Quarter-on-quarter percent change, SAAR)



Source: IMF, WEO database.



¹ Advanced manufacturing economies are Japan, Korea, Singapore, Taiwan Province of China and Thailand.

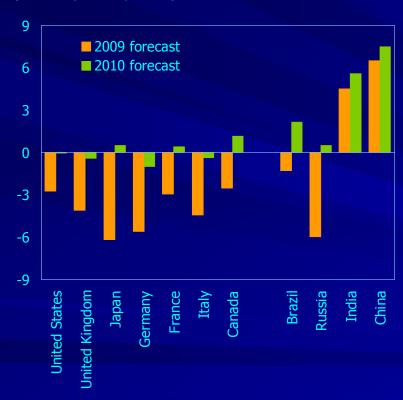
The Outlook

Global

Asia

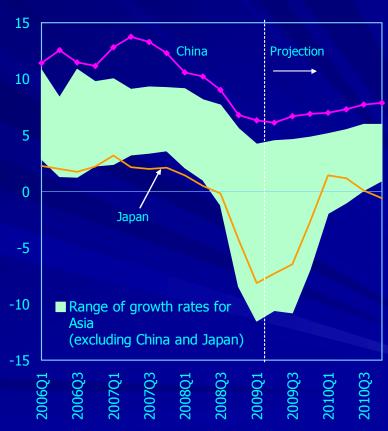
Selected Economies: Growth Forecasts for 2009 and 2010

(Year-on-year, in percent)



Asia: Real GDP

(Year-on-year percent change)



Source: IMF, World Economic Outlook, April 2009.

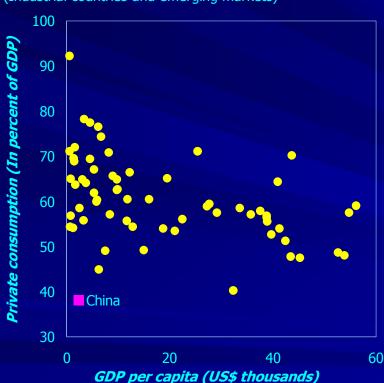




Implications for China Rebalancing

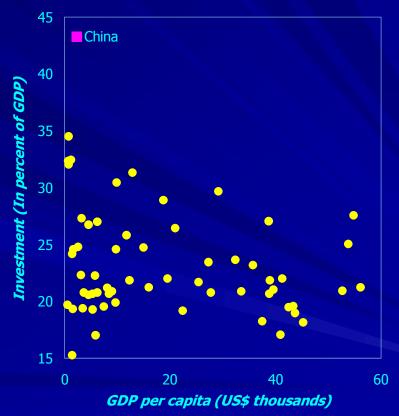
Average Consumption Expenditure, 2004–08

(Industrial countries and emerging markets)



Average Investment, 2004-08

(Industrial countries and emerging markets)

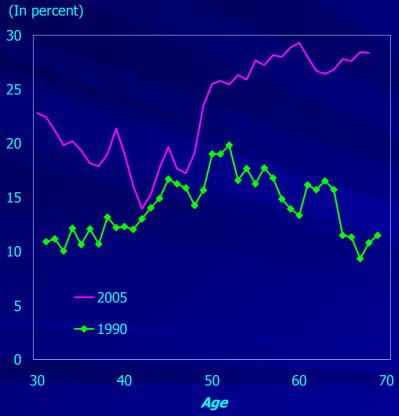


Source: IMF staff calculations.

Source: IMF staff calculations.

Implications for China Social Policies

China: Average Savings Rate by Age of Head of Household



- Healthcare universal coverage and improved quality
- Pensions—
 increased
 coverage,
 portability and
 funding



Implications for China Financial Development

- Increasing the range of savings vehicles
- Greater availability of health insurance, life insurance, annuities, private pensions
- Liberalizing deposit and loan rates
- Raising the cost of capital and other inputs (such as water, land, energy)



Implications for the IMF

- Mandate at the G20 Meetings
- 5 key areas
 - Surveillance
 - Lending
 - Resources
 - Early Warning
 - Governance



Thank you.

