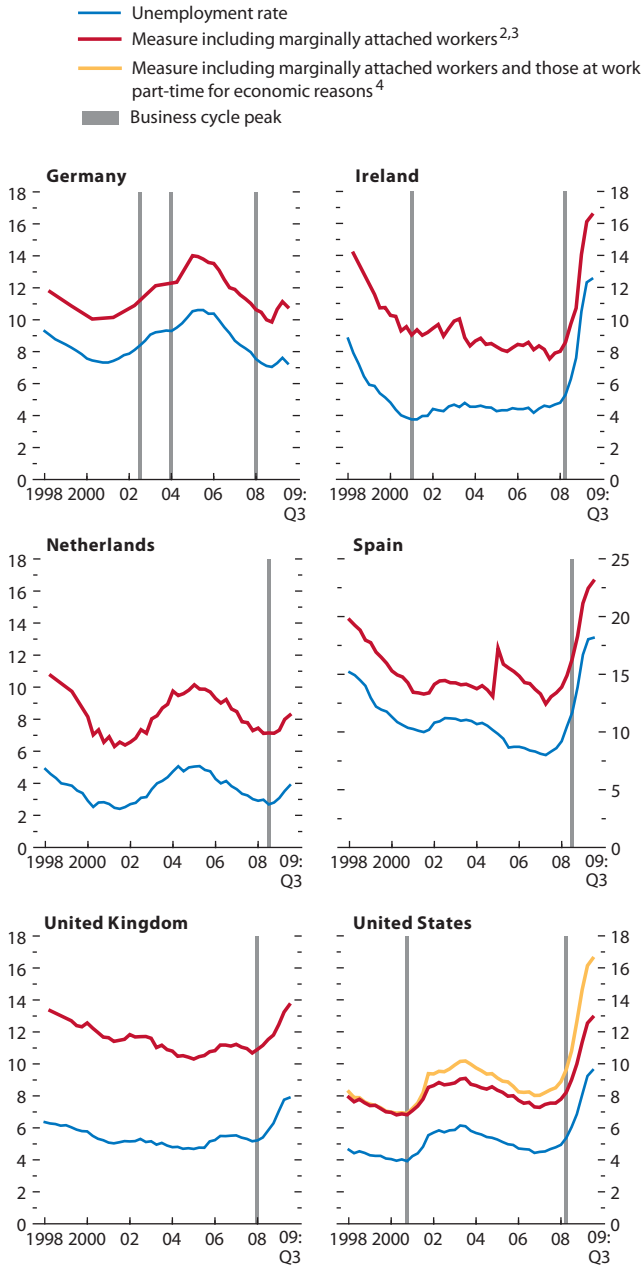


Figure 3.2. Broad Measures of Unemployment¹
(Percent)



Sources: Eurostat; Haver Analytics; and IMF staff calculations.

¹This measure of unemployment is defined as $w = (\text{total unemployment} + \text{marginally attached workers}) / (\text{civilian labor force} + \text{marginally attached labor force})$.

²For European countries, the measure is defined as "inactive population; would like to work but is not seeking employment."

³For the United States, the measure is defined as "not in labor force: want a job now."

⁴For the United States, the measure is defined as "part-time work for economic reasons": $w = (\text{total unemployment} + \text{marginally attached workers} + \text{at work part-time for economic reasons}) / (\text{civilian labor force} + \text{marginally attached labor force})$.