Creditor and debtor international investment positions widened in 2016 and are projected to continue widening into the medium term.

### 1. Global International Investment Position (Percent of world GDP)

- **Afr. and ME**
- **Eur. creditors**
- **Adv. Asia**
- **Oil exporters**


- **United States**
- **Eur. debtors**
- **Lat. Am.**
- **Em. Asia**
- **CEE**

Source: IMF staff estimates.

Note: **Adv. Asia** = advanced Asia (Hong Kong SAR, Korea, Singapore, Taiwan Province of China); **Afr. and ME** = Africa and the Middle East (Democratic Republic of the Congo, Egypt, Ethiopia, Ghana, Jordan, Kenya, Lebanon, Morocco, South Africa, Sudan, Tanzania, Tunisia); **CEE** = central and eastern Europe (Belarus, Bulgaria, Croatia, Czech Republic, Hungary, Poland, Romania, Slovak Republic, Turkey, Ukraine); **Em. Asia** = emerging Asia (India, Indonesia, Pakistan, Philippines, Thailand, Vietnam); **Eur. creditors** = European creditors (Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Finland, Germany, Luxembourg, Netherlands, Norway, Sweden, Switzerland); **Eur. debtors** = European debtors (Cyprus, Greece, Ireland, Italy, Portugal, Spain, Slovenia); **Lat. Am.** = Latin America (Argentina, Brazil, Chile, Colombia, Mexico, Peru, Uruguay); **Oil exporters** = Algeria, Azerbaijan, Iran, Kazakhstan, Kuwait, Nigeria, Oman, Qatar, Russia, Saudi Arabia, United Arab Emirates, Venezuela; **Other adv.** = Other advanced economies (Australia, Canada, France, Iceland, New Zealand, United Kingdom).