# Stress Testing Conglomerates

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Comptroller of the Currency Administrator of National Banks

### Stress Testing Conglomerates A Presentation for the IMF May 3, 2006

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# Outline

### Definitions

- Review of Stresses in Market Risk
- Current practices in stress testing by major area of risk
  - Interest Rate Risk
  - Credit risk
- A Vision for consolidated stress testing.
  - Problems

### **Stress Testing**

### Stress Testing: Estimated change in the value of a firm arising from a plausible change in the economic environment

• E.g., moderate stagflation

# Risk Factors: Variables that characterize the environmental conditions that are held to determine or

- predict a variable of interest
- Interest Rates, GDP growth

### **Scenarios**

# Scenario: A deterministic set of values for the risk factors

- Fed funds up 200 bps
- 10-year swap rate up 300 bps
- GDP declines 2% over two years

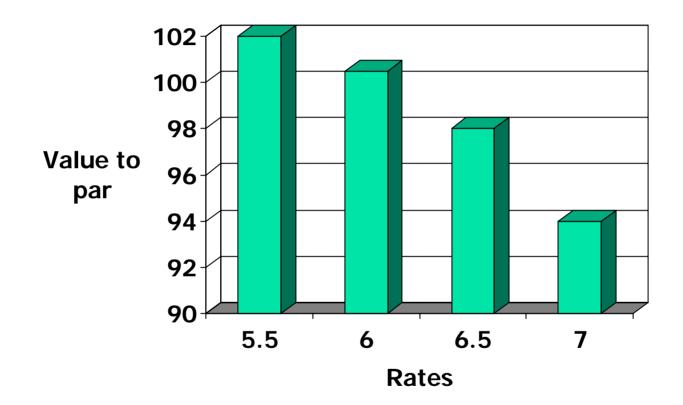
# **Evolution for Trading Book**

- Regulator imposed global data sets
- Consensus as to plausibility of scenarios
- Well understood computation engines
- Industry innovated and diffused stress tests from best practice to standard practice

### Interest Rate Risk

- American banks can be usefully thought of as exposed to single factor, even at the aggregate level
- "Valuation profiles" commonly used, at instrument level and consolidated level

### Interest Rate Risk



### Secondary Issues

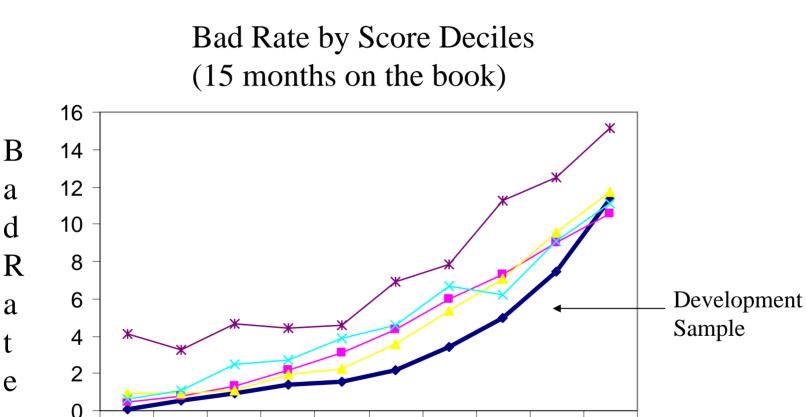
- Two major arbitrary assumptions
  - Rate sensitivity of retail depositors
  - Non earning assets and liabilities
- Secondary risk factors
  - Volatility
  - Correlations between bases

Leverage magnifies errors: Bottom line error = Percentage error for item \* item as percentage of equity

### Credit Risk

- Portfolio credit-risk models are a relatively new phenomenon
- Generally a "reduced form" form function of credit scores, not factordriven
- Suggests current machinery allows stress tests only on scores

### Back test on performance by rating.



- 2002 ---- 2003-II ---- 2003-IV ---- 2004-II ----- 2004-IV

Benefits of factor-driven credit-risk stress tests

- Gain an improved sense of how portfolio fits together
- Tie into market risks
- Rationalize risk profile

Evolution to consolidated stress tests, positive current developments

- Regulator-imposed consolidated global data sets
- Plausibility of scenarios a given
  - Moderate stagflation
  - Stagnation with disinflation has receded
  - Instability of correlations is nugatory

# Problems with computation engines

- No consensus on methodology to arrive at common holding period
  - Trading 10 days, A/L two months, Credit: business cycle
- The large number of factors precludes transparency
  - Modeler's job to maintain transparency
- Regulatory risk
  - Many regulators confuse capital adequacy with risk management

### Conclusions

- Meaningful consolidated stress testing of commercial banks is not yet feasible
- Market risk and interest-rate risk show that useful aggregate stress tests are possible
  - "Proof of concept"
- Evolution toward meaningful stress tests for credit risk has begun
- Too soon to tell