

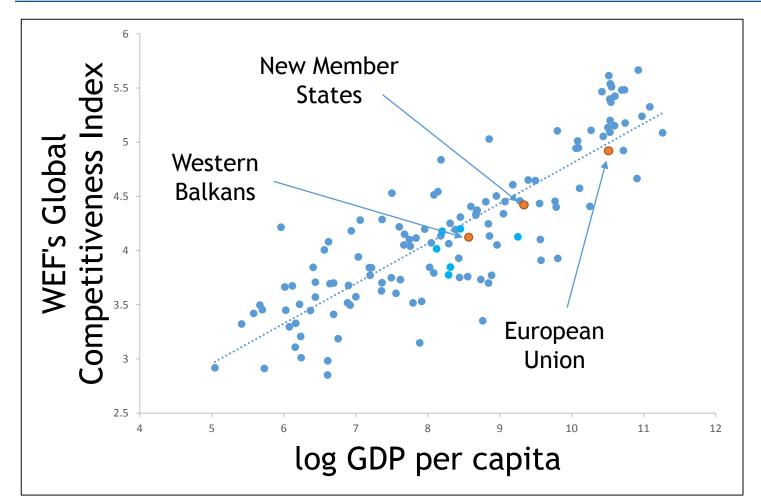
RANKING STRUCTURAL REFORM PRIORITIES FOR FASTER GROWTH IN THE WESTERN BALKANS

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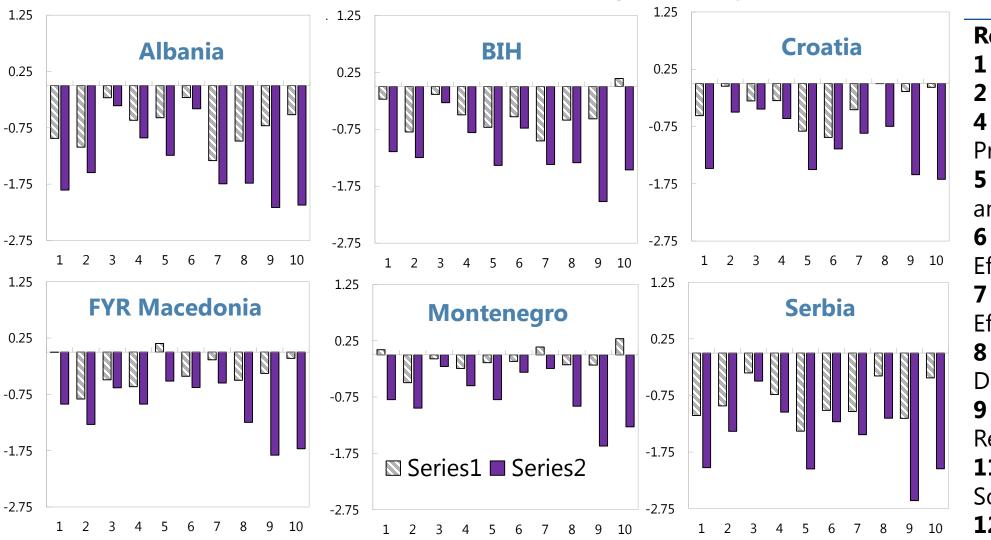
Structural Reforms Boost Growth... But Which Ones Will Deliver The Strongest Dividend In The Western Balkans?



- 1. Reform gaps in the WB compared to NMS and EU...
- 2. Growth regressions to rank reforms...
- 3. Large gaps + large impact on growth \Rightarrow high reform priority

Sources: World Economic Forum; IMF WEO, and IMF staff calculations.

Reform Gaps In Main Areas: Larger vis-à-vis Average EU than NMS, Some Heterogeneity



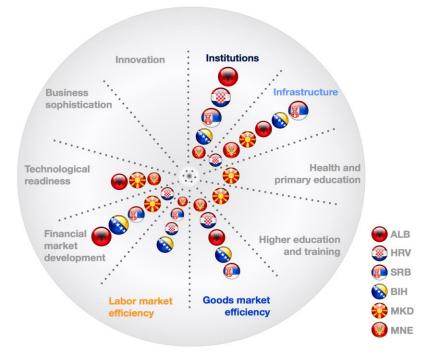
Reform areas:

- 1 Institutions,
- **2** Infrastructure,
- 4 Health and
- Primary Education,
- **5** Higher Education and Training,
- **6** Goods Markets Efficiency,
- **7** Labor Markets Efficiency,
- **8** Financial Markets Development,
- **9** Technological Readiness,
- **11** Business
- Sophistication,
- **12** Innovation.

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Gaps Combined With Growth Regressions: Most Reforms High Priority, Some Areas More Important

Top 5 Reform Priorities for Each of the WB States^{1/2/}



These are assessed relative to the NMS in each of the 10 main pillars of the Global Competitiveness Index.
Larger bubbles represent reform areas that receive a higher rank ordering.
Note: Analysis for Kosovo not included as the relevant data are not available.

Larger gap + larger growth impact \Rightarrow higher reform priority

- Compared to EU Average:
 - Almost all reforms are high priority
- Compared to NMS Average most important areas are:
 - Institutions (high in all countries)
 - Infrastructure (high in all countries)
 - Fin. Markets Development
 - Goods Markets Efficiency
 - Labor Markets Efficiency

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Top 10 Reform Priorities At a More Disaggregated Level: Institutions Most Represented, Many Common Areas

