Sixteenth Meeting of the
IMF Committee on Balance of Payments Statistics
Washington D.C., December 1–5, 2003

Country Practices in Reporting Balance of Payments and International Investment Position Data to the Fund

Prepared by the Statistics Department
International Monetary Fund
COUNTRY PRACTICES IN REPORTING BALANCE OF PAYMENTS AND INTERNATIONAL INVESTMENT POSITION DATA TO THE FUND

The publication of the fifth edition of the *Balance of Payments Manual (BPM5)* in September 1993 introduced a substantially revised system of compilation for balance of payments accounts. In December 1994, the Fund’s Statistics Department mailed individual country data recast in the structure of *BPM5* to all countries that had reported balance of payments data in the past. The country authorities were asked to review this recasting of their data and to begin reporting data in *BPM5* format.

Balance of payments data in *BPM5* format were published for the first time in the 1995 issue of the *Balance of Payments Statistics Yearbook (BOPSY)*. Data for the international investment position were published for the first time in the 1996 issue of *BOPSY*.

The attached table provides information on the current reporting practices of countries providing balance of payments and international investment position data to the Fund. It shows which countries now report in *BPM5* format, the most recent period for which data are reported, the type of reporter (annual or quarterly), and the method of reporting.

The table shows that 157 countries now report in *BPM5* format, which compares with 151 in 2002 and 144 in 2001. The table also shows that 120 of the 178 countries that report balance of payments data have reported data for 2002 and of the 95 countries that report international investment position data, 70 have reported data for 2002. More countries report quarterly balance of payments data (100) than report annual data (78). Seventy countries report annual international investment position data and 25 report quarterly data.

The table also shows that there is a significant increase in the number of countries providing international investment position data (up from 87 in 2002 to 95 in 2003), which partly reflects willingness by countries to publish incomplete position statements while working on the development of more complete statements.

On the method of reporting, it may be noted that many countries send data both in electronic format and in hardcopy as a backup. However, the table is intended to show only the highest level of reporting, that is, whether data are sent electronically by edifact/gesmes, if not, whether electronically by spreadsheet, and, in both cases, whether data are sent by e-mail, through the Integrated Correspondence System (ICS), or by other means. Nine countries report data using edifact, the same as in 2002. Between 2002 and 2003, there has been an increase in the number of countries sending data by spreadsheet (from 135 to 149). Twenty countries report spreadsheet data via the ICS.
The attached table also shows those reporting countries that are expected to participate in the 2002 Coordinated Portfolio Investment Survey (2002 CPIS). These details are included in the table to provide an indication of the attempts by countries to address measurement issues involved with the compilation of portfolio investment data for their international investment position statements. In total, 67 member and nonmember jurisdictions have indicated that they will participate in the 2002 CPIS.