# **Financial Statements**

April 30, 2001



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### Auditor's Report

# To the Board of Governors of the International Monetary Fund

In our opinion, the accompanying balance sheets and the related statements of income, changes in resources and cash flows give a true and fair view of the financial condition of the General Department and the SDR Department of the International Monetary Fund (the "IMF") as at April 30, 2001 and 2000, and their respective results of operations and cash flows for the years then ended in conformity with International Accounting Standards. These financial statements are the responsibility of the IMF's management; our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits of these statements in accordance with International Standards on Auditing, which require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements, assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

As discussed in Note 2 to the financial statements, effective May 1, 1999, the IMF adopted International Accounting Standard 19, "Employee Benefits" prospectively impacting the accounting for pension and other retirement benefits.

Our audits were conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The supplementary information on pages 188 to 193 and 198 to 203 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The supplementary information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audits of the financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

June 6, 2001

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Balance Sheets as at April 30, 2001 and 2000

(In thousands of SDRs)

	2001	2000		2001	2000
Assets Credit outstanding	42,219,061	43,912,822	Liabilities and Resources Liabilities:		
Usable currencies	109,654,428	105,500,280	Remuneration payable	394,281	464,152
Other currencies	56,030,973	55,875,571	Other liabilities	147,883	84,541
Total currencies (Notes 3 and 4)	207,904,462	205,288,673	Special Contingent Account (Note 10)	1,213,019	1,119,019
			Total Liabilities	1,755,183	1,667,712
SDR holdings	2,436,744	2,723,892			
	ר ניס	ָרָ בַּי	Members' Resources:		
Gold holdings (Note 5)	1//,1e8,e	1///168/6	Quotas, represented by: Reserve tranche positions (Notes 2 and 4)	46,732,986	48,871,519
Receivables (Note 6)	561,562	688,119	Subscription payments: Usable	109,654,428	105,500,280
			Other	56,027,486	55,879,601
Other assets (Notes 7 and 14)	696,043	471,691	Total quotas	212,414,900	210,251,400
Assets of the Special Disbursement Account			Reserves of the General Resources Account	3,280,499	3,105,034
Investments (Note 8)	2,405,928	2,256,089			
Structural Adjustment Facility loans (Note 3)	432,526	511,638	Accumulated resources of the Special Disbursement Account	2,838,454	2,767,727
Total Assets	220,289,036	217,791,873	Total Liabilities and Resources	220,289,036	217,791,873

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

/s/ Eduard Brau Treasurer

/s/ Horst Köhler Managing Director

# Income Statements for the Years Ended April 30, 2001 and 2000

(In thousands of SDRs)

	2001	2000
Income of the General Resources Account		
Operational Income		
Interest and charges (Note 6)	2,207,100	2,498,904
Interest on SDR holdings	112,514	123,288
Other charges and income	68,699	49,119
	2,388,313	2,671,311
Operational Expenses		
Remuneration and financing costs (Note 9)	1,734,294	1,826,817
Allocation to the Special Contingent Account	94,000	128,456
	1,828,294	1,955,273
Administrative Expenses (Note 13)	384,554	448,376
Net Income of the General Resources Account before		
effect of change in accounting method	175,465	267,662
Cumulative effect of change in accounting method (Notes 2 and 14)		268,262
Net Income of the General Resources Account	<u>175,465</u>	<u>535,924</u>
Income of the Special Disbursement Account		
Investment income	150,027	30,088
Interest on SAF loans	1,389	2,164
Placement of profits from gold sales (Note 5)	_	2,226,000
Net Income of the Special Disbursement Account	151,416	2,258,252

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

# Statements of Changes in Resources for the Years Ended April 30, 2001 and 2000

		General Resources Account			Special Disbursement Account
	Quotas	Special Reserve	General Reserve	Total Reserves	Accumulated Resources
Balance at April 30, 1999	207,982,900	1,809,246	759,864	2,569,110	677,606
Quota subscriptions	2,268,500	_	_	_	_
Net income of the General Resources Account transferred to reserves	_	369,136	166,788	535,924	_
Net income of the Special Disbursement Account	_	_	_	_	2,258,252
Transfers from the Trust Fund	_	_	_	_	441
Transfers to the PRGF Trust	_	_	_	_	(99,305)
Transfers to the PRGF-HIPC Trust					(69,267)
Balance at April 30, 2000	210,251,400	2,178,382	926,652	3,105,034	2,767,727
Quota subscriptions	2,163,500	_	_	_	_
Net income of General Resources Account					
transferred to reserves	_	166,600	8,865	175,465	_
Net income of the Special Disbursement Account	_	_	_	_	151,416
Transfers from the Trust Fund	_	_	_	_	131
Transfers from the Supplementary Financing					
Facility Subsidy Account	_	_	_	_	104
Transfers to the PRGF Trust	_	_	_	_	(25,924)
Transfers to the PRGF-HIPC Trust					(55,000)
Balance at April 30, 2001	212,414,900	2,344,982	935,517	3,280,499	2,838,454

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

# Statements of Cash Flows for the Years Ended April 30, 2001 and 2000

 $(In\ thousands\ of\ SDRs)$ 

Net income of the Special Disbursement Account  Adjustments to reconcile net income to usable resources generated by operations Placement of profits from gold sales in the SDA  Changes in receivables and other assets  Changes in remuneration payable and other liabilities  (6 Allocation to the Special Contingent Account  Unrealized gains on investments  (28 Net usable currencies and SDRs provided by operating activities  Usable currencies and SDRs from investment activities  Net acquisition of investments by the Special Disbursement Account  Sales of gold  Net usable currencies and SDRs (used)/provided by investment activities  Usable currencies and SDRs from credit to members  Purchases in currencies and SDRs, including reserve tranche purchases  (9,599 Repurchases in currencies and SDRs  11,243	,465 535,924 ,416 2,258,252 — (2,226,000) ,434) (152,670) ,529) (78,897) ,000 128,456 ,587) (2,461) ,331 462,604 ,252) (2,253,628) — 2,679,049
Net income of the Special Disbursement Account Adjustments to reconcile net income to usable resources generated by operations Placement of profits from gold sales in the SDA Changes in receivables and other assets Changes in remuneration payable and other liabilities Allocation to the Special Contingent Account Unrealized gains on investments Net usable currencies and SDRs provided by operating activities  Vaable currencies and SDRs from investment activities Net acquisition of investments by the Special Disbursement Account (121 Sales of gold Net usable currencies and SDRs (used)/provided by investment activities  Usable currencies and SDRs from credit to members  Purchases in currencies and SDRs, including reserve tranche purchases (9,599 Repurchases in currencies and SDRs 11,243	,416 2,258,252  — (2,226,000) ,434) (152,670) ,529) (78,897) ,000 128,456 ,587) (2,461) ,331 462,604
Net income of the Special Disbursement Account Adjustments to reconcile net income to usable resources generated by operations Placement of profits from gold sales in the SDA Changes in receivables and other assets Changes in remuneration payable and other liabilities Allocation to the Special Contingent Account Unrealized gains on investments Net usable currencies and SDRs provided by operating activities  Vaable currencies and SDRs from investment activities Net acquisition of investments by the Special Disbursement Account (121 Sales of gold Net usable currencies and SDRs (used)/provided by investment activities  Usable currencies and SDRs from credit to members  Purchases in currencies and SDRs, including reserve tranche purchases (9,599 Repurchases in currencies and SDRs 11,243	,416 2,258,252  — (2,226,000) ,434) (152,670) ,529) (78,897) ,000 128,456 ,587) (2,461) ,331 462,604
Placement of profits from gold sales in the SDA Changes in receivables and other assets (153 Changes in remuneration payable and other liabilities (6 Allocation to the Special Contingent Account 94 Unrealized gains on investments (28 Net usable currencies and SDRs provided by operating activities 232  Usable currencies and SDRs from investment activities  Net acquisition of investments by the Special Disbursement Account (121 Sales of gold Net usable currencies and SDRs (used)/provided by investment activities (121)  Usable currencies and SDRs from credit to members  Purchases in currencies and SDRs, including reserve tranche purchases (9,599) Repurchases in currencies and SDRs 11,243	,434)     (152,670)       ,529)     (78,897)       ,000     128,456       ,587)     (2,461)       ,331     462,604
Changes in receivables and other assets (153 Changes in remuneration payable and other liabilities (6 Allocation to the Special Contingent Account 94 Unrealized gains on investments (28 Net usable currencies and SDRs provided by operating activities 232  Usable currencies and SDRs from investment activities  Net acquisition of investments by the Special Disbursement Account (121 Sales of gold Net usable currencies and SDRs (used)/provided by investment activities (121)  Usable currencies and SDRs from credit to members  Purchases in currencies and SDRs, including reserve tranche purchases (9,599) Repurchases in currencies and SDRs 11,243	,434)     (152,670)       ,529)     (78,897)       ,000     128,456       ,587)     (2,461)       ,331     462,604
Changes in remuneration payable and other liabilities (6 Allocation to the Special Contingent Account 94 Unrealized gains on investments (28 Net usable currencies and SDRs provided by operating activities 232  Usable currencies and SDRs from investment activities  Net acquisition of investments by the Special Disbursement Account (121 Sales of gold Net usable currencies and SDRs (used)/provided by investment activities (121)  Usable currencies and SDRs from credit to members  Purchases in currencies and SDRs, including reserve tranche purchases (9,599) Repurchases in currencies and SDRs 11,243	,529) (78,897) ,000 128,456 ,587) (2,461) ,331 462,604
Allocation to the Special Contingent Account 94 Unrealized gains on investments (28 Net usable currencies and SDRs provided by operating activities 232  Usable currencies and SDRs from investment activities  Net acquisition of investments by the Special Disbursement Account (121 Sales of gold Net usable currencies and SDRs (used)/provided by investment activities (121)  Usable currencies and SDRs from credit to members  Purchases in currencies and SDRs, including reserve tranche purchases (9,599) Repurchases in currencies and SDRs 11,243	,000 128,456 ,587) (2,461) ,331 462,604 ,252) (2,253,628)
Unrealized gains on investments	,587) (2,461) ,331 462,604 ,252) (2,253,628)
Net usable currencies and SDRs provided by operating activities  Usable currencies and SDRs from investment activities  Net acquisition of investments by the Special Disbursement Account (121 Sales of gold Investments and SDRs (used)/provided by investment activities (121)  Usable currencies and SDRs from credit to members  Purchases in currencies and SDRs, including reserve tranche purchases (9,599) Repurchases in currencies and SDRs 11,243	,252) (2,253,628)
Usable currencies and SDRs from investment activities  Net acquisition of investments by the Special Disbursement Account (121 Sales of gold  Net usable currencies and SDRs (used)/provided by investment activities (121)  Usable currencies and SDRs from credit to members  Purchases in currencies and SDRs, including reserve tranche purchases (9,599)  Repurchases in currencies and SDRs 11,243	,252) (2,253,628)
Net acquisition of investments by the Special Disbursement Account Sales of gold  Net usable currencies and SDRs (used)/provided by investment activities  Usable currencies and SDRs from credit to members  Purchases in currencies and SDRs, including reserve tranche purchases  (9,599) Repurchases in currencies and SDRs  11,243	
Sales of gold  Net usable currencies and SDRs (used)/provided by investment activities  Usable currencies and SDRs from credit to members  Purchases in currencies and SDRs, including reserve tranche purchases  (9,599) Repurchases in currencies and SDRs  11,243	
Sales of gold  Net usable currencies and SDRs (used)/provided by investment activities  Usable currencies and SDRs from credit to members  Purchases in currencies and SDRs, including reserve tranche purchases  (9,599) Repurchases in currencies and SDRs  11,243	
Usable currencies and SDRs from credit to members  Purchases in currencies and SDRs, including reserve tranche purchases (9,599) Repurchases in currencies and SDRs	
Purchases in currencies and SDRs, including reserve tranche purchases	,252) 425,421
Repurchases in currencies and SDRs	
Repurchases in currencies and SDRs	,529) (6,377,039)
Repayments of Structural Adjustment Facility loans	
	,112 165,968
Net usable currencies and SDRs from credit to members	,882 14,101,834
Usable currencies and SDRs from financing activities	
Subscription payments in SDRs and usable currencies	,500 1,966,700
	,228 8,726,696
	,689) (168,131)
Refunds of the second Special Contingent Account balances	- (1,000,000)
Net usable currencies and SDRs provided by financing activities	,039 9,525,265
Net increase in usable currencies and SDRs	,000 24,515,124
Usable currencies and SDRs, beginning of period	,000 21,010,124
Usable currencies and SDRs, end of period	

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

# General Department Notes to the Financial Statements as at April 30, 2001 and 2000

# 1. Purpose and Organization

The IMF is an international organization of 183 member countries. It was established, among other purposes, to promote international monetary cooperation and exchange stability and to maintain orderly exchange arrangements among members; to foster economic growth and high levels of employment; and to provide temporary financial assistance to countries under adequate safeguards to help ease balance of payments adjustment. The IMF conducts its operations and transactions through the General Department and the Special Drawing Rights Department (the SDR Department). The General Department consists of the General Resources Account (GRA), the Special Disbursement Account (SDA), and the Investment Account. The latter has never been activated. The IMF also administers trusts and accounts established to perform financial and technical services and financial operations consistent with the purposes of the IMF. The resources of these trusts and accounts are contributed by members and the IMF. The financial statements of the SDR Department and these trusts and accounts are presented separately.

### General Resources Account

The GRA holds the general resources of the IMF. Its resources reflect the receipt of quota subscriptions, use and repayment of IMF credit, collection of charges on the use of credit, payment of remuneration on creditor positions, borrowings, and payment of interest and repayment of borrowings.

# Special Disbursement Account

The assets and resources of the SDA are held separately from other accounts of the General Department. Resources of the SDA include transfers received from the Trust Fund, an account administered by the IMF, and part of the proceeds from the sales of the IMF's gold. Income from the investment of gold profits in the SDA is to be transferred, as needed, to the Poverty Reduction and Growth Facility—Heavily Indebted Poor Countries Trust (PRGF-HIPC Trust, formerly Enhanced Structural Adjustment Facility—Heavily Indebted Poor Countries or ESAF-HIPC Trust), in accordance with decisions of the IMF. The SDA also holds outstanding loans extended under the Structural Adjustment Facility (SAF), which was established in March 1986 to provide balance of payments assistance on concessional terms to qualifying low-income developing country members.

Assets that exceed the financing needs of the SDA, excluding investments arising from the sales of gold, are transferred to the Reserve Account of the Poverty Reduction and Growth Facility Trust (PRGF Trust, formerly Enhanced Structural Adjustment Facility Trust, or ESAF Trust), which is administered separately by the IMF as trustee.

# 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies Basis of Presentation

The financial statements of the IMF are prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standards (IAS). Specific accounting principles and disclosure practices are

explained further below. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IAS requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

In financial year 2001, the IMF elected early adoption of IAS 39, *Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement.* The adoption of IAS 39 had no material effect on the IMF's financial statements.

### Revenue and Expense Recognition

The financial statements are prepared on the accrual basis; accordingly, income is recognized as it is earned, and expenses are recorded as they are incurred.

### Unit of Account

The financial statements are expressed in terms of SDRs. The value of the SDR is determined by the IMF each day by summing the values in U.S. dollars, based on market exchange rates, of the currencies in the SDR valuation basket. The IMF reviews the SDR valuation basket every five years. The latest review was completed in October 2000, and the new composition of the SDR valuation basket became effective on January 1, 2001. The value of the SDR in terms of U.S. dollars on the last business day prior to the change (December 29, 2000) was identical under both valuation baskets. The currencies in the basket as of April 30, 2001 and 2000 and their amounts were as follows:

	Amount					
Currency	To December 31, 2000	From January 1, 2001				
Euro		0.426				
Euro (Germany)	0.228					
Euro (France)	0.1239					
Japanese yen	27.2	21.0				
Pound sterling	0.105	0.0984				
U.S. dollar	0.5821	0.577				

As of April 30, 2001, one SDR was equal to 1.26579 U.S. dollars (one SDR was equal to 1.31921 U.S. dollars as of April 30, 2000).

# Credit Outstanding

The IMF provides balance of payments assistance in accordance with established policies by selling to members, in exchange for their own currencies, SDRs or currencies of other members. When members make purchases, they incur obligations to repurchase the IMF's holdings of their currencies within specified periods by payments in SDRs or other currencies, as determined by the IMF. The IMF's policies on the use of its general resources are intended to ensure that their use is temporary and will be reversed within agreed-upon repurchase periods.

A member is entitled to repurchase, at any time, the IMF's holdings of its currency on which charges are levied and is expected to make repurchases as and when its balance of payments and reserve position improve.

# Overdue Obligations and the First Special Contingent Account

It is the policy of the IMF to exclude from current income, charges due by members that are six months or more overdue in meeting payments to the IMF, unless these members are current in the payment of charges.

Debtor and creditor members share equally the financial consequences of overdue obligations under a mechanism referred to as burden sharing. The IMF generates compensating income equal to unpaid and deferred charges, excluding special charges, by adjusting the rates of charge and remuneration. Members that have borne the financial consequences of overdue charges will receive refunds only to the extent that overdue charges that had given rise to burden sharing adjustments are settled, and these amounts are therefore not presented as liabilities. In view of protracted overdue repurchase obligations, the IMF also accumulates precautionary balances in the first Special Contingent Account (SCA-1). Allocations to the SCA-1 are financed by further adjustments to the rates of charge and remuneration (see Note 10).

### Currencies

Currencies consist of members' currencies and securities held by the IMF. Each member has the option to substitute nonnegotiable and non-interest-bearing securities for the IMF's holdings of its currency that exceeds ¼ of 1 percent of the member's quota. These securities are encashable by the IMF on demand.

Each member is required to pay to the IMF its initial quota and subsequent quota increases partly in its own currency, with the remainder to be paid in usable currencies or SDRs. One exception was the quota increase of 1978, which was paid entirely in members' own currencies.

# **Usable Currencies**

Usable currencies consist of currencies of members considered by the IMF to have strong balance of payment and reserve positions. These currencies are included in the IMF's financial transactions plan to finance purchases and other transfers of the IMF. Participation in the financial transactions plan is reviewed on a quarterly basis.

# Valuation of Currencies

Currencies, including securities, are valued in terms of the SDR on the basis of the currency/SDR exchange rate determined for each currency. Securities are not marketable, but can be converted into cash on demand. Each member is obligated to maintain, in terms of the SDR, the SDR value of the balances of its currency held by the IMF in the GRA. This requirement is referred to as the maintenance-of-value obligation. Whenever the IMF revalues its holdings of a member's currency, a receivable or a payable is established for the amount required to maintain the SDR value of the IMF's holdings of that currency. The currency balances in the balance sheet include these receivables and payables. All currencies were revalued in terms of the SDR on April 30, 2001 and 2000.

# SDR Holdings

Although SDRs are not allocated to the IMF, the IMF may acquire, hold, and dispose of SDRs through the GRA. The IMF receives SDRs from members in the settlement of their financial obligations to the IMF and uses SDRs in transactions and operations with members. The IMF earns interest on its SDR holdings at the same rate as all other holders of SDRs.

### SDR Interest Rate

The SDR interest rate is determined weekly by reference to a combined market interest rate, which is a weighted average of yields on short-term instruments in the capital markets of France, Germany, Japan, the United Kingdom, and the United States.

# Gold Holdings

The Articles of Agreement limit the use of gold in the IMF's operations and transactions. Any use provided for in the Articles requires a decision supported by an 85 percent majority of the total voting power. In accordance with the provisions of the Articles, whenever the IMF sells gold held on the date of the Second Amendment of the IMF's Articles of Agreement (April 1, 1978), the portion of the proceeds equivalent at the time of sale to one SDR per 0.888671 gram of fine gold, which is equal to SDR 35 per fine troy ounce, must be placed in the GRA. Any excess over this value will be held in the SDA or transferred to the Investment Account. The IMF may also sell gold held on the date of the Second Amendment to those members that were members on August 31, 1975, in proportion to their quotas on that date, in exchange for their own currencies, at a price equivalent at the time of sale to one SDR per 0.888671 gram of fine gold.

The IMF values its gold holdings at historical cost using the specific identification method (see Note 5).

### SAF Loans in the Special Disbursement Account

SAF loans in the SDA are valued at historical cost. Allowances for loan losses would be established if and when the IMF expects to incur a loss; no losses have been incurred in the past, and it is the current expectation that no losses will be incurred in the future.

# Investments in the Special Disbursement Account

The resources of the SDA are invested pending their use. Investments are made in debt securities, medium-term instruments which are fixed-income securities, and fixed-term deposits, either directly or by participation in an investment pool. Investments are marked to fair value on the last business day of the accounting period. Purchases are valued and reflected on the trade date basis and sales are based on the actual settlement date valuations. Investment income comprises interest earned on investments, realized and unrealized gains and losses on investments, and currency valuation differences arising from exchange rate movements against the SDR.

Interest rate risk is managed by limiting the investment portfolio to a weighted average effective duration that does not exceed three years. Currency risk is minimized by investing in securities denominated in SDRs or in the constituent currencies of the SDR valuation basket. Risk is further minimized by ensuring that the currency composition of the

investment portfolio matches, as closely as possible, the currency composition of the SDR valuation basket.

### Fixed Assets

Fixed assets with a cost in excess of a threshold amount are capitalized at cost. Buildings and equipment are depreciated using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets, which range from 3 years for equipment to 30 years for buildings.

### Quotas

Each member is assigned a quota that forms the basis of its financial and organizational relationship with the IMF. A member's quota is related to, but not strictly determined by, economic factors such as national income, the value of external trade and payments, and the level of official reserves. Quotas determine members' subscriptions to the IMF, their relative voting power, access to financing, and their share in SDR allocations.

### Reserve Tranche Position

A member has a reserve tranche in the IMF when the IMF's holdings of its currency, excluding holdings that reflect the member's use of IMF credit, are less than the member's quota. A member's reserve tranche is considered a part of the member's external reserves and it may draw on the reserve tranche at any time when it represents that it has a need. Reserve tranche purchases are not considered a use of IMF credit and are not subject to repurchase obligations or charges.

### Reserves

The IMF determines annually what part of its net income will be retained and placed to the General Reserve or the Special Reserve, and what part, if any, will be distributed. The Articles of Agreement permit the IMF to use the Special Reserve for any purpose for which it may use the General Reserve, except distribution. After meeting the expenses of conducting the PRGF Trust, net operational income generated from the use of resources under the Supplemental Reserve Facility (SRF) has been transferred to the General Reserve. All other income has been transferred to the Special Reserve.

# Charges

The IMF levies periodic charges on members' use of IMF credit. The rate of charge is set as a proportion of the SDR interest rate. For financial year 2001, the basic rate of charge after the retroactive reduction in charges was 113.7 percent (113.5 percent during financial year ended April 30, 2000) of the SDR interest rate. The basic rate of charge is increased to offset the effect on the IMF's income of the deferral of unpaid charges and to finance the additions to the SCA-1. The average adjusted rate of charge before applicable surcharges for financial year 2001 was 5.26 percent (for financial year 2000 the average rate was 4.34 percent). A surcharge progressing from 150 to 500 basis points above the rate of charge applies to use of credit under the SRF and the Contingent Credit Lines (CCL). In addition, credit out-

standing in excess of 200 percent of quota, resulting from purchases after November 28, 2000 (other than those under the SRF and CCL), is subject to a surcharge of 100–200 basis points. Special charges are levied on members' currency holdings that are not repurchased when due and on overdue charges. Special charges do not apply to members that are six months or more overdue to the IMF. A service charge is levied by the IMF on all purchases, except reserve tranche purchases. A refundable commitment fee is charged on Stand-By and Extended Arrangements. At the expiration or cancellation of an arrangement, the unrefunded portion of the commitment fee is taken into income.

### Remuneration

The IMF pays interest, referred to as remuneration, on a member's reserve tranche position. The rate of remuneration is equal to the SDR interest rate, adjusted downward to finance a share of the nonpayment of charges and additions to the SCA-1. The average adjusted rate of remuneration for the financial year ended April 30, 2001 was 4.30 percent (3.50 percent for the financial year 2000). A portion of the reserve tranche is unremunerated and is equal to 25 percent of the member's quota on April 1, 1978—that part of the quota that was paid in gold prior to the Second Amendment of the Fund's Articles. For a member that joined the Fund after that date, the unremunerated reserve tranche is the same percentage of its initial quota as the average unremunerated reserve tranche was as a percentage of the quotas of all other members when the new member joined the Fund. The unremunerated reserve tranche remains fixed for each member in nominal terms, but because of subsequent quota increases, it is now significantly lower when expressed as a percentage of quota. The average is equal to 3.8 percent of quota at April 30, 2001 and 2000, but the actual percentage is different for each member.

# Pension and Other Post-Retirement Obligations

The IMF operates two defined-benefit pension plans and provides post-retirement benefits to retired staff. In financial year 2000, the IMF adopted International Accounting Standard 19 on employee benefits. The cumulative effect of the accounting change resulted in a transitional gain of SDR 268 million that was recognized as part of net income for the year ended April 30, 2000 and included in other assets.

The pension plans are funded by payments from the staff and the IMF, taking into account the recommendations of independent actuaries. Assets of the plans are held in separate trustee-managed funds and are measured at fair value as of the balance sheet date. Pension obligations are measured using the Projected Unit Credit Method, which measures the present value of the estimated future cash outflows, using interest rates of government securities that have maturities approximating the terms of the pension liabilities.

The assets set aside for the provision of post-retirement benefits are held in an investment account administered by the IMF. This account is funded by contributions from the IMF. The expected costs of the post-retirement medical and life insurance benefits are accrued over the period of employment using the Projected Unit Credit Method. Valuations of these obligations are carried out by independent actuaries.

# **Comparatives**

When necessary, comparative figures have been reclassified to conform with changes in the presentation of the current year.

# 3. Credit Outstanding

Changes in the outstanding use of IMF credit under the various facilities of the GRA during the years ended April 30, 2001 and 2000 were as follows:

	April 30, 1999	Purchases	Repur- chases	April 30 2000	Purchases	Repur- chases	April 30, 2001
			In	millions of S	SDRs		
Regular facilities	24,534	4,480	(8,046)	20,968	4,396	(8,658)	16,706
Extended Fund Facility	15,800	1,594	(1,033)	16,361	1,013	(1,417)	15,957
Supplemental Reserve Facility	12,655	_	(12,655)	_	4,085	_	4,085
Systemic Transformation Facility	3,364	_	(646)	2,718	_	(785)	1,933
Enlarged Access	1,306	_	(554)	752	_	(322)	430
Compensatory and Contingency Financing Facility	2,845	237	(50)	3,032	_	(40)	2,992
Supplementary	2,013	207	(50)	5,052		(40)	2,772
Financing Facility	146		(9)	137		(21)	116
Total credit outstanding	60,650	6,311	(22,993)	43,968	9,494	(11,243)	42,219

The Federal Republic of Yugoslavia (Serbia/Montenegro) notified the IMF in January 1993 that it agreed to its share in the assets and liabilities of the former Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia (SFRY) in the IMF. On December 20, 2000, the IMF's Executive Board concluded that the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia (Serbia/Montenegro) is able to fulfill its obligations under the Articles of Agreement and therefore succeeds to the membership in the IMF of the former SFRY, effective December 14, 1992. Credit outstanding with respect to the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia (Serbia/Montenegro) amounted to SDR 56 million as of April 30, 2000 and was included as a receivable in the balance sheet.

As of April 30, 2001 and 2000, SDA loans and interest receivable computed at 0.5 percent a year, consisted of the following:

	2001	2000
	In million	is of SDRs
Structural Adjustment		
Facility loans	432	511
Interest accrued	8	8
Less: interest deferred	(7)	_(7)
	433	<u>512</u>

Scheduled repurchase obligations in the GRA and repayments of SAF loans in the SDA are summarized below:

Financial Year Ending April 30	General Resources Account	Special Disbursement Account
	In millio	ns of SDRs
2002	8,859	91
2003	11,853	62
2004	7,603	51
2005	5,225	40
2006	2,697	37
2007 and beyond	5,117	_
Overdue	865	152
Total	42,219	433
	=======	====

As of April 30, 2001 and 2000, use of credit in the GRA by the largest users was as follows:

	2001	2000
		Rs and as a percent redit outstanding
Largest user of credit	8,546 20.2%	10,159 23.1%
Three largest users of credit	22,308 52.8%	22,348 50.8%
Five largest users of credit	28,728 68.0%	28,127 64.0%

# Overdue Obligations

At April 30, 2001, six members (as of April 30, 2000, six members and the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia (Serbia/Montenegro)) were six months or more overdue in settling their financial obligations to the IMF. Four of these members were overdue to the General Department.

GRA repurchases, GRA charges, SAF loan repayments, and SAF interest that are six or more months overdue in the General Department were as follows:

Repurchases and SAF Loans			es and nterest
2001	2000	2001	2000
	In million	s of SDR	s
1,011	1,114	1,017	988
1,011	1,114	992	967
985	1,063	886	852
	2001 1,011 1,011	and SAF Loans 2001 2000  In million 1,011 1,114 1,011 1,114	2001 2000 2001 In millions of SDR 1,011 1,114 1,017 1,011 1,114 992

The type and duration of these arrears as of April 30, 2001, were as follows:

]	Repurchases and SAF Loans	and SAF		Longest Overdue Obligation
		In millio	ns of SDRs	
Congo, Democratic	:			
Republic of	300	76	376	May 1991
Liberia	201	232	433	April 1985
Somalia	106	88	194	July 1987
Sudan	404	621	1,025	July 1985
Total	1,011	1,017	2,028	

# 4. Currencies

Changes in the IMF's holdings of members' currencies for the years ended April 30, 2001 and 2000 were as follows:

			April 30, 2000		
		In n	nillions of S.	DRs	
Members' quotas	207,983	2,268	210,251	2,164	212,415
Members' outstandin use of IMF credit	O	(1 < <00)	42.012	(1.604)	
in the GRA	60,595	(16,682)	43,913	(1,694)	42,219
Members' reserve tranche positions in the GRA	(63,610)	14,738	(48,872)	2,139	(46,733)
Administrative currency balances	(2)	(1)	(3)	6	3
Currencies	204,966	323	205,289	2,615	207,904

Receivables and payables arising from valuation adjustments at April 30, 2001, when all holdings of currencies of members were last revalued, amounted to SDR 14,736 million and SDR 3,886 million, respectively (SDR 13,617

million and SDR 3,757 million, respectively, at April 30, 2000). Settlements of these receivables or payables are required to be made promptly after the end of each financial year.

Other currency holdings, other than those resulting from the use of credit or usable currencies, amounted to SDR 56,031 million (SDR 55,876 million as of April 30, 2000); of this amount SDR 33,129 million (SDR 39,459 million as of April 30, 2000) represents currencies of members that use IMF credit.

# 5. Gold Holdings

During the financial year ended April 30, 2000, the IMF sold 12,944,253 fine ounces of gold at market prices to two members with repurchase obligations falling due to the IMF. The same amount of gold, also valued at market price, was accepted in settlement of repurchase obligations. Proceeds in excess of the carrying value of gold, amounting to SDR 2,226 million, were placed in the SDA and subsequently invested. Income from investments will be transferred on an "as needed" basis to a separate subaccount of the PRGF-HIPC Trust to finance the HIPC initiative.

At April 30, 2001 and April 30, 2000, the IMF held 3,217,341 kilograms of gold, equal to 103,439,916 fine ounces of gold, at designated depositories. As of April 30, 2001, the value of the IMF's holdings of gold calculated at the market price was SDR 21.5 billion (SDR 21.6 billion at April 30, 2000).

# 6. Interest and Charges

As of April 30, 2001, the total holdings on which the IMF levies charges amounted to SDR 42,219 million (SDR 43,968 million as of April 30, 2000). Charges and other receivables due to the IMF as of April 30, 2001 and April 30, 2000 were as follows:

_	2001	2000
	In millio	ns of SDRs
Periodic charges	1,560	1,599
Less: deferred income	(1,020)	(994)
	540	605
Other receivables	22	83
Receivables	562	688

Periodic charges for the years ended April 30, 2001 and 2000 consisted of the following:

	2001	2000
	In million	ns of SDRs
Periodic charges  Add: adjustments for deferred charges, net of refunds, and	2,174	2,451
for contributions to the SCA-1  Less: income deferred,	60	82
net of settlements Total periodic charges	$\frac{(27)}{2,207}$	$\frac{(34)}{2,499}$

# 7. Fixed Assets

Other assets include capital assets, which at April 30, 2001 and 2000 amounted to SDR 223 million and SDR 224 million, respectively, and consisted of:

	2001	2000
	In millions	of SDRs
Land and buildings	307	302
Equipment	46	40
Total fixed assets	353	342
Less: accumulated depreciation	(130)	(118)
Net fixed assets	223	224

# 8. Investments of the Special Disbursement Account

As at April 30, the investments consisted of the following:

	2001	2000
	In million	s of SDRs
Medium-term instruments	1,611	1,508
Debt securities	791	592
Fixed-term deposits	4	156
Total	2,406	2,256

As at April 30, the maturity profile of the investments is summarized below:

	2001	2000
	In million	s of SDRs
Less than 1 year	39	166
1–3 years	2,247	1,910
3–5 years	117	171
Over 5 years	3	9
Total	2,406	2,256

Investment income for the years ended April 30 included the following:

	2001	2000
	In millions	of SDRs
Interest income	110	28
Realized gains	11	_
Unrealized gains	29	2
Total income	150	30

# 9. Remuneration and Financing Costs

At April 30, 2001, total creditor positions on which the IMF paid remuneration amounted to SDR 40,176 million (SDR 42,339 million at April 30, 2000). Remuneration and financing costs for the years ended April 30, 2001 and 2000 consisted of the following:

onsisted of the following.	2001	2000
	In million	s of SDRs
Remuneration	1,794	1,848
Less: adjustments for deferred charges net of refunds, and for		
contributions to the SCA-1	(60)	(80)
	1,734	1,768
Financing costs related to borrowing under the New Arrangements		
to Borrow (Note 11)	=	59
	1,734	1,827

# 10. Deferred Income and the Special Contingent Accounts

The SCA-1 is financed by quarterly adjustments to the rate of charge and the rate of remuneration. Balances in the SCA-1 are to be distributed to the members that shared the cost of its financing when there are no outstanding overdue repurchases and charges, or at such earlier time as the IMF may decide. At April 30, 2001, the balances held in the SCA-1 amounted to SDR 1,213 million (SDR 1,119 million at April 30, 2000).

The second Special Contingent Account (SCA-2) was established on July 1, 1990 to accumulate SDR 1.0 billion through further adjustments to the rate of charge and the rate of remuneration. The SCA-2 was terminated during the year ended April 30, 2000, and the balances in the account were distributed in accordance with instructions received from members who contributed to its financing.

Cumulative charges, net of settlements, that have been deferred since May 1, 1986 and have resulted in adjustments to charges and remuneration amounted to SDR 832 million at April 30, 2001 (SDR 805 million at April 30, 2000). The cumulative refunds for the same period, resulting from the settlements of deferred charges for which burden-sharing adjustments have been made, amounted to SDR 993 million (SDR 971 million at April 30, 2000).

# 11. Borrowings

Under the General Arrangements to Borrow (GAB), the IMF may borrow up to SDR 18.5 billion when supplementary resources are needed, in particular, to forestall or to cope with an impairment of the international monetary system. The GAB became effective on October 24, 1962, and has been extended through December 25, 2003. Interest on borrowings under the GAB is calculated at a rate equal to the SDR interest rate.

Under the New Arrangements to Borrow (NAB), the IMF may borrow up to SDR 34 billion of supplementary resources. The NAB is the facility of first and principal recourse, but it does not replace the GAB, which will remain in force. Outstanding drawings and commitments under these two borrowing arrangements are limited to a combined total of SDR 34 billion. The NAB became effective for a fiveyear period on November 17, 1998 and was activated on December 2, 1998. Interest on borrowings under the NAB is payable to the participants at the SDR interest rate or any such higher rate as may be agreed between the IMF and participants representing 80 percent of the total credit arrangement. Interest in connection with the December 2, 1998 activation was set at the SDR interest rate plus 100 basis points for the first year, increased by 16.7 basis points for each six-month period thereafter up to a maximum increase of 66.7 basis points. As a condition for that activation of the NAB, the IMF was required to transfer to the PRGF-HIPC Trust an amount equal to 100 basis points on outstanding SRF purchases under the arrangement that was originally financed by the NAB for the first year, augmented by 16.7 basis points for each six-month period thereafter up to a maximum increase of 66.7 basis points.

# 12. Arrangements and Commitments in the General Department

An arrangement is a decision of the IMF that gives a member the assurance that the IMF stands ready to provide SDRs or usable currencies during a specified period and up to a specified amount, in accordance with the terms of the arrangement. At April 30, 2001, the undrawn balances under the 25 arrangements that were in effect in the GRA amounted to SDR 22,316 million (SDR 25,567 million under 27 arrangements at April 30, 2000).

The IMF has committed to lease commercial office space through 2005. Expenditures totaling SDR 45 million will be incurred over this five-year period.

# 13. Administrative Expenses

The administrative expenses for the years ended April 30, 2001 and 2000 were as follows:

	2001	2000
	In million	s of SDRs
Personnel	212	300
Travel	69	62
Other	106	89
Less: reimbursements for		
the administration		
of the SDR Department	(2)	(3)
Total administrative expenses,		
net of reimbursements	385	448

The majority of these expenses are incurred in U.S. dollars; exchange gains and losses incurred in the normal course of business are reflected in administrative expenses and are not significant.

The GRA is reimbursed for the cost of administering the SDR Department.

The GRA is to be reimbursed annually for expenses incurred in administering the SDA and the PRGF Trust. Following the establishment of the SRF and CCL and the consequent increase in net operational income, the Executive Board decided to forgo reimbursement of the expenses incurred in administering the PRGF Trust for financial years 2001 and 2000 and to transfer the amounts that would otherwise have been reimbursed to the GRA from the PRGF Trust Reserve Account, through the SDA, to the PRGF-HIPC Trust. These transfers amounted to SDR 55 million for financial year 2001 (SDR 46 million for financial year 2000) and have been included under transfer to the PRGF-HIPC Trust in the statement of changes in resources.

# 14. Pension and Other Post-Retirement Benefits

The IMF has a defined-benefit Staff Retirement Plan (SRP) that covers substantially all eligible staff and a Supplemental Retirement Benefits Plan (SRBP) for selected participants of the SRP. Participants contribute a fixed percentage of their pensionable remuneration. The IMF contributes the remainder of the cost of funding the plans and pays certain administrative costs of the plans. In addition, the IMF provides other employment and post-retirement benefits, including medical and life insurance benefits. In 1995, the IMF established a separate account, the Retired Staff Benefits Investment Account (RSBIA), to hold and invest resources set aside to fund the cost of these employment benefits.

On March 23, 2001, the RSBIA was amended to include the funding and administration of all existing long-term benefits, other than pension benefits for regular staff, including separation and repatriation benefits, accrued annual leave up to 60 days, payments in lieu of pension for contractual employees, and associated tax allowances.

The obligations of the SRP, SRBP, and RSBIA are valued by independent actuaries every year using the Projected Unit Credit Method. The latest actuarial valuations were carried out as at April 30, 2001. The key assumptions used are as shown below. The present value of the defined benefit obligation and current service cost was calculated using the Projected Unit Credit Method.

Amounts recognized in the balance sheets are as follows:

	2001	2000
	In million	s of SDRs
Fair value of plan assets Present value of the defined	3,200	3,304
benefit obligation	(2,538)	(2,284)
Unrecognized actuarial gains	(231)	(797)
Net balance sheet asset	431	223

### Movement in the net balance sheets asset:

	2001	2000
	In million	s of SDRs
Net balance sheet asset, beginning of year	223	(56)
Reclassification of related liability Income recognized in income		_
statement	90	247
Contributions paid	124	32
Net balance sheet asset, end of year	<u>431</u>	<u>223</u>

The amounts recognized in the income statements are as follows:

<u>-</u>	2001	2000
	In million	s of SDRs
Current service cost	90	72
Interest cost	184	169
Expected return on assets	(321)	(220)
Amortization of actuarial gain	(43)	_
Effect of adopting IAS 19 (gai	n) —	(268)
Total gain recognized	<del></del>	<del></del>
in income statement	(90)	(247)
Actual return on assets	(315)	656

# Principal actuarial assumptions used:

	2000	
In j	In percent	
7.5	8.0	
9.3	9.3	
6.6-11.0	6.6-11.0	
es at:		
8.5	8.5	
	7.5 9.3 6.6–11.0	

Schedule 1

# Quotas, IMF's Holdings of Currencies, Reserve Tranche Positions, and Members' Use of Resources as at April 30, 2001

	G	eneral Resou	rces Accou	nt					
		IMF's l	oldings				Use of Res	ources	
		of curi	encies1	Reserve	GR	A		PRGF	
			Percent	tranche	Amount	Percent	SDA <sup>2</sup>	Trust <sup>3</sup>	Total <sup>4</sup>
Member	Quota	Total	of quota	position	(A	.)	+ (B)	+ (C)	= (D)
Afghanistan, Islamic State of	120,400	115,488	95.9	4,928	_	_	_	_	_
Albania	48,700	53,072	109.0	3,355	7,722	0.02	_	60,948	68,670
Algeria	1,254,700	2,467,036	196.6	85,082	1,297,413	3.07	_	_	1,297,413
Angola	286,300	286,445	100.1	´ —	, , , <u> </u>	_	_	_	, , , <u> </u>
Antigua and Barbuda	13,500	13,499	100.0	1	_	_	_	_	_
Argentina	2,117,100	7,836,466	370.2	_	5,719,337	13.55	_	_	5,719,337
Armenia, Republic of	92,000	115,911	126.0	_	23,906	0.06	_	109,350	133,256
Australia	3,236,400	2,291,190	70.8	945,275		_	_		
Austria	1,872,300	1,323,455	70.7	548,828	_	_	_	_	_
Azerbaijan	160,900	323,544	201.1	10	162,644	0.39	_	81,900	244,544
Bahamas, The	130,300	124,065	95.2	6,239	_	_	_	_	_
Bahrain	135,000	69,451	51.4	65,558	<del>-</del>	_	_		
Bangladesh	533,300	631,244	118.4	186	98,125	0.23	_	54,562	152,687
Barbados	67,500	62,827	93.1	4,675	75.042	- 0.10	_	_	75.042
Belarus, Republic of	386,400	462,342	119.7	20	75,942	0.18	_	_	75,942
Belgium	4,605,200	3,253,986	70.7	1,351,219	_	_	_	_	_
Belize	18,800	14,562	77.5	4,239	_	_	_	_	<u> </u>
Benin	61,900	59,721	96.5	2,188	_	_	4,089	60,938	65,027
Bhutan	6,300	5,280	83.8	1,020	_	_	_		
Bolivia	171,500	162,638	94.8	8,875	_	_	_	165,134	165,134
Bosnia and Herzegovina	169,100	249,535	147.6	17.971	80,430	0.19	_	_	80,430
Botswana Brazil	63,000 3,036,100	45,139	71.6 144.7	17,871	1 256 750	3.21	_	_	1 256 750
Brunei Darussalam	150,000	4,393,547 114,727	76.5	35,285	1,356,750	3.21			1,356,750
Bulgaria	640,200	1,582,358	247.2	32,742	974,887	2.31	_	_	974,887
Burkina Faso	60,200	52,984	88.0	7,221		_	9,796	78,578	88,374
Burundi	77,000	71,141	92.4	5,860	_	_	<i>7,770</i>	5,376	5,376
Cambodia	87,500	90,105	103.0		2,604	0.01	_	58,671	61,275
Cameroon	185,700	185,183	99.7	521	´ —	_	_	178,040	178,040
Canada	6,369,200	4,497,156	70.6	1,872,067	_	_	_	_	· —
Cape Verde	9,600	9,598	100.0	2	_	_	_	_	_
Central African Republic	55,700	55,595	99.8	111	_	_	_	24,480	24,480
Chad	56,000	55,719	99.5	282	_	_	_	59,134	59,134
Chile	856,100	597,429	69.8	258,671	_	_	_	_	_
China	6,369,200	4,588,153	72.0	1,781,093	_	_	_	_	_
Colombia	774,000	488,202	63.1	285,803	_	_	_	_	_
Comoros	8,900	8,362	94.0	540	_	_	900	_	900
Congo, Democratic									
Republic of	291,000	448,109	154.0		157,109	0.37	142,910		300,019
Congo, Republic of Costa Rica	84,600 164,100	101,893	120.4	536	17,815	0.04	_	13,896	31,711
		144,113	87.8	20,000	_	_	_		
Côte d'Ivoire	325,200	324,910	99.9	294			_	415,659	415,659
Croatia, Republic of	365,100	475,473	130.2	159	110,530	0.26	_	_	110,530
Cyprus Czech Republic	139,600 819,300	104,240 786,708	74.7	35,369	_		_	_	_
Denmark	1,642,800	1,179,988	96.0 71.8	32,601 462,816		_		_	
2 cimiun	1,012,000	1,1/7,700	, 1.0	102,010				_	

Schedule 1 (continued)

	G	eneral Resou	rces Accou	nt					
		IMF's l	oldings				Use of Res		
		of curi	encies1	Reserve	GR	A		PRGF	
			Percent	tranche	Amount	Percent	SDA <sup>2</sup>	Trust <sup>3</sup>	Total <sup>4</sup>
Member	Quota	Total	of quota	position	(A	<b>L</b> )	+ (B)	+ (C)	= (D)
Djibouti	15,900	18,785	118.1	1,100	3,985	0.01	_	5,452	9,437
Dominica	8,200	8,192	99.9	9	3,763	0.01		3,432	
Dominican Republic	218,900	258,599	118.1	3	39,700	0.09	_	_	39,700
Ecuador	302,300	398,495	131.8	17,153	113,346	0.27	_	_	113,346
Egypt	943,700	823,643	87.3	120,075	´ —	_	_	_	´ —
El Salvador	171,300	171,303	100.0					_	
Equatorial Guinea	32,600	32,609	100.0		_	_	2,727	770	3,497
Eritrea	15,900	15,900	100.0	5		_	2,727	770	J,±//
Estonia, Republic of	65,200	77,789	119.3	6	12,594	0.03	_	_	12,594
Ethiopia	133,700	126,587	94.7	7,123		_	26,842	46,871	73,713
Fiji	70,300	55,335	78.7	14,983					
Finland	1,263,800	914,539	72.4	349,274		_			
France	10,738,500	7,533,294	70.2	3,205,268	_	_	_	_	_
Gabon	154,300	222,521	144.2	158	68,375	0.16	_	_	68,375
Gambia, The	31,100	29,618	95.2	1,485	_	_	_	13,832	13,832
Coordia	150,300	189,613	126.2	10	39,313	0.09		190,050	220 262
Georgia Germany	13,008,200	9,019,850	69.3	3,988,357	39,313	0.09		190,030	229,363
Ghana	369,000	369,004	100.0	5,766,557				214,912	214,912
Greece	823,000	576,958	70.1	246,044	_	_	_	_	
Grenada	11,700	11,701	100.0	_	_	_	_	_	_
Guatemala	210,200	210,206	100.0						
Guinea	107,100	107,026	99.9	— 75	_	_	_	93,627	93,627
Guinea-Bissau	14,200	17,750	125.0	5		0.01	_	15,265	18,815
Guyana	90,900	90,902	100.0	_		_	8,118	79,336	87,454
Haiti	60,700	75,821	124.9	56	15,175	0.04	_	15,175	30,350
Honduras	129,500	168,374	130.0	8,627	47,500	0.11		115,880	163,380
Hungary	1,038,400	819,047	78.9	219,354	47,500	0.11	_	115,660	105,560
Iceland	117,600	99,023	84.2	18,580	_	_	_	_	_
India	4,158,200	3,669,604	88.2	488,641	_	_	_	_	_
Indonesia	2,079,300	9,976,608	479.8	145,479	8,042,786	19.05	_	_	8,042,786
Iran, Islamic Republic of	1,497,200	1,497,204	100.0	_	_	_	_	_	_
Iraq	504,000	504,013	100.0						
Ireland	838,400	599,839	71.5	238,578	_	_	_	_	_
Israel	928,200	838,295	90.3	89,911	_	_	_	_	_
Italy	7,055,500	5,007,022	71.0	2,048,479	_	_	_	_	_
Jamaica	273,500	317,008	115.9	_	43,458	0.1	_	_	43,458
Japan	13,312,800	9,435,469	70.9	3,877,863	- 15,156	_	_	_	
Jordan	170,500	513,694	301.3	52	343,243	0.81	_	_	343,243
Kazakhstan, Republic of	365,700	365,700	100.0	5	´ —	_	_	_	´ —
Kenya	271,400	258,928	95.4	12,475	_	_	_	93,709	93,709
Kiribati	5,600	5,601	100.0	_	_	_	_	_	_
Korea	1,633,600	3,349,129	205.0	208,658	1,924,180	4.56	_	_	1,924,180
Kuwait	1,381,100	993,772	72.0	387,329	, ,	_	_	_	
Kyrgyz Republic	88,800	102,238	115.1	5	13,438	0.03	_	127,164	140,602
Lao People's Democratic									
Republic	52,900	52,900	100.0	_	_	_	1,758	33,269	35,027
Latvia, Republic of	126,800	151,546	119.5	55	24,781	0.06	_	_	24,781
Lebanon	203,000	184,168	90.7	18,833	_	_	_	_	_
Lesotho	34,900	31,365	89.9	3,539	_	_	_	10,446	10,446
Liberia	71,300	272,424	382.1	28	201,143	0.48	_	_	224,224
Libya	1,123,700	728,206	64.8	395,505	_	_	_	_	_
Lithuania, Republic of	144,200	281,755	195.4	16	137,569	0.33	_	_	137,569
Luxembourg	279,100	210,831	75.5	68,296	_	_	_	_	_
Macedonia, former Yugoslav									
Republic of	68,900	99,943	145.1	_	31,041	0.07	_	29,004	60,045

Schedule 1 (continued)

	G	eneral Resou	rces Accou	nt					
		IMF's l	oldings				Use of Re	sources	
		of curr	encies1	Reserve	GR	A		PRGF	
			Percent	tranche	Amount	Percent	SDA <sup>2</sup>	Trust <sup>3</sup>	Total <sup>4</sup>
Member	Quota	Total	of quota	position	(A	)	+ (B)	+ (C)	= (D)
Madagascar	122,200	122,174	100.0	27	_	_	_	90,027	90,027
Malawi	69,400	67,166	96.8	2,236	_	_	_	60,543	60,543
Malaysia	1,486,600	878,450	59.1	608,156	_	_	_	_	_
Maldives	8,200	6,646	81.0	1,554	_	_		<del>-</del>	
Mali	93,300	84,468	90.5	8,835	_	_	4,064	123,760	127,824
Malta Marshall Islands	102,000 2,500	61,746 2,500	60.5 100.0	40,260 1	_		_	_	_
	64,400		100.0	_			1 264	76 102	77.467
Mauritania Mauritius	101,600	64,406 87,138	85.8	14,474	_	_	1,364	76,103	77,467
Mexico	2,585,800	2,585,468	100.0	341	_	_	_	_	_
Micronesia, Federated	, ,	,,							
States of	5,100	5,100	100.0	1	_	_	_	_	_
Moldova, Republic of	123,200	229,450	186.2	5	106,250	0.25	_	18,480	124,730
Mongolia	51,100	51,062	99.9	42	_	_	_	37,657	37,657
Morocco	588,200	517,761	88.0	70,441	_	_	_	_	_
Mozambique	113,600	113,600	100.0	7	_	_	_	163,890	163,890
Myanmar Namibia	258,400 136,500	258,402 136,463	100.0 100.0	37					
								_	_
Nepal	71,300	65,557	91.9	5,746	_	_	_	7,833	7,833
Netherlands New Zealand	5,162,400 894,600	3,606,395 643,209	69.9 71.9	1,556,021 251,395	_	_	_	_	_
Nicaragua	130,000	130,010	100.0	231,373	_			129,334	129,334
Niger	65,800	57,240	87.0	8,561	_	_	_	56,760	56,760
Nigeria	1,753,200	1,753,122	100.0	143	_	_	_	_	_
Norway	1,671,700	1,194,631	71.5	477,094	_	_	_	_	_
Oman	194,000	138,395	71.3	55,672	_	_	_	_	_
Pakistan	1,033,700	1,867,475	180.7	114	833,887	1.98	21,852	375,800	1,231,539
Palau	3,100	3,100	100.0	1	_	_	_	_	_
Panama	206,600	251,839	121.9	11,860	57,088	0.14	_	_	57,088
Papua New Guinea	131,600	198,754	151.0	260	67,405	0.16	_	_	67,405
Paraguay	99,900	78,428	78.5	21,475	274 720		_	_	274 720
Peru Philippines	638,400 879,900	1,013,162 2,352,031	158.7 267.3	87,104	374,729 1,559,222	0.89 3.69			374,729 1,559,222
					1,557,222	3.07			1,337,222
Poland, Republic of Portugal	1,369,000 867,400	1,146,244 622,118	83.7 71.7	222,756 245,284	_	_	_	_	_
Qatar	263,800	206,423	78.2	57,377	_			_	_
Romania	1,030,200	1,355,303	131.6	-	325,098	0.77	_	_	325,098
Russian Federation	5,945,400	14,490,333	243.7	980	8,545,872	20.24	_	_	8,545,872
Rwanda	80,100	89,787	112.1	_	9,669	0.02	_	52,360	62,029
Samoa	11,600	10,918	94.1	683	´ —	_	_	<i>′</i> —	, <u> </u>
San Marino, Republic of	17,000	12,900	75.9	4,101	_	_	_	_	_
São Tomé and Príncipe	7,400	7,403	100.0		_	_	_	1,902	1,902
Saudi Arabia	6,985,500	5,725,821	82.0	1,259,683	_	_	_	_	_
Senegal	161,800	160,399	99.1	1,405	_	_	830	207,156	207,986
Seychelles	8,800	8,800	100.0	1	27 505		16 212	70.427	124 154
Sierra Leone Singapore	103,700 862,500	141,190 611,979	136.2 71.0	24 250,556	37,505	0.09	16,212	70,437	124,154
Slovak Republic	357,500	357,505	100.0		_		_	_	_
Slovenia, Republic of	231,700	168,520	72.7	63,186	_				
Solomon Islands	10,400	9,867	94.9	543					
Somalia	44,200	140,907	318.8	_	96,701	0.23	8,840	_	112,004
South Africa	1,868,500	1,868,202	100.0	301	_	_	_	_	_
Spain	3,048,900	2,107,657	69.1	941,258	_	_	_	_	_

Schedule 1 (concluded)

	G	eneral Resou	rces Acco	unt					
		IMF's h	oldings		· 		Use of Re	sources	
		of curr	encies1	Reserve	GR	A		PRGF	
			Percent	_	Amount	Percent	SDA <sup>2</sup>	Trust <sup>3</sup>	Total <sup>4</sup>
Member	Quota	Total	of quota		(A	.)	+ (B)	+ (C)	= (D)
Sri Lanka	413,400	469,012	113.5	47,741	103,350	0.24	_	100,800	204,150
St. Kitts and Nevis	8,900	10,445	117.4	82	1,625	_	_	_	1,625
St. Lucia	15,300	15,300	100.0	1	, _	_	_	_	, _
St. Vincent and the									
Grenadines	8,300	7,800	94.0	500	_	_	_	_	_
Sudan	169,700	573,678	338.1	11	403,958	0.97	_	_	463,186
Suriname	92,100	85,975	93.3	6,125	_	_	_	_	_
Swaziland	50,700	44,154	87.1	6,552	_	_	_	_	_
Sweden	2,395,500	1,722,364	71.9	673,147	_	_	_	_	_
Switzerland	3,458,500	2,504,245	72.4	954,271	_	_	_	_	_
Syrian Arab Republic	293,600	293,603	100.0	5	_	_	_	_	_
Tajikistan, Republic of	87,000	102,938	118.3	2	15,938	0.04	_	72,280	88,218
Tanzania	198,900	188,932	95.0	9,975	_	_	_	266,200	266,200
Thailand	1,081,900	3,206,895	296.4	20	2,125,000	5.03	_	_	2,125,000
Togo	73,400	73,113	99.6	290	_	_	_	52,260	52,260
Tonga	6,900	5,197	75.3	1,710	_	_	_	_	_
Trinidad and Tobago	335,600	322,086	96.0	13,516	_	_	_	_	_
Tunisia	286,500	288,822	100.8	20,167	22,485	0.05	_	_	22,485
Turkey	964,000	5,145,828	533.8	112,775	4,294,600	10.17	_	_	4,294,600
Turkmenistan,									
Republic of	75,200	75,200	100.0	5	_	_	_		
Uganda	180,500	180,507	100.0	_	_	_	_	242,446	242,446
Ukraine	1,372,000	2,824,890	205.9	3	1,452,890	3.44	_	_	1,452,890
United Arab Emirates	611,700	434,369	71.0	177,331	_	_	_	_	_
United Kingdom	10,738,500	7,637,757	71.1	3,100,748	_	_	_	_	_
United States	37,149,300	26,235,370	70.6	10,914,535		_	_	_	
Uruguay	306,500	385,032	125.6	35,675	114,200	0.27	_	_	114,200
Uzbekistan, Republic of	275,600	361,522	131.2	5	85,922	0.2	_	_	85,922
Vanuatu	17,000	14,506	85.3	2,496	_	_	_	_	_
Venezuela, República									
Bolivariana de	2,659,100	2,405,284	90.5	321,900	68,083	0.16	_	264.000	68,083
Vietnam	329,100	341,180	103.7	5	12,080	0.03	_	264,880	276,960
Yemen, Republic of	243,500	322,725	132.5	13	79,234	0.19	_	170,000	249,234
Yugoslavia, Federal Republi		E0.4.45	167.6		11.000	0.50			11.000
(Serbia/Montenegro)	467,700	584,639	125.0	_	116,925	0.28			116,925
Zambia	489,100	489,101	100.0	18	110.057	- 20	181,750	716,622	898,372
Zimbabwe	353,400	472,034	133.6	327	118,957	$\frac{0.28}{100}$	422.052	90,520	209,477
Total	212,414,900	207,904,462		46,732,986	42,219,061	100	432,052	5,899,478	48,639,366

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Includes nonnegotiable, non-interest-bearing notes that members are entitled to issue in substitution for currencies, and outstanding currency valuation adjustments.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>The Special Disbursement Account (SDA) of the General Department had financed loans under Structural Adjustment Facility (SAF) and Poverty Reduction Growth Facility (PRGF) arrangements.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>For information purposes only. The PRGF Trust provides financing under PRGF arrangements and is not a part of the General Department.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Includes outstanding Trust Fund loans to Liberia (SDR 23 million), Somalia (SDR 6 million), and Sudan (SDR 59 million).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>Less than SDR 500.

Schedule 2

# General Department

# Financial Resources and Liquidity Position in the General Resources Account as at April 30, 2001 and 2000

(In thousands of SDRs)

	2001	2000
Total Resources		
Currencies	207,904,462	205,288,673
SDR holdings	2,436,744	2,723,892
Gold holdings	5,851,771	5,851,771
Sundry assets, net of sundry liabilities <sup>1</sup>	715,441	611,117
Total resources	216,908,418	214,475,453
Less: Non-Usable Resources <sup>2</sup>	104,817,246	106,251,281
Equals: Usable Resources <sup>3</sup>	112,091,172	108,224,172
Resources Committed and Working Balances		
Undrawn balances under arrangements <sup>4</sup>	18,097,849	18,387,266
Minimum working balances <sup>4</sup>	15,289,110	_15,075,130
Resources committed and working balances	33,386,959	33,462,396
Net Uncommitted Usable Resources <sup>5</sup>	78,704,213	74,761,776
Liquid Liabilities		
Reserve tranche positions <sup>6</sup>	46,732,986	48,871,519
Liquidity Ratio <sup>7</sup>	168.4%	153.0%
Memorandum Item Resources available under borrowing arrangements	34,000,000	34,000,000

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Sundry assets, net of sundry liabilities, reflect current assets (charges, interest, and other receivables) and other assets (which include capital assets such as land, buildings, and equipment), net of sundry liabilities (remuneration payable and other liabilities).

The liquidity ratio is a measure of the IMF's liquidity position, represented by the ratio of its net uncommitted usable resources to its liquid liabilities.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Resources regarded as non-usable in the financing of the IMF's ongoing operations and transactions are (1) gold holdings, (2) currencies of members that are using IMF credit, (3) currencies of other members with relatively weak external positions, and (4) sundry assets, net of sundry liabilities.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>Usable resources consist of (1) holdings of currencies of members considered by the IMF as having balance of payments and reserve positions sufficiently strong for their currencies to be used in transfers, (2) SDR holdings, and (3) any unused amounts under credit lines that have been activated.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>Amounts committed under arrangements, which reflect undrawn balances committed under operative Stand-By and Extended Arrangements, other than precautionary arrangements, are deducted from the total of usable resources, as are one-half of the amounts committed under precautionary arrangements. The Executive Board has decided that the minimum working balances be set at 10 percent of the quotas of members deemed sufficiently strong for their currencies to be used in operations and transactions.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>Net uncommitted usable resources are defined as usable resources less resources committed under arrangements and minimum working balances, as described above. The amount represents the resources available to meet requests for use of IMF credit under new credit arrangements and for members' use of their reserve positions in the IMF.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>Liquid liabilities consist of (1) members' reserve tranche positions, and (2) the amount of any outstanding borrowing by the IMF under the GAB or NAB. Both reserve tranche positions and outstanding lending under the GAB and NAB (together called members' reserve positions in the IMF) are part of members' international reserves. The IMF cannot challenge a request by a member to draw on its reserve position, and the IMF must therefore at all times be in a position to meet such requests.

Schedule 3

# General Department **Status of Arrangements** as at April 30, 2001

	Date of		Total Amount	Undrawn
Member	Arrangement	Expiration	Agreed	Balance
General Resources Account				
Stand-By Arrangements				
Argentina	March 10, 2000	March 9, 2003	$10,585,500^{1}$	6,751,190
Bosnia and Herzegovina	May 29, 1998	May 29, 2001	94,420	13,990
Brazil	December 2, 1998	December 1, 2001	13,024,8002	5,155,650
Croatia, Republic of	March 19, 2001	May 18, 2002	200,000	200,000
Ecuador	April 19, 2000	June 30, 2001	226,730	113,384
Estonia, Republic of	March 1, 2000	August 31, 2001	29,340	29,340
Gabon	October 23, 2000	April 22, 2002	92,580	79,360
Latvia, Republic of	April 20, 2001	December 19, 2002	33,000	33,000
Lithuania, Republic of	March 8, 2000	June 7, 2001	61,800	61,800
Nigeria	August 4, 2000	August 3, 2001	788,940	788,940
Pakistan	November 29, 2000	September 30, 2001	465,000	210,000
Panama	June 30, 2000	March 29, 2002	64,000	64,000
Papua New Guinea	March 29, 2000	September 28, 2001	85,540	18,885
Peru	March 12, 2001	March 11, 2002	128,000	128,000
Sri Lanka	April 20, 2001	June 19, 2002	200,000	96,650
Turkey	December 22, 1999	December 21, 2002	8,676,0003	4,742,900
Uruguay	May 31, 2000	March 31, 2002	150,000	150,000
Total Stand-By Arrangements			34,905,650	18,637,089
Extended Arrangements				
Bulgaria	September 25, 1998	September 24, 2001	627,620	52,320
Colombia	December 20, 1999	December 19, 2002	1,957,000	1,957,000
Indonesia	February 4, 2000	December 31, 2002	3,638,000	2,786,850
Jordan	April 15, 1999	April 14, 2002	127,880	91,340
Kazakhstan, Republic of	December 13, 1999	December 12, 2002	329,100	329,100
Macedonia, former Yugoslav Republic of	November 29, 2000	November 28, 2003	24,115	22,967
Ukraine	September 4, 1998	August 15, 2002	1,919,950	1,017,730
Yemen, Republic of	October 29, 1997	October 28, 2001	72,900	26,400
Total Extended Arrangements			8,696,565	6,283,707
Total General Resources Account			43,602,215	24,920,796
Total Schera resources recount			=======================================	=======================================

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Includes SDR 2.1 billion available until January 11, 2002 under the Supplemental Reserve Facility.

<sup>2</sup>Amount agreed and undrawn balance include SDR 9.1 billion and SDR 2.6 billion, respectively, under the Supplemental Reserve Facility which expired on December 1, 1999.

 $<sup>^3</sup>$ Includes SDR 5.8 billion available until December 20, 2001 under the Supplemental Reserve Facility.

# SDR Department

Balance Sheets as at April 30, 2001 and 2000

(In thousands of SDRs)

	2001	2000		2001	2000
Assets Charges receivableOverdue assessments and charges (Note 3)	215,387 98,245	221,228 105,602	Liabilities Interest payable	215,861	221,752
Participants with holdings below allocations (Note 2) Allocations Lext. SDR holdings Allocations in excess of holdings	12,646,264 3,865,939 8,780,325	$\frac{12,626,280}{3,282,008}$ $\frac{9,344,272}{}$	Participants with holdings above allocations (Note 2) SDR holdings Lext: allocations Holdings in excess of allocations	14,690,440 8,787,066 5,903,374	14,859,327 8,807,050 6,052,277
Total Assets	9,093,957	9,671,102	Holdings by the General Resources Account Holdings of SDRs by prescribed holders Total Liabilities	2,436,744 537,978 9,093,957	2,723,892 673,181 9,671,102

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

/s/ Eduard Brau Treasurer

/s/ Horst Köhler Managing Director

# **SDR** Department

# Income Statements for the Years Ended April 30, 2001 and 2000

(In thousands of SDRs)

	2001	2000
Revenue  Net charges from participants with holdings below allocations  Assessments on SDR allocations	400,216	$   \begin{array}{r}     362,278 \\     \hline     3,301 \\     \hline     365,579   \end{array} $
Expenses		
Interest on SDR holdings	241.125	215.542
Net interest to participants with holdings above allocations	261,127	217,743
General Resources Account	112,514	123,288
Prescribed holders	26,575	21,247
	400,216	362,278
Administrative expenses	2,451	3,301
	402,667	365,579
Net Income		

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

# **SDR** Department

# Statements of Cash Flows for the Years Ended April 30, 2001 and 2000

(In thousands of SDRs)

	2001	2000
Cash flows from operating activities		
Receipts of SDRs		
Transfers among participants and prescribed holders	6,815,404	7,830,549
Transfers from participants to the General Resources Account	5,800,216	7,094,151
participants and prescribed holders	6,087,364	7,942,226
Total Receipts of SDRs	18,702,984	22,866,926
Uses of SDRs		
Transfers among participants and prescribed holders	6,513,836	7,616,081
Transfers from participants to the General Resources Account	5,682,687	6,956,385
Transfers from the General Resources Account to		
participants and prescribed holders	6,087,364	7,942,226
Charges paid in the SDR Department	426,404	339,278
Other	(7,307)	12,956
Total Uses of SDRs	18,702,984	22,866,926

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

# SDR Department Notes to the Financial Statements as at April 30, 2001 and 2000

# 1. Nature of Operations

The SDR is an international interest-bearing reserve asset created by the IMF following the First Amendment of the Articles of Agreement in 1969. All transactions and operations involving SDRs are conducted through the SDR Department. The SDR was created as a supplement to existing reserve assets and is allocated by the IMF to members participating in the SDR Department. Its value as a reserve asset derives, essentially, from the commitments of participants to hold and accept SDRs and to honor various obligations connected with its proper functioning as a reserve asset.

At April 30, 2001, all members of the IMF were participants in the SDR Department. SDRs have been allocated by the IMF to members that are participants in the SDR Department at the time of the allocation in proportion to their quotas in the IMF. Six allocations have been made (in 1970, 1971, 1972, 1979, 1980, and 1981) for a total of SDR 21.4 billion. A proposed amendment of the IMF's Articles of Agreement was approved by the Executive Board in January 1998 to allow for a special one-time allocation of SDRs equal to 21.4 billion. The amendment will enter into force after three-fifths of the members, having 85 percent of the total voting power, have accepted it. Upon termination of participation or liquidation of the SDR Department, the IMF will provide to holders the currencies received from the participants in settlement of their obligations. The IMF is empowered to prescribe certain official entities as holders of SDRs; at April 30, 2001, 16 institutions (15 at April 30, 2000) were prescribed as holders. Prescribed holders do not receive allocations.

The SDR is also used by a number of international and regional organizations as a unit of account or as the basis for their units of account. Several international conventions also use the SDR as a unit of account, notably those expressing liability limits for the international transport of goods and services.

# Uses of SDRs

Participants and prescribed holders can use and receive SDRs in transactions and operations by agreement among themselves. Participants can also use SDRs in operations and transactions involving the General Resources Account, such as the payment of charges and repurchases. The IMF ensures, by designating participants to provide freely usable currency in exchange for SDRs, that a participant can use its SDRs to obtain an equivalent amount of currency if it has a need because of its balance of payments, its reserve position, or developments in its reserves.

# General Allocations and Cancellations of SDRs

The IMF has the authority to create unconditional liquidity through general allocations of SDRs to participants in the SDR Department in proportion to their quotas in the IMF. The IMF cannot allocate SDRs to itself or to other holders it prescribes. The Articles also provide for the cancellation

of SDRs, although to date there have been no cancellations. In its decisions on general allocations of SDRs, the IMF, as prescribed under its Articles, has sought to meet the long-term global need to supplement existing reserve assets in such a manner as will promote the attainment of the IMF's purposes and avoid economic stagnation and deflation, as well as excess demand and inflation.

# 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies Basis of Presentation

The financial statements of the IMF are prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standards (IAS). Specific accounting principles and disclosure practices are explained further below. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IAS requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

In financial year 2001, the IMF elected early adoption of IAS 39, *Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement.* The adoption of IAS 39 had no material effect on the SDR Department's financial statements.

# Unit of Account

The financial statements are expressed in terms of SDRs. The value of the SDR is determined by the IMF each day by summing the values in U.S. dollars, based on market exchange rates, of the currencies in the SDR valuation basket. The IMF reviews the SDR valuation basket every five years. The latest review was completed in October 2000 and the new composition of the SDR valuation basket became effective on January 1, 2001. The value of the SDR in terms of U.S. dollars on the last business day prior to the change (December 29, 2000) was identical under both valuation baskets. The currencies in the basket as of April 30, 2001 and 2000 and their amounts were as follows:

_	Amoi	unt
Currency	To December 31, 2000	From January 1, 2001
Euro		0.426
Euro (Germany)	0.228	
Euro (France)	0.1239	
Japanese yen	27.2	21.0
Pound sterling	0.105	0.0984
U.S. dollar	0.5821	0.577

As of April 30, 2001, one SDR was equal to 1.26579 U.S. dollars (one SDR was equal to 1.31921 U.S. dollars as of April 30, 2000).

# Allocations and Holdings

At April 30, 2001 and 2000, IMF net cumulative allocations to participants totaled SDR 21.4 billion. Participants with holdings in excess of their allocations have established a net claim on the

SDR Department, which is represented on the balance sheet as a liability. Participants with holdings below their allocations have used part of their allocations, which results in a net obligation to the SDR Department and is presented as an asset of the SDR Department. Participants' net SDR positions as of April 30, 2001 and 2000 were as follows:

		2001			2000	
	Total	Below Allocations	Above Allocations	Total	Below Allocations	Above Allocations
			In million	us of SDE	ls.	
Cumulative						
allocations	21,433.	3 12,646.3	8,787.0	21,433.	3 12,626.3	8,807.0
Holdings						
of SDRs						
by participants	18,556.	4 3,866.0	14,690.4	18,141.	3 3,282.0	14,859.3
Net SDR						
positions	2,876.	9 8,780.3	(5,903.4)	3,292.	9,344.3	(6,052.3)

A summary of SDR holdings is provided below:

_	2001	2000
	In milli	ons of SDRs
Participants	18,556.4	18,141.3
General Resources Account	2,436.7	2,723.9
Prescribed holders	538.0	673.2
	21,531.1	21,538.4
Less: Overdue charges receivable	97.8	105.1
Total holdings	21,433.3	21,433.3

# Administrative Expenses

The expenses of conducting the business of the SDR Department are paid by the IMF from the General Resources Account, which is reimbursed in SDRs by the SDR Department at the end of each financial year. For this purpose, the SDR Department levies an assessment on all participants in proportion to their net cumulative allocations.

# Interest and Charges

Interest is paid on holdings of SDRs. Charges are levied on each participant's cumulative allocations plus any allocations in excess of holdings of the participant and unpaid charges. Interest on SDR holdings is paid quarterly. Charges on net cumulative allocations are also collected quarterly. Interest and charges are levied at the same rate and are settled by crediting and debiting individual holdings accounts on the first day of the subsequent quarter. The SDR Department is required to pay interest to each holder, whether or not sufficient SDRs are received to meet the payment of interest. If sufficient SDRs are not received because charges are overdue, additional SDRs are temporarily created.

The rate of interest on the SDR is determined by reference to a combined market interest rate, which is a weighted average of yields or rates on short-term instruments in the capital markets of France, Germany, Japan,

the United Kingdom, and the United States. The combined market interest rate used to determine the SDR interest rate is calculated each Friday, using the yields or rates of that day. The SDR interest rate, which is set equal to the combined market interest rate, enters into effect on the following Monday and applies through the following Sunday.

# Overdue Obligations

An allowance for losses resulting from overdue SDR obligations would be created if and when the IMF were to expect a loss to be incurred; no losses have been incurred in the past, and it is the current expectation that no losses will be incurred in the future, and consequently no allowance account has been established.

# 3. Overdue Assessments and Charges

At April 30, 2001, assessments and charges amounting to SDR 98.2 million were overdue to the SDR Department (SDR 105.6 million at April 30, 2000). At April 30, 2001 and 2000, six members were six months or more overdue in meeting their financial obligations to the SDR Department. The Federal Republic of Yugoslavia (Serbia/Montenegro) notified the IMF in January 1993 that it agreed to its share in the assets and liabilities of the former Socialist Federal Republic of Yugoslavia (SFRY) in the IMF. On December 20, 2000, the IMF's Executive Board concluded that the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia (Serbia/Montenegro) is able to fulfill its obligations under the Articles of Agreement and therefore succeeds to the membership in the IMF effective December 14, 1992. On December 20, 2000, the Federal Republic of Yugoslavia (Serbia/Montenegro) settled its overdue charges and assessments.

Assessments and charges due from members that are six months or more overdue to the SDR Department were as follows:

	2001	2000	
	In million	us of SDRs	
Total	98.2	105.6	
Overdue for six months or more	91.0	98.7	
Overdue for three years or more	63.6	65.0	

The amount and duration of arrears as of April 30, 2001 were as follows:

	Total	Longest Overdue Obligation
	In millions of SDRs	
Afghanistan, Islamic State of	6.2	February 1996
Congo, Democratic Republic o	f 16.1	April 1992
Iraq	45.9	November 1990
Liberia	21.2	April 1986
Somalia	8.7	February 1991
Sudan	0.1	April 1991
Total	98.2	

Schedule 1

# **SDR** Department

# Statements of Changes in SDR Holdings for the Years Ended April 30, 2001 and 2000

		General Resources	Prescribed	To	tal
	Participants	Account	Holders	2001	2000
Total holdings, beginning of the year	18,141,335	2,723,892	673,181	21,538,408	21,525,452
Receipts of SDRs					
Transfers among participants and prescribed holders					
Transactions by agreement	4,961,038	_	85,429	5,046,467	6,639,441
Operations					
Grants		_	_		44,614
Loans	165,619	_		165,619	45,975
Settlement of financial obligations	295,850	_	82,721	378,571	202,367
IMF-related operations	111.544			111.544	125 011
SAF and PRGF loans	111,544	_	_	111,544	135,811
SAF loans under PRGF Trust	24,940	_	15 214	24,940	20.060
SAF repayments and interest	_	_	15,214 3	15,214 3	29,069 49
PRGF contributions and payments	200,741	_	117,871	318,612	123,121
PRGF repayments and interest	200,741		294,456	294,456	338,877
PRGF-HIPC contributions and payments	215	_	153,643	153,858	56,757
SCA-2 refunds	1,199	_	_	1,199	-
HIPC payments	3,352	_	_	3,352	_
Net interest on SDRs	275,500	_	26,069	301,569	214,468
Transfers from participants to the General Resources Accoun	t				
Repurchases	_	3,198,592	_	3,198,592	3,825,681
Charges	_	2,417,144	_	2,417,144	2,599,820
Quota payments	_	64,500	_	64,500	527,633
Interest on SDRs	_	117,529	_	117,529	137,766
Assessments on SDR allocations	_	2,451	_	2,451	3,251
Transfers from the General Resources Account to					
participants and prescribed holders					
Purchases	3,165,713	_	_	3,165,713	3,591,759
Interest on IMF borrowings	<i>' '</i> —	_	_	´ ´ _	18,284
In exchange for currencies of other members					
Acquisitions to pay charges	1,107,457	_	_	1,107,457	1,577,214
Remuneration	1,782,790	_	_	1,782,790	1,747,437
SCA-2 transfers					
PRGF-HIPC	_	_	_	_	70,556
HIPC	_	_	_	_	227,211
Post-SCA-2	_	_	_	_	287,158
Refunds	_	_	_	_	394,350
Other					
Refunds and adjustments	31,404			31,404	28,257
Total receipts	12,127,362	5,800,216	775,406	18,702,984	22,866,926

Schedule 1 (concluded)

		General Resources	Prescribed	To	tal
	Participants	Account	Holders	2001	2000
II CODD					
Uses of SDRs					
Transfers among participants and prescribed holders	. ==0 =03				
Transactions by agreement	4,750,301	_	296,166	5,046,467	6,639,441
Operations					
Grants		_	_		44,614
Loans	165,619	_	_	165,619	45,975
Settlement of financial obligations	248,340	_	130,231	378,571	202,367
IMF-related operations			111.544	111.544	125 011
SAF and PRGF loans	_	_	111,544	111,544	135,811
SAF loans under PRGF Trust		_	24,940	24,940	-
SAF repayments and interest	15,214	_	_	15,214	29,069
Special charges on SAF, PRGF, Trust Fund	3	_		3	49
PRGF contributions and payments	117,871	_	200,741	318,612	123,121
PRGF repayments and interest	294,456	_		294,456	338,877
PRGF-HIPC contributions and payments	11,422	_	142,436	153,858	56,757
SCA-2 refunds	_	_	1,199	1,199	_
HIPC payments	_	_	3,352	3,352	_
Transfers from participants to the General Resources Account					
Repurchases	3,198,592	_	_	3,198,592	3,825,681
Charges	2,417,144	_	_	2,417,144	2,599,820
Quota payments	64,500	_	_	64,500	527,633
Assessment on SDR allocation	2,451	_	_	2,451	3,251
Transfers from the General Resources Account to					
participants and prescribed holders					
Purchases	_	3,165,713	_	3,165,713	3,591,759
Interest on IMF borrowings	_	5,105,715	_	5,105,715 —	18,284
In exchange for currencies of other members					10,201
Acquisitions to pay charges	_	1,107,457	_	1,107,457	1,577,214
Remuneration	_	1,782,790	_	1,782,790	1,747,437
SCA-2 transfers		1,7 02,7 70		1,702,770	1,7 17,107
PRGF-HIPC	_	_	_	_	70,556
HIPC	_	_	_	_	227,211
Post-SCA-2	_	_	_	_	287,158
Refunds	_	_	_	_	394,350
Other					071,000
Refunds and adjustments	_	31,404	_	31,404	28,257
Charges paid in the SDR department	410.000			410.000	252.22
Net charges due	419,098			419,098	352,234
Total uses	11,705,011	6,087,364	910,609	18,702,984	22,866,926
Charges not paid when due	17,274	_	_	17,274	15,296
Settlement of unpaid charges	(24,581)	_	_	(24,581)	(2,340)
Total holdings, end of the year	18,556,379	2,436,744	537,978	21,531,101	21,538,408
	=======================================		=======		=======================================

Schedule 2

# SDR Department Allocations and Holdings of Participants as at April 30, 2001

			Holdings			
	Net		Percent of	Above		
Participant	Cumulative Allocations	Total	Cumulative Allocations	(Below) Allocations		
•		Totai	Miocations			
Afghanistan, Islamic State of Albania	26,703	63,129	_	(26,703) 63,129		
Algeria	128,640	5,788	4.5	(122,852)		
Angola	——————————————————————————————————————	135	_	135		
Antigua and Barbuda	_	5	_	5		
Argentina	318,370	89,043	28	(229,327)		
Armenia, Republic of	<u> </u>	14,980	_	14,980		
Australia	470,545	76,122	16.2	(394,423)		
Austria	179,045	123,765	69.1	(55,280)		
Azerbaijan	_	1,007	_	1,007		
Bahamas, The	10,230	93	0.9	(10,137)		
Bahrain	6,200	981	15.8	(5,219)		
Bangladesh	47,120	2,061	4.4	(45,059)		
Barbados Belarus, Republic of	8,039	91	1.1	(7,948)		
belatus, Republic of	_	1,050	_	1,050		
Belgium	485,246	346,604	71.4	(138,642)		
Belize	_	1,250		1,250		
Benin	9,409	243	2.6	(9,166)		
Bhutan Bolivia	26,703	186 27,300	102.2	186 597		
Bosnia and Herzegovina Botswana	20,481 4,359	6,971 30,376	34 696.9	(13,510) 26,017		
Brazil	358,670	22,296	6.2	(336,374)		
Brunei Darussalam	_	5,406	_	5,406		
Bulgaria	_	52,479	_	52,479		
Burkina Faso	9,409	551	5.9	(8,858)		
Burundi	13,697	151	1.1	(13,546)		
Cambodia	15,417	389	2.5	(15,028)		
Cameroon	24,463	251	1	(24,212)		
Canada	779,290	454,359	58.3	(324,931)		
Cape Verde	620	31	5	(589)		
Central African Republic	9,325	95	1	(9,230)		
Chad	9,409	98	1	(9,311)		
Chile	121,924	20,104	16.5	(101,820)		
China	236,800	627,194	264.9	390,394		
Colombia	114,271	106,013	92.8	(8,258)		
Comoros	716	14	1.9	(702)		
Congo, Democratic Republic of	86,309	_	_	(86,309)		
Congo, Republic of	9,719	333	3.4	(9,386)		
Costa Rica	23,726	197	0.8	(23,529)		
Côte d'Ivoire	37,828	1,556	4.1	(36,272)		
Croatia, Republic of	44,205	100,744	227.9	56,539		
Cyprus Czech Republic	19,438	884 241	4.5	(18,554) 241		
Denmark	178,864	106,144		(72,720)		
Djibouti	1,178	70	5.9	(1,108)		
Dominica	592	70	1.1	(585)		
Dominican Republic	31,585	1,098	3.5	(30,487)		
Ecuador	32,929	2,136	6.5	(30,793)		
Egypt	135,924	21,260	15.6	(114,664)		

Schedule 2 (continued)

# SDR Department Allocations and Holdings of Participants as at April 30, 2001

			Holdings		
	Net	<del></del>	Percent of	Above	
Participant	Cumulative Allocations	Total	Cumulative Allocations	(Below) Allocations	
El Salvador	24,985	24,982	100	(3)	
Equatorial Guinea	5,812	151	2.6	(5,661)	
Eritrea	<u> </u>	_	_	· · · ·	
Estonia, Republic of	_	168	_	168	
Ethiopia	11,160	136	1.2	(11,024)	
Fiji	6,958	4,572	65.7	(2,386)	
Finland	142,690	131,655	92.3	(11,035)	
France	1,079,870	333,190	30.9	(746,680)	
Gabon	14,091	1,030	7.3	(13,061)	
Gambia, The	5,121	57	1.1	(5,064)	
Georgia	<del></del>	437		437	
Germany	1,210,760	1,352,565	111.7	141,805	
Ghana	62,983	921	1.5	(62,062)	
Greece Grenada	103,544 930	4,848 2	4.7 0.2	(98,696)	
Grenada	930	2	0.2	(928)	
Guatemala	27,678	7,281	26.3	(20,397)	
Guinea	17,604	91	0.5	(17,513)	
Guinea-Bissau	1,212	268	22.1	(944)	
Guyana	14,530	6,842	47.1	(7,688)	
Haiti	13,697	411	3	(13,286)	
Honduras	19,057	930	4.9	(18,127)	
Hungary	_	11,256	_	11,256	
Iceland	16,409	152	0.9	(16,257)	
India	681,170	7,736	1.1	(673,434)	
Indonesia	238,956	107,533	45	(131,423)	
Iran, Islamic Republic of	244,056	267,735	109.7	23,679	
Iraq	68,464			(68,464)	
Ireland	87,263	38,899	44.6	(48,364)	
Israel Italy	106,360	1,258	1.2 29.4	(105,102)	
Italy	702,400	206,785		(495,615)	
Jamaica	40,613	1,162	2.9	(39,451)	
Japan	891,690	1,856,665	208.2	964,975	
Jordan K. III. 6	16,887	4,633	27.4	(12,254)	
Kazakhstan, Republic of Kenya	36,990	74 2,782	— 7.5	74 (34,208)	
	00,770		7.0		
Kiribati	72.011	9		(21.802)	
Korea Kuwait	72,911 26,744	41,019 74,382	56.3	(31,892)	
Kyrgyz Republic	26,744	1,649	278.1	47,638 1,649	
Lao People's Democratic Republic	9,409	5,345	56.8	(4,064)	
				, , ,	
Latvia, Republic of Lebanon	4,393	352 18,562	422.5	352 14,169	
Lesotho	3,739	493	13.2	(3,246)	
Liberia	21,007	_	_	(21,007)	
Libya	58,771	421,426	717.1	362,655	
Lithuania, Republic of	_	887	_	887	
Luxembourg	16,955	3,631	21.4	(13,324)	
Macedonia, former Yugoslav Republic of	8,379	2,273	27.1	(6,106)	
Madagascar	19,270	254	1.3	(19,016)	
Malawi	10,975	284	2.6	(10,691)	

Schedule 2 (continued)

# **SDR** Department Allocations and Holdings of Participants as at April 30, 2001

		Holdings		
	Net	<del></del>	Percent of	Above
Participant	Cumulative Allocations	Total	Cumulative Allocations	(Below) Allocations
Malaysia	139,048	86,562	62.3	(52,486)
Maldives Mali	282 15,912	215 332	76.3 2.1	(67) (15,580)
Malta	11,288	25,077	222.2	13,789
Marshall Islands	——————————————————————————————————————			-
Manifestic	9,719	172	1.0	(0.547)
Mauritania Mauritius	15,744	172 16,562	1.8 105.2	(9,547) 818
Mexico	290,020	282,770	97.5	(7,250)
Micronesia, Federated States of		1,119	_	1,119
Moldova, Republic of	_	150	_	150
Mongolia	_	15	_	15
Morocco	85,689	89,325	104.2	3,636
Mozambique	_	50	_	50
Myanmar	43,474	495	1.1	(42,979)
Namibia	´ —	16	_	16
Nepal	8,105	88	1.1	(8,017)
Netherlands	530,340	531,473	100.2	1,133
New Zealand	141,322	10,682	7.6	(130,640)
Nicaragua	19,483	264	1.4	(19,219)
Niger	9,409	1,173	12.5	(8,236)
Nigeria	157,155	1,886	1.2	(155,269)
Norway	167,770	208,513	124.3	40,743
Oman	6,262	3,640	58.1	(2,622)
Pakistan	169,989	13,747	8.1	(156,242)
Palau	_	_	_	_
Panama	26,322	1,724	6.5	(24,598)
Papua New Guinea	9,300	8,774	94.3	(526)
Paraguay	13,697	79,439	580	65,742
Peru	91,319	6,561	7.2	(84,758)
Philippines	116,595	5,134	4.4	(111,461)
Poland, Republic of	_	15,188	_	15,188
Portugal	53,320	43,628	81.8	(9,692)
Qatar	12,822	16,338	127.4	3,516
Romania	75,950	6,202	8.2	(69,748)
Russian Federation	_	2,566	_	2,566
Rwanda	13,697	497	3.6	(13,200)
St. Kitts and Nevis	_	21	_	21
St. Lucia	742	1,441	194.4	699
St. Vincent and the Grenadines	354	58	16.5	(296)
Samoa	1,142	2,308	202.1	1,166
San Marino, Republic of	_	240	_	240
São Tomé & Príncipe	620	_	_	(620)
Saudi Arabia	195,527	157,227	80.4	(38,300)
Senegal	24,462	4,065	16.6	(20,397)
Seychelles	406	29	7.1	(377)
Sierra Leone	17,455	906	5.2	(16,549)
Singapore	16,475	109,015	661.7	92,540
Slovak Republic	_	472	_	472

Schedule 2 (concluded)

# SDR Department Allocations and Holdings of Participants as at April 30, 2001

			Holdings		
	Net Cumulative		Percent of Cumulative	Above (Below)	
Participant	Allocations	Total	Allocations	Allocations	
Slovenia, Republic of	25,431	3,185	12.5	(22,246)	
Solomon Islands	654	7	1.1	(647)	
Somalia	13,697	_	_	(13,697)	
South Africa	220,360	222,502	101	2,142	
Spain	298,805	258,411	86.5	(40,394)	
Sri Lanka	70,868	1,359	1.9	(69,509)	
Sudan	52,192	_	_	(52,192)	
Suriname	7,750	1,707	22	(6,043)	
Swaziland	6,432	2,443	38	(3,989)	
Sweden	246,525	193,995	78.7	(52,530)	
Switzerland	_	83,730	_	83,730	
Syrian Arab Republic	36,564	377	1	(36,187)	
Tajikistan, Republic of	_	9,014	_	9,014	
Tanzania	31,372	417	1.3	(30,955)	
Thailand	84,652	45,027	53.2	(39,625)	
Togo	10,975	272	2.5	(10,703)	
Tonga	_	113	_	113	
Trinidad and Tobago	46,231	535	1.2	(45,696)	
Tunisia	34,243	35,823	104.6	1,580	
Turkey	112,307	75,678	67.4	(36,629)	
Turkmenistan, Republic of	_		_		
Uganda	29,396	1,721	5.9	(27,675)	
Ukraine		33,171	_	33,171	
United Arab Emirates	38,737	2,724	7	(36,013)	
United Kingdom	1,913,070	224,401	11.7	(1,688,669)	
United States	4,899,530	8,232,278	168	3,332,748	
Uruguay	49,977	1,999	4	(47,978)	
Uzbekistan, Republic of	_	1,868	_	1,868	
Vanuatu Venezuela	216 900	727	6.8	727	
Vietnam	316,890 47,658	21,424 7,013	6.8 14.7	(295,466) (40,645)	
Yemen, Republic of	28,743	40,237	14.7	11,494	
· •					
Yugoslavia, Federal Republic of (Serbia/Montenegro) Zambia	56,665	13,329	23.5	(43,336)	
Zimbabwe	68,298 10,200	41,502 178	60.8 1.7	(26,796)	
				$\frac{(10,022)}{5,002,374}$	
Above allocations	8,787,066	14,690,440	167.2	5,903,374	
Below allocations	12,646,264	3,865,939	30.6	(8,780,325)	
Total participants	21,433,330	18,556,379			
General Resources Account		2,436,744			
Prescribed holders	05.55	537,978			
Overdue charges	97,771				
	21,531,101	21,531,101			



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### Auditor's Report

# To the Board of Governors of the International Monetary Fund:

We have audited the accompanying balance sheets as at April 30, 2001 and 2000, and the related statements of income and changes in resources for the years then ended of the following entities:

Poverty Reduction and Growth Facility Trust

Poverty Reduction and Growth Facility Administered Accounts

- Austria,
- Belgium,
- Botswana,
- Chile,
- Greece,
- Indonesia,
- Islamic Republic of Iran,
- Portugal.

Poverty Reduction and Growth Facility - Heavily Indebted Poor Countries Trust and Related Accounts

Other Administered Accounts

- Administered Account Japan,
- Administered Account for Selected Fund Activities Japan,
- Framework Administered Account for Technical Assistance Activities,
- Administered Account Spain,
- Administered Account for Rwanda,
- Supplementary Financing Facility Subsidy Account.

These financial statements are the responsibility of the management of the International Monetary Fund, as trustee of the entities listed above. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with International Standards on Auditing. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audits to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above give a true and fair view of the financial position of the entities listed above as at April 30, 2001 and 2000, and the results of their operations for the years then ended in conformity with International Accounting Standards.

Our audits were conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic financial statements taken as a whole. The supplementary information on pages 210 to 213 and 225 to 229 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The supplementary information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audits of the respective financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole.

June 6, 2001

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# Poverty Reduction and Growth Facility Trust

# Combined Balance Sheets as at April 30, 2001 and 2000

(In thousands of SDRs)

	2001	2000
Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	860,357	346,144
Investments (Note 3)	4,178,257	4,463,020
Loans receivable (Note 4)	5,899,478	5,769,166
Interest receivable	18,716	17,774
Total Assets	10,956,808	10,596,104
Liabilities and Resources		
Borrowings (Note 5)	6,352,841	6,223,794
Interest payable	72,686	66,391
Other liabilities	12,506	193
Total Liabilities	6,438,033	6,290,378
Resources	4,518,775	4,305,726
Total Liabilities and Resources	10,956,808	10,596,104

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

/s/ Eduard Brau Treasurer /s/ Horst Köhler Managing Director

# Poverty Reduction and Growth Facility Trust

# Combined Income Statements and Changes in Resources for the Years Ended April 30, 2001 and 2000

(In thousands of SDRs)

	2001	2000
Balance, beginning of the year	4,305,726	4,098,988
Investment income (Note 3)	272,465	162,189
Interest on loans	28,916	29,080
Interest expense	(239,603)	(199,452)
Other expenses	(1,645)	(193)
Operational income (loss)	60,133	(8,376)
Contributions (Note 6)	126,992	115,809
	187,125	107,433
Transfers from the Special		
Disbursement Account	80,924	168,572
Transfers through the Special		
Disbursement Account to the		
PRGF-HIPC Trust (Note 8)	(55,000)	(69,267)
Net changes in resources	213,049	206,738
Balance, end of the year	4,518,775	4,305,726

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

# **Poverty Reduction and Growth Facility Trust**

# Notes to the Financial Statements as at April 30, 2001 and 2000

# 1. Nature of Operations

The name of the Enhanced Structural Adjustment Facility Trust was changed to the Poverty Reduction and Growth Facility Trust ("the Trust" or "PRGF Trust") on November 22, 1999. The PRGF Trust, for which the IMF is Trustee, was established in December 1987 and was extended and enlarged in February 1994 to provide loans on concessional terms to qualifying low-income developing country members. The resources of the Trust are held separately from the assets of all other accounts of, or administered by, the IMF and may not be used to discharge liabilities or to meet losses incurred in the administration of other accounts.

The operations of the Trust are conducted through a Loan Account, a Reserve Account, and a Subsidy Account. Combining balance sheets and income statements and statements of changes in resources for each of these accounts are provided in Note 9 to these financial statements.

## Loan Account

The resources of the Loan Account consist of the proceeds from borrowings, repayments of principal, and interest payments on loans extended by the Trust. At April 30, 2001, loans totaling SDR 5,899.5 million were outstanding (SDR 5,769.2 million at April 30, 2000).

# Reserve Account

The resources of the Reserve Account consist of amounts transferred by the IMF from the Special Disbursement Account and net earnings from investment of resources held in the Reserve Account and in the Loan Account.

The resources held in the Reserve Account are to be used by the Trustee, in the event that amounts payable from borrowers' principal repayments and interest, together with the authorized interest subsidy, are insufficient to repay loan principal and interest on borrowings of the Loan Account.

# Subsidy Account

The resources held in the Subsidy Account consist of donations to the Trust, including transfers of net earnings from PRGF Administered Accounts (formerly ESAF Administered Accounts), SDR 400 million transferred by the IMF from the Special Disbursement Account, net earnings on loans made to the Trust for the Subsidy Account, and the net earnings from investment of Subsidy Account resources.

The resources available in the Subsidy Account are drawn by the Trustee to pay the difference, with respect to each interest period, between the interest due from the borrowers under the Trust and the interest due on Loan Account borrowings.

# 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies Basis of Presentation

The financial statements of the PRGF Trust are prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standards (IAS). Specific accounting principles and disclosure practices are

explained further below. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IAS requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

In financial year 2001, the IMF elected early adoption of IAS 39, *Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement.* The adoption of IAS 39 had no material effect on the PRGF Trust's financial statements.

# Revenue and Expense Recognition

The financial statements of the Trust are maintained on the accrual basis; accordingly, income is recognized as it is earned, and expenses are recorded as they are incurred.

### Unit of Account

The financial statements are expressed in terms of SDRs. The value of the SDR is determined by the IMF each day by summing the values in U.S. dollars, based on market exchange rates, of the currencies in the SDR valuation basket. The IMF reviews the SDR valuation basket every five years. The latest review was completed in October 2000 and the new composition of the SDR valuation basket became effective on January 1, 2001. The value of the SDR in terms of U.S. dollars on the last business day prior to the change (December 29, 2000) was identical under both valuation baskets. The currencies in the basket as of April 30, 2001 and 2000 and their amounts were as follows:

	Amount			
Currency	To December 31, 2000	From January 1, 2001		
Euro		0.426		
Euro (Germany)	0.228			
Euro (France)	0.1239			
Japanese yen	27.2	21.0		
Pound sterling	0.105	0.0984		
U.S. dollar	0.5821	0.577		

As of April 30, 2001, one SDR was equal to 1.26579 U.S. dollars (one SDR was equal to 1.31921 U.S. dollars as of April 30, 2000).

# Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include short-term deposits with a maturity of less than ninety days. These deposits are denominated in SDRs or other currency and are carried at cost, not exceeding market value. Interest received on these instruments varies and is based on prevailing market rates.

# Investments

The resources of the Trust are invested pending their use. The Trust invests in debt securities and fixed-term deposits, either directly or by participation in an investment pool. Investments are marked to market on the last business day of the accounting period. Purchases are valued and reflected on the trade date basis and sales are based on the actual settlement date valuations. Investment income comprises interest earned on investments, realized and unrealized gains and losses on investments, and currency valuation differences arising from exchange rate movements against the SDR.

Interest rate risk is managed by limiting the investment portfolio to a weighted-average effective duration that does not exceed three years. Currency risk is minimized by investing in securities denominated in SDRs or in the constituent currencies of the SDR basket. Risk is further minimized by ensuring that the currency composition of the investment portfolio matches, as closely as possible, the currency composition of the SDR basket.

### Loans

Loans in the Trust are valued at historical cost. Allowances for loan losses would be established if and when the Trust expects to incur a loss; no losses have been incurred in the past, and it is the current expectation that no losses will be incurred in the future.

### **Contributions**

Bilateral contributions are reflected as increases in resources after the achievement of specified conditions and are subject to bilateral agreements stipulating how the resources are to be used.

### **Transfers**

Internal transfers of resources within the Fund are accounted for under the accrual method of accounting.

## Foreign Currency Translation

Foreign currency transactions are recorded at the rate of exchange on the date of the transaction. At the balance sheet date, monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are reported using the closing exchange rates. Exchange differences arising on the settlement of transactions at rates different from those at the originating date of the transaction and unrealized foreign exchange differences on unsettled foreign currency monetary assets and liabilities are included in the determination of net income.

### 3. Investments

The maturities of the investments are as follows:

Maturity as at April 30	2001	2000
	In thousa	ands of SDRs
Less than 1 year	425,548	678,879
1–3 years	3,430,643	3,622,498
3–5 years	297,516	129,360
Over 5 years	24,550	32,283
Total	4,178,257	4,463,020

At April 30, the investments consisted of the following:

	2001	2000
	In thousa	ınds of SDRs
Debt securities	3,962,729	3,961,249
Fixed-term deposits	215,528	501,771
Total	4,178,257	4,463,020

At April 30, investment income comprised:

_	2001	2000
	In thousan	ids of SDRs
Interest income	242,912	166,647
Realized (losses)/gains net	(76,692)	412
Unrealized gains/(losses) net	107,979	(4,830)
Exchange rate		
losses net	(1,734)	(40)
Total	272,465	162,189

## 4. Loans Receivable

Resources of the Loan Account are committed to qualifying members for a three-year period, upon approval by the Trustee of a three-year arrangement in support of the member's macroeconomic and structural adjustment programs. Interest on the outstanding loan balances is currently set at the rate of ½ of 1 percent a year. Scheduled repayments of loans by borrowers are summarized below:

Period of Repayment, Financial Year Ending April 30	
	In thousands of SDRs
2002	680,726
2003	722,241
2004	834,998
2005	876,190
2006	860,129
2007 and beyond	1,913,046
Overdue	12,148
Total	5,899,478

The above includes one member that is overdue at the end of financial year 2001 for less than six months for an amount of SDR 12.1 million.

As of April 30, 2001 and 2000, use of credit in the Trust by the largest users was as follows:

	2001	2000			
	In millions of SDRs and percent of total PRGF credit				
Largest user of credit	716.6 12.2%	671.7 11.6%			
Three largest users of credit	1,508.2 25.6%	1,527.3 26.5%			
Five largest users of credit	2,039.2 34.6%	6 2,028.1 35.1%			

# 5. Borrowings

The following summarizes the borrowing agreements concluded as of April 30, 2001 and 2000:

	Amount	Amount Undrawn		
	2001	2000		
	In thousa	nds of SDRs		
Loan Account	3,448,248	3,599,974		
Subsidy Account	4,664	5,331		

The Trustee has agreed to hold and invest, on behalf of a lender, principal repayments of Trust borrowing in a suspense account within the Loan Account. Principal repayments will be accumulated until the final maturity of the borrowing, when the full proceeds are to be transferred to the lender. Amounts deposited in this account are invested by the Trustee, and

payments of interest to the lender are to be made exclusively from the earnings on the amounts invested.

The Trust borrows on such terms and conditions as agreed between the Trust and the lenders. Interest rates on borrowings at April 30, 2001 and April 30, 2000 varied between 3.7 percent and 4.9 percent a year. The principal amounts of the borrowings are repayable in one installment at maturity dates.

Scheduled repayments of borrowings are summarized below:

Period of Repayment, Financial Year Ending April 30	
	In thousands of SDRs
2002	513,827
2003	525,455
2004	704,176
2005	953,566
2006	1,504,589
2007 and beyond	2,151,228
Total	6,352,841

# 6. Contributions

The Trustee accepts contributions for the Subsidy Account on such terms and conditions as agreed between the Trust and the contributor. At April 30, 2001, cumulative contributions received, including transfers from the Special Disbursement Account, amounted to SDR 2,292.4 million (SDR 2,165.4 million at April 30, 2000).

# 7. Commitments Under Loan Arrangements

An arrangement is a decision of the IMF that gives a member the assurance that the institution stands ready to provide foreign exchange or SDRs during a specified period and up to a specified amount in accordance with the terms of the decision. At April 30, 2001, undrawn balances under 37 arrangements amounted to SDR 1,997.3 million (SDR 2,017.9 million under 31 arrangements at April 30, 2000).

# 8. Transfers Through the Special Disbursement Account

The expenses of conducting the business of the Trust are paid by the General Resources Account of the IMF and reimbursed by the Reserve Account of the Trust through the Special Disbursement Account; corresponding transfers are made from the Reserve Account to the Special Disbursement Account when and to the extent needed. For financial years 2001 and 2000, the Executive Board of the IMF decided to forgo such reimbursement to the General Department and to transfer an equivalent amount from the Reserve Account, through the Special Disbursement Account, to the PRGF-HIPC Trust (formerly ESAF-HIPC Trust). The amounts transferred for financial years 2001 and 2000 were SDR 55.0 million and SDR 46.1 million, respectively.

Resources of up to SDR 250 million may be transferred, as needed, from the Reserve Account through the Special Disbursement Account to the PRGF-HIPC Trust to be used to provide grant or loans to eligible members under the HIPC initiative. At April 30, 2001 and 2000, SDR 43.5 million had been transferred for this purpose.

# Combining Balance Sheets, Income Statements, and Statements of Resources

The balance sheets and income statements and changes in resources for each of the accounts in the PRGF Trust are presented on the next page:

Note 9

# Combining Balance Sheets as at April 30, 2001 and 2000

(In thousands of SDRs)

	Loan A	Account	unt Reserve Account		Subsidy Account		Combined	
	2001	2000	2001	2000	2001	2000	2001	2000
Assets								
Cash and cash equivalents	159,594	_	519,695	258,291	181,068	87,853	860,357	346,144
Investments (Note 3)	215,529	357,049	2,200,508	2,280,543	1,762,220	1,825,428	4,178,257	4,463,020
Loans receivable (Note 4)	5,899,478	5,769,166	· · · —	· · · —	· · · —	· · · —	5,899,478	5,769,166
Accrued account transfers	27,231	31,258	30,647	16,579	(57,878)	(47,837)	_	_
Interest receivable	13,245	12,805	5,119	3,075	352	1,894	18,716	17,774
Total Assets	6,315,077	6,170,278	2,755,969	2,558,488	1,885,762	1,867,338	10,956,808	10,596,104
Liabilities and Resources								
Borrowings (Note 5)	6,244,024	6,105,644	_	_	108,817	118,150	6,352,841	6,223,794
Interest payable	71,022	64,612	_	_	1,664	1,779	72,686	66,391
Other liabilities	31	22	12,475	134	_	37	12,506	193
Total Liabilities	6,315,077	6,170,278	12,475	134	110,481	119,966	6,438,033	6,290,378
Resources	_		2,743,494	2,558,354	1,775,281	1,747,372	4,518,775	4,305,726
Total Liabilities and Resources	6,315,077	6,170,278	2,755,969	2,558,488	1,885,762	1,867,338	10,956,808	10,596,104

# Combining Income Statements and Changes in Resources for the Years Ended April 30, 2001 and 2000

	Loan Account		Reserve .	Reserve Account		Subsidy Account		Combined	
	2001	2000	2001	2000	2001	2000	2001	2000	
Balance, beginning of the year	_	_	2,558,354	2,370,606	1,747,372	1,728,382	4,305,726	4,098,988	
Investment income (Note 3)	28	267	155,829	93,369	116,608	68,553	272,465	162,189	
Interest on loans	28,916	29,080	_	_	_	_	28,916	29,080	
Interest expense	(237,524)	(197,202)	_	_	(2,079)	(2,250)	(239,603)	(199,452)	
Other expenses	(82)	(22)	(1,563)	(134)	_	(37)	(1,645)	(193)	
Operational (loss) income	(208,662)	(167,877)	154,266	93,235	114,529	66,266	60,133	(8,376)	
Contributions (Note 6)	_	_	_	_	126,992	115,809	126,992	115,809	
	(208,662)	(167,877)	154,266	93,235	241,521	182,075	187,125	107,433	
Transfers from the Special									
Disbursement Account (Note	8) —	_	80,924	168,572	_	_	80,924	168,572	
Transfers through the Special									
Disbursement Account to the									
PRGF-HIPC Trust (Note 8)	_	_	(55,000)	(69,267)	_	_	(55,000)	(69,267)	
Transfers between:									
Reserve and Subsidy Accounts	· —	_	1,059	_	(1,059)	_	_	_	
Loan and Reserve Accounts	(3,891)	4,792	3,891	(4,792)	_	_	_	_	
Loan and Subsidy Accounts	212,553	163,085	_	_	(212,553)	(163,085)	_	_	
Net changes in resources			185,140	187,748	27,909	18,990	213,049	206,738	
Balance, end of the year			2,743,494	2,558,354	1,775,281	1,747,372	4,518,775	4,305,726	

Schedule 1

# Poverty Reduction and Growth Facility Trust Schedule of Outstanding Loans as at April 30, 2001

	PRGF Lo	an Account	Structural Adjustment Facility <sup>1</sup>		
Member	Balance	Percent	Balance	Percent	
Albania Armenia, Republic of Azerbaijan Bangladesh Benin	60,948 109,350 81,900 54,562 60,938	1.03 1.85 1.39 0.92 1.03	4,089	0.95	
Bolivia Burkina Faso Burundi Cambodia Cameroon	165,134 78,578 5,376 58,671 178,040	2.80 1.33 0.09 0.99 3.02	9,796 — — —	2.27 — — —	
Central African Republic Chad Comoros Congo, Democratic Republic of Congo, Republic of	24,480 59,134 — — 13,896	0.41 1.00 — — 0.24	900 142,910 —	0.21 33.08	
Côte d'Ivoire Djibouti Dominica Equatorial Guinea Ethiopia	415,659 5,452 — 770 46,871	7.05 0.09 — 0.01 0.79	2,727 26,842	 0.63 6.21	
Gambia, The Georgia Ghana Guinea Guinea-Bissau	13,832 190,050 214,912 93,627 15,265	0.23 3.22 3.64 1.59 0.26		_ _ _ _ _	
Guyana Haiti Honduras Kenya Kyrgyz Republic	79,336 15,175 115,880 93,709 127,164	1.34 0.26 1.96 1.59 2.16	8,118 — — — —	1.88 — — —	
Lao People's Democratic Republic Lesotho Macedonia, former Yugoslav Republic of Madagascar Malawi	33,269 10,446 f 29,004 90,027 60,543	0.56 0.18 0.49 1.53 1.03	1,758 — — — —	0.41 — — —	
Mali Mauritania Moldova, Republic of Mongolia Mozambique	123,760 76,103 18,480 37,657 163,890	2.10 1.29 0.31 0.64 2.78	4,064 1,364 — —	0.94 0.32 — —	
Nepal Nicaragua Niger Pakistan Rwanda	7,833 129,334 56,760 375,800 52,360	0.13 2.19 0.96 6.37 0.89	21,852	5.05	
São Tomé and Príncipe Senegal Sierra Leone Somalia Sri Lanka	1,902 207,156 70,437 — 100,800	0.03 3.52 1.19 — 1.71	830 16,212 8,840	0.19 3.75 2.04	
Tajikistan, Republic of Tanzania Togo Uganda Vietnam	72,280 266,200 52,260 242,446 264,880	1.23 4.51 0.89 4.11 4.50			
Yemen, Republic of Zambia Zimbabwe Total loans outstanding	170,000 716,622 90,520 5,899,478	2.88 12.16 1.53 100.00	181,750 — 432,052	42.07 — 100.00	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Since Structural Adjustment Facility (SAF) loans have been disbursed in connection with PRGF arrangements, the above list includes these loans, as well as loans disbursed to members under SAF arrangements. These loans are held by the Special Disbursement Account, and repayments of all SAF loans are transferred to the PRGF Reserve Account when received.

## Poverty Reduction and Growth Facility Trust

# Contributions to and Resources of the Subsidy Account as at April 30, 2001

Contributor <sup>1</sup>	Amount
Direct Contributions to the Subsidy Account	
Argentina	15,867
Australia	3,446
Bangladesh	335
Canada	168,897
China	6,400
Czech Republic	7,000
Denmark	38,299
Egypt	7,000
Finland	22,684
Germany	124,638
Iceland	2,800
India	4,946
Ireland	3,325
Italy	138,589
Japan	506,997
Korea	30,559
Luxembourg	5,975
Morocco	5,003
Netherlands	81,538
Norway	28,073
Sweden	110,887
Switzerland	24,720
Turkey	3,000
United Kingdom	285,182
United States	118,893
Total direct contributions to the Subsidy Account	1,745,053
Net income transferred from Administered Accounts	
Austria	37,754
Belgium	73,275
Botswana	1,239
Chile	2,910
Greece	24,720
Indonesia	4,018
Iran, Islamic Republic of	986
Portugal	2,418
Total net income transferred from Administered Accounts	147,320
Total contributions received	1,892,373
Transfers from Special Disbursement Account	400,000
Total contributions received and transfers from Special	
Disbursement Account	2,292,373
Cumulative net income of the Subsidy Account	705,057
Resources disbursed to subsidize Trust lending	(1,222,149)
Total resources of the Subsidy Account	1,775,281
Total resources of the outsidy recount	1,773,201

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>In addition to direct contributions, a number of members also make loans available to the Loan Account on concessional terms. See Schedule 3.

Schedule 3

## Poverty Reduction and Growth Facility Trust

# Schedule of Borrowing Agreements as at April 30, 2001

	Interest			
Member	Rate (in percent)	Amount of Agreement	Amount Drawn	Outstanding Balance
Loan Account				
Prior to enlargement of PRGF				
Canada	Fixed 1	300,000	300,000	205,576
France	$0.50^{2}$	800,000	800,000	396,935
Germany	Variable 3	700,000	700,000	421,428
Italy	Variable 3	370,000	370,000	250,656
Japan	Variable <sup>3</sup>	2,200,000	2,200,000	1,506,304
Korea	Variable <sup>3</sup>	65,000	65,000	34,808
Norway	Variable 3	90,000	90,000	53,521
Spain	Variable <sup>3</sup>	220,000	216,429 4	67,022
Switzerland	_	200,000	200,000	
Total prior to enlargement of PRGF		4,945,000	4,941,429	2,936,250
For enlargement of PRGF				
Belgium	Variable 3	200,000	166,651	166,651
Canada	Variable 3	400,000	218,167	218,166
China	Variable 3	100,000	95,505	95,505
Denmark	Variable 3	100,000		_
Egypt	Variable <sup>3</sup>	100,000	97,167	97,166
France	Variable <sup>3</sup>	1,100,000	534,288	534,288
Germany	Variable 3	1,050,000	325,884	325,884
Italy	Variable 3	460,000	174,735	174,735
Japan	Variable 3	2,150,000	995,491	995,491
Korea	Variable <sup>3</sup>	27,700	27,700	27,700
Netherlands	Variable <sup>3</sup>	250,000	_	_
Norway	Variable 3	60,000	60,000	60,000
OPEC Fund for International				
Development	Variable 3	39,501 5	36,732	36,732
Spain	0.50	192,000	48,633	48,633
Switzerland	Variable 3	151,700	151,700	151,700
Total for enlargement of PRGF		6,380,901	2,932,653	2,932,651
Resources held pending repayment	6	_	_	375,1236
Total—Loan Account		11,325,901	7,874,082	6,244,024
Subsidy Account				
Malaysia (1994 loans)	2.00	40,000	40,000	40,000
Malaysia (1988 and 1989 loans)	0.50	40,000	40,000	
Malta	0.50	2,730	2,730	2,730
Pakistan	0.50	10,000	5,336	5,336
Singapore	2.00	80,000	80,000	50,000
Thailand	2.007	60,000	60,000	_
Tunisia	0.50	3,551	3,551	3,551
Uruguay	Variable 8	7,200	7,200	7,200
Total—Subsidy Account		243,481	238,817	108,817
				=======================================

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The loans under this agreement are made at market-related rates of interest fixed at the time the loan was disbursed.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>The agreement with France made before the enlargement of PRGF (SDR 800 million) provides that the interest rate shall be 0.5 percent on the first SDR 700 million drawn, and for variable, market-related rates of interest thereafter. The agreement with France made for the enlargement of the PRGF (SDR 750 million) provides that the interest rate shall be 0.5 percent until the cumulative implicit interest subsidy reaches SDR 250 million, and at variable, market-related rates of interest thereafter.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>The loans under these agreements are made at variable, market-related rates of interest.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup>The agreement expired with an undrawn balance of SDR 3.6 million.

 $<sup>^5\</sup>mathrm{The}$  agreement with the OPEC Fund for International Development is for an amount of \$50 million.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup>This amount represents principal repayments held and invested on behalf of a lender.

<sup>7</sup>In accordance with the agreement with Thailand, outstanding borrowings were repaid at the the request of Thailand on January 30, 1998.

<sup>8</sup>The interest rate payable on the borrowing from Uruguay is equal to the rate on SDR-denominated deposits less 2.6 percent a year.

## Poverty Reduction and Growth Facility Trust

# Status of Loan Arrangements<sup>1</sup> as at April 30, 2001

Member	Date of Arrangement	Expiration	Amount Agreed	Undrawn Balance
Albania	May. 13, 1998	Jul. 31, 2001	45,040	4,705
Benin	Jul. 17, 2000	Jul. 16, 2003	27,000	16,160
Bolivia	Sep. 18, 1998	Sep. 17, 2001	100,960	56,097
Burkina Faso	Sep. 10, 1999	Sep. 9, 2002	39,120	22,350
Cambodia	Oct. 22, 1999	Oct. 21, 2002	58,500	33,429
Cameroon	Dec. 21, 2000	Dec. 20, 2003	111,420	95,500
Central African Republic	Jul. 20, 1998	Jan. 19, 2002	49,440	24,960
Chad	Jan. 7, 2000	Jan. 6, 2003	36,400	26,000
Djibouti	Oct. 18, 1999	Oct. 17, 2002	19,082	13,630
Ethiopia	Mar. 22, 2001	Mar. 21, 2004	86,900	69,519
Gambia, The	Jun. 29, 1998	Dec. 31, 2001	20,610	6,870
Georgia	Jan. 12, 2001	Jan. 11, 2004	108,000	90,000
Ghana	May. 3, 1999	May. 2, 2002	191,900	120,848
Guinea-Bissau	Dec. 15, 2000	Dec. 14, 2003	14,200	9,120
Guyana	Jul. 15, 1998	Jul. 14, 2001	53,760	28,880
Honduras	Mar. 26, 1999	Mar. 25, 2002	156,750	64,600
Kenya	Aug. 4, 2000	Aug. 3, 2003	190,000	156,400
Kyrgyz Republic	Jun. 26, 1998	Jun. 25, 2001	73,380	28,690
Lao People's Democratic Republic	Apr. 25, 2001	Apr. 24, 2004	31,700	27,170
Lesotho	Mar. 9, 2001	Mar. 8, 2004	24,500	21,000
Macedonia, former Yugoslav Republic of	Dec. 18, 2000	Dec. 17, 2003	10,335	8,613
Madagascar	Mar. 1, 2001	Feb. 29, 2004	79,430	68,083
Malawi	Dec. 21, 2000	Dec. 20, 2003	45,110	38,670
Mali	Aug. 6, 1999	Aug. 5, 2002	46,650	33,150
Mauritania	Jul. 21, 1999	Jul. 20, 2002	42,490	24,280
Moldova, Republic of	Dec. 21, 2000	Dec. 20, 2003	110,880	92,400
Mozambique	Jun. 28, 1999	Jun. 27, 2002	87,200	33,600
Nicaragua	Mar. 18, 1998	Mar. 17, 2002	148,955	33,635
Niger	Dec. 22, 2000	Dec. 21, 2003	59,200	50,740
Rwanda	Jun. 24, 1998	Jan. 31, 2002	71,400	19,040
São Tomé and Príncipe	Apr. 28, 2000	Apr. 28, 2003	6,657	4,755
Senegal	Apr. 20, 1998	Apr. 19, 2002	107,010	28,536
Tajikistan, Republic of	Jun. 24, 1998	Dec. 24, 2001	100,300	28,020
Tanzania	Apr. 4, 2000	Apr. 3, 2003	135,000	75,000
Vietnam	Apr. 13, 2001	Apr. 12, 2004	290,000	248,600
Yemen, Republic of	Oct. 29, 1997	Oct. 28, 2001	264,750	94,750
Zambia	Mar. 25, 1999	Mar. 28, 2003	254,450	199,510
			3,298,479	1,997,310

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The Saudi Fund for Development may also provide resources to support arrangements under the PRGF through loans to qualifying members in association with loans under the PRGF. As at April 30, 2001, SDR 49.5 million of such associated loans had been disbursed.

## Poverty Reduction and Growth Facility Administered Accounts

# Balance Sheets as at April 30, 2001 and 2000

(In thousands of SDRs)

	Au	stria	Belg	gium	Bots	wana	Cl	nile
	2001	2000	2001	2000	2001	2000	2001	2000
Assets								
Cash and cash equivalents	— 44,940		80,000	180,413	- 6,885	 6,916	_	_
Advance payments to the PRGF Subsidy Account	257	47	_	_	124	48	_	_
Interest receivable			11	2,273		45		
Total assets	45,197	50,206	80,011	182,686	7,009	<u>7,009</u>		
Liabilities and Resources								
Deposits (Note 4)	45,000	50,000	80,000	180,000	6,894	6,894	_	_
Interest payable	197 —	203 3	1	355	115 —	115 —	_	
Total liabilities	45,197	50,206	80,001	180,355	7,009	7,009		
Resources			10	2,331				
Total Liabilities and Resources	45,197	50,206	80,011	182,686	7,009	7,009		
	G.	0000	Indo	macia	Inon I	D of	Dog	tugal
		2000		nesia 2000		2000		tugal 2000
	Gr 2001	2000	2001	2000	Iran, I 2001	2000	Por 2001	tugal 2000
Assets		<del></del>		<del></del>				
Cash and cash equivalents	2001	2000	2001	2000	2001	2000	2001	2000
		<del></del>		<del></del>				
Cash and cash equivalents Investments (Note 3) Advance payments to the PRGF Subsidy Account	2001	2000 — 31,600 —	2001 — 25,000 324	2000 — 25,080 —	2001	2000 — 5,016 —	2001	2000
Cash and cash equivalents Investments (Note 3) Advance payments to the PRGF Subsidy Account Interest receivable	2001 20,967 48	2000 — 31,600 — 444	2001 	2000 	4,993 29 —	5,016 — 33	2001 — 12,691 — 78 —	2000 — 13,188 —33 —
Cash and cash equivalents Investments (Note 3) Advance payments to the PRGF Subsidy Account	2001 	2000 — 31,600 —	2001 — 25,000 324	2000 — 25,080 —	2001  4,993 29	2000 — 5,016 —	2001 — 12,691	2000
Cash and cash equivalents Investments (Note 3) Advance payments to the PRGF Subsidy Account Interest receivable	2001 20,967 48	2000 — 31,600 — 444	2001 	2000 	4,993 29 —	5,016 — 33	2001 — 12,691 — 78 —	2000 — 13,188 —33 —
Cash and cash equivalents Investments (Note 3) Advance payments to the PRGF Subsidy Account Interest receivable Total assets Liabilities and Resources Deposits (Note 4)	2001  20,967  48  21,015  21,000	31,600 	25,000 324 186 25,510 25,000	25,080 25,080 352 25,432 25,000	2001 	5,016 ————————————————————————————————————	78 	2000 13,188 33 — 13,221 13,146
Cash and cash equivalents Investments (Note 3) Advance payments to the PRGF Subsidy Account Interest receivable Total assets  Liabilities and Resources Deposits (Note 4) Interest payable	2001  20,967  48  21,015  21,000  15	2000  31,600	25,000 324 186 25,510 25,000 509	25,080 25,080 352 25,432 25,000 314	2001	5,016  33 5,049  5,000 23	2001	2000  13,188  33  13,221  13,146 63
Cash and cash equivalents Investments (Note 3) Advance payments to the PRGF Subsidy Account Interest receivable Total assets  Liabilities and Resources Deposits (Note 4) Interest payable Other liabilities	2001  20,967  48  21,015  21,000  15  —	31,600 	25,000 324 186 25,510 25,000 509 1	25,080 25,080 ———————————————————————————————————	2001	5,016  33 5,049  5,000 23	78 ————————————————————————————————————	2000  13,188  33  13,221  13,146 63 1
Cash and cash equivalents Investments (Note 3) Advance payments to the PRGF Subsidy Account Interest receivable Total assets  Liabilities and Resources Deposits (Note 4) Interest payable Other liabilities Total liabilities	2001  20,967  48  21,015  21,000  15	31,600 	25,000 324 186 25,510 25,000 509	25,080 25,080 352 25,432 25,000 314 1 25,315	2001 	5,016  33 5,049  5,000 23 5,023	78 	2000  13,188  33   13,221  13,146  63  1  13,210
Cash and cash equivalents Investments (Note 3) Advance payments to the PRGF Subsidy Account Interest receivable Total assets  Liabilities and Resources Deposits (Note 4) Interest payable Other liabilities	2001  20,967  48  21,015  21,000  15  —	31,600 	25,000 324 186 25,510 25,000 509 1	25,080 25,080 ———————————————————————————————————	2001	5,016  33 5,049  5,000 23	78 ————————————————————————————————————	2000  13,188  33  13,221  13,146 63 1

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

/s/ Eduard Brau Treasurer /s/ Horst Köhler Managing Director

## Poverty Reduction and Growth Facility Administered Accounts

# Income Statements and Changes in Resources for the Years Ended April 30, 2001 and 2000

	Aus	stria	Belg	ium	Botsv	vana	Ch	ile
	2001	2000	2001	2000	2001	2000	2001	2000
Balance, beginning of the year	_	_	2,331	3,287	_	_	_	557
Investment income	3,077	1,893	6,620	7,932	431	253		228
Other expenses	(34)	(2)	´ —	´ —	(6)	_	_	_
Interest expense on deposits	(243)	(251)	(749)	(902)	(136)	(138)	_	(32)
	2,800	1,640	5,871	7,030	289	115		196
Transfers to the:								
PRGF Trust Subsidy Account	(2,800)	(1,640)	16	(7,986)	(289)	(115)	_	(753)
PRGF/HIPC Trust Account			(8,208)					
Net changes in resources	_	_	(2,321)	(956)	_	_	_	(557)
Balance, end of the year			10	2,331				
	====	====	====	====	===	===	====	====
	Gr	eece	Indo	nesia	Iran, I	. R. of	Port	ugal
	2001	2000	2001	2000	2001	2000	2001	2000
Balance, beginning of the year	361	1,112	117	272	26	18	11	47
Investment income	2,143	660	1,625	518	313	184	794	496
Other expenses	(19)	(1)		(1)	(5)	_	(11)	_
Interest expense on deposits	(129)	(167)	(495)	(386)	(24)	(25)	(61)	(66)
	1,995	492	1,130	131	284	159	722	430
Transfers to the:	,		,					
PRGF Trust Subsidy Account	(2,356)	(1,243)	(1,247)	(286)	(310)	(151)	(733)	(466)
Net changes in resources	(361)	(751)	(117)	(155)	(26)	8	(11)	(36)
Balance, end of the year		361		117		26	<u></u> ′	11

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

## **Poverty Reduction and Growth Facility Administered Accounts**

# Notes to the Financial Statements as at April 30, 2001 and 2000

## 1. Nature of Operations

The name of the Enhanced Structural Adjustment Facility Administered Accounts was changed to the Poverty Reduction and Growth Facility Administered Accounts ("the Administered Accounts") on November 22, 1999. At the request of certain member countries, the IMF established administered accounts for the benefit of the Subsidy Account of the Poverty Reduction and Growth Facility Trust (the PRGF Trust formerly the Enhanced Structural Adjustment Facility Trust). The administered accounts comprise deposits made by contributors. The difference between interest earned by the administered accounts and the interest payable on deposits is transferred to the Subsidy Account of the PRGF Trust.

The Saudi Fund for Development (SFD) Special Account was established at the request of the SFD to provide supplementary financing in association with loans under the Poverty Reduction and Growth Facility (PRGF). The IMF acts as agent of the SFD. Disbursements from the SFD Special Account are made simultaneously with PRGF disbursements. Payments of interest and principal due to the SFD under associated loans are to be transferred to the SFD.

The resources of each administered account are held separately from the assets of all other accounts of, or administered by, the IMF and may not be used to discharge liabilities or to meet losses incurred in the administration of other accounts.

# 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies Basis of Presentation

The financial statements of the IMF are prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standards (IAS). Specific accounting principles and disclosure practices are explained further below. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IAS requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

In financial year 2001, the IMF elected early adoption of IAS 39, *Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement.* The adoption of IAS 39 had no material effect on the PRGF Administered Accounts' financial statements.

## Revenue and Expense Recognition

The financial statements are maintained on the accrual basis; accordingly, income is recognized as it is earned, and expenses are recorded as they are incurred.

## Unit of Account

The financial statements are expressed in terms of SDRs. The value of the SDR is determined by the IMF each day by summing the values in U.S. dollars, based on market exchange rates, of the currencies in the SDR valuation basket. The IMF reviews the SDR valuation basket every five years. The latest

review was completed in October 2000 and the new composition of the SDR valuation basket became effective on January 1, 2001. The value of the SDR in terms of U.S. dollars on the last business day prior to the change (December 29, 2000) was identical under both valuation baskets. The currencies in the basket as of April 30, 2001 and 2000 and their amounts were as follows:

	Amount				
Currency	To December 31, 2000	From January 1, 2001			
Euro		0.426			
Euro (Germany)	0.228				
Euro (France)	0.1239				
Japanese yen	27.2	21.0			
Pound sterling	0.105	0.0984			
U.S. dollar	0.5821	0.577			

As of April 30, 2001, one SDR was equal to 1.26579 U.S. dollars (1.31921 U.S. dollars as of April 30, 2000).

## Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include short term deposits with a maturity of less than ninety days. These deposits are denominated in SDRs or other currencies and are carried at cost not exceeding market value. Interest received on these instruments varies and is based on prevailing market rates.

#### Investments

The resources of the Administered Accounts are invested pending their use. Investments are made in debt securities, either directly or by participation in an investment pool. Investments are marked to market value on the last business day of the accounting period. The valuations of purchases and sales are made on the trade date basis. Investment income comprises interest earned on investments, realized and unrealized gains and losses on investments and currency valuation differences arising from exchange rate movements against the SDR.

Interest rate risk is managed by limiting the investment portfolio to a weighted-average effective duration that does not exceed three years. Currency risk is minimized by investing in securities denominated in SDRs or in the constituent currencies of the SDR basket. Risk is further minimized by ensuring that the currency composition of the investment portfolio matches, as closely as possible, the currency composition of the SDR basket.

## **Transfers**

Internal transfers of resources within the Fund are accounted for under the accrual method of accounting.

## Foreign Currency Translation

Foreign currency transactions are recorded at the rate of exchange on the date of the transaction. At the balance sheet date, monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are reported using the closing exchange rates. Exchange differences arising on the settlement of transactions at rates different from those at the originating date of the

transaction, and unrealized foreign exchange differences on unsettled foreign currency monetary assets and liabilities are included in the determination of net income.

## Transfers to PRGF Subsidy Account

The difference between the interest earned by the PRGF Administered Accounts on the amount invested and the interest payable on the deposits of the administered account, net of any cost, is to be transferred to the Subsidy Account of the PRGF Trust.

## Administrative Costs

The expenses of conducting the activities of the administered accounts are incurred and borne by the General Department of the IMF.

## 3. Investments

The maturities of the administered accounts investments are as follows:

Maturity as at April 30	2001	2000
	In thousas	nds of SDRs
Less than 1 year	107,887	1,024
1–3 years	84,051	129,619
3–5 years	3,239	1,066
Over 5 years	299	250
Total	195,476	131,959

At April 30, the investments consisted of the following:

2001	2000
In thousan	ids of SDRs
90,476	131,959
105,000	_
195,476	131,959
	In thousand 90,476 105,000

At April 30, investment income is comprised of:

	2001	2000
	In thousan	ds of SDRs
Interest income	14,612	12,349
Realized losses, net	(983)	(95)
Unrealized gains (losses), net	1,374	(90)
Total	15,003	12,164

## 4. Deposits

The Administered Account Austria was established on December 27, 1988 for the administration of resources deposited in the account by the Austrian National Bank. Two deposits (one of SDR 60.0 million made on December 30, 1988 and one of SDR 50.0 million made on August 10, 1995) are to be repaid in ten equal semiannual installments beginning five and a half years after the date of each deposit and ending at the end of the tenth year after the date of each deposit. The deposits bear interest at a rate of ½ of 1 percent a year. The first deposit from Austria had been repaid in full.

The Administered Account Belgium was established on July 27, 1988 for the administration of resources deposited in the account by the National Bank of Belgium. Four

deposits (SDR 30.0 million made on July 29, 1988; SDR 35.0 million made on December 30, 1988; SDR 35.0 million made on June 30, 1989; and SDR 80.0 million made on April 29, 1994) have an initial maturity of six months and are renewable by the IMF, on the same basis. The final maturity of each deposit, including renewals, will be ten years from the initial dates of the individual deposits. The deposits bear interest at a rate of ½ of 1 percent a year. In accordance with an addendum to the account, effective on July 24, 1998, the maturities of the first three deposits will be extended by the National Bank of Belgium, for further periods of six months, provided that the total maturity period of each deposit does not exceed five years. The deposits are invested by the IMF, and the IMF pays the National Bank of Belgium interest on each deposit at an annual rate of ½ of 1 percent. The difference between the interest paid to the National Bank of Belgium and the interest earned on the deposits (net of any cost to the IMF) was retained in the account and invested. As of January 31, 2001, the Ministry of Finance of Belgium authorized a transfer of SDR 8.2 million in net earnings to the PRGF-HIPC Trust. The first three deposits, totaling SDR 100 million, were paid in full as of April 30, 2001.

The Administered Account Botswana was established on July 1, 1994 for the administration of resources deposited in the account by the Bank of Botswana. The deposit, totaling SDR 6.9 million, is to be repaid in one installment ten years after the date of deposit. The deposit bears interest at a rate of 2 percent a year.

The Administered Account Chile was established on October 4, 1994 for the administration of resources deposited in the account by the Banco Central de Chile. The deposit, totaling SDR 15.0 million, was repaid on October 4, 1999.

The Administered Account Greece was established on November 30, 1988 for the administration of resources deposited in the account by the Bank of Greece. Two deposits of SDR 35.0 million each (December 15, 1988 and April 29, 1994) are to be repaid in ten equal semiannual installments beginning five and a half years after the date of deposit and will be completed at the end of the tenth year after the date of the deposits. The deposits bear interest at a rate of ½ of 1 percent a year. The first deposit from Greece has been repaid in full.

The Administered Account Indonesia was established on June 30, 1994 for the administration of resources deposited in the account by the Bank Indonesia. The deposit, totaling SDR 25.0 million, is to be repaid in one installment ten years after the date the deposit was made. The interest payable on the deposit is equivalent to that obtained for the investment of the deposit less 2 percent a year.

The Administered Account Islamic Republic of Iran was established on June 6, 1994 for the administration of resources deposited in the account by the Central Bank of the Islamic Republic of Iran (CBIRI). The CBIRI has made five annual deposits, each of SDR 1.0 million. All of the deposits will be repaid at the end of ten years after the date of the first deposit. Each deposit bears interest at a rate of ½ of 1 percent a year.

The Administered Account Portugal was established on May 16, 1994 for the administration of resources deposited in the account by the Banco de Portugal (BdP). The BdP has agreed to make six annual deposits, each of SDR 2.2 million. Each

deposit is to be repaid in five equal annual installments beginning six years after the date of the deposit and will be completed at the end of the tenth year after the date of the deposit. Each deposit bears interest at a rate of ½ of 1 percent a year.

## 5. Associated Loans

The SFD has provided additional resources to support arrangements under the PRGF. Funds become available under an associated loan after a bilateral agreement between the SFD and the recipient country has been effected. Amounts denominated in SDRs, for disbursement to a recipient country under an associated loan, are placed by the SFD in the Saudi Fund for Development Special Account for disbursement by the IMF simultaneously with disbursements under PRGF arrangement. These loans are repayable in ten equal semiannual installments commencing not later than the end of the first six months of the sixth year, and are to be completed at the end of the tenth year after the date of disbursement. Interest on the outstanding balance is currently set at a rate of ½ of 1 percent a year.

The receipts and uses of resources for the Saudi Fund for Development Special Account were as follows:

	2001	2000
	In thousan	nds of SDRs
Receipts of Resources		
Cumulative transfers from the		
Saudi Fund for Development	49,500	49,500
Cumulative repayments of associated loans	26,150	16,250
Cumulative receipts of interest on associated loans	1,668	1,502
Accrued interest on associated loans	44	61
	77,362	67,313
Uses of Resources		
Associated loans	49,500	49,500
Cumulative repayments to the	,	Í
Saudi Fund for Development	26,150	16,250
Cumulative payments of interest on transfers	1,668	1,502
Accrued interest on transfers	44	61
	77,362	67,313

## **PRGF-HIPC** Trust and Related Accounts

# Combined Balance Sheets as at April 30, 2001 and 2000

(In thousands of SDRs)

	2001	2000
Assets		
Cash and cash equivalents	943,652	1,012,081
Investments (Note 3)	486,719	221,135
Transfers receivable (Note 4)	12,475	10,757
Interest receivable	10,706	8,768
Total Assets	1,453,552	1,252,741
Liabilities and Resources		
Borrowings (Note 5)	477,159	323,175
Other liabilities	_	13
Interest payable	860	626
Total Liabilities	478,019	323,814
Resources	975,533	928,927
Total Liabilities and Resources	1,453,552	1,252,741

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

/s/ Eduard Brau
Treasurer

/s/ Horst Köhler Managing Director

## **PRGF-HIPC** Trust and Related Accounts

# Combined Income Statements and Changes in Resources for the Years Ended April 30, 2001 and 2000

(In thousands of SDRs)

	2001	2000
Balance, beginning of the year	928,927	158,412
Investment income (Note 3)	64,308	21,492
Interest expense	(1,443)	(1,078)
Other expenses	(184)	(40)
Operational income	62,681	20,374
Contributions received	454,729	552,319
Grants	(262,808)	(139,986)
Disbursements	(91,376)	(43,308)
	163,226	389,399
Transfers	(116,620)	381,116
Net changes in resources	46,606	770,515
Balance, end of the year	975,533	928,927

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

## **PRGF-HIPC Trust and Related Accounts**

# Notes to the Financial Statements as at April 30, 2001 and 2000

## 1. Nature of Operations

The PRGF-HIPC Trust and Related Accounts comprise the PRGF-HIPC Trust Account, the Umbrella Account for HIPC Operations, and the Post-SCA-2 Administered Account. The PRGF-HIPC Trust Account comprises three subaccounts: the PRGF-HIPC, PRGF, and HIPC subaccounts. Combining balance sheets and income statements and changes in resources for each of these accounts are provided in Note 6. Transactions between the above accounts are eliminated on combination in the combined balance sheets and combined income statements and changes in resources.

## PRGF-HIPC Trust (formerly the ESAF-HIPC Trust)

The name of the Trust for Special ESAF Operations for the Heavily Indebted Poor Countries and for Interim ESAF Subsidy Operations was changed to the Trust for Special PRGF Operations for the Heavily Indebted Poor Countries and for Interim PRGF Subsidy Operations (the PRGF-HIPC Trust) on November 22, 1999. The PRGF-HIPC Trust, for which the IMF is trustee, was established on February 4, 1997 to provide balance of payments assistance to low-income developing members by making grants or loans to eligible members for the purpose of reducing their external debt burden and for interim PRGF subsidy purposes. The resources of the PRGF-HIPC Trust are held separately from the assets of all other accounts of, or administered by, the IMF and may not be used to discharge liabilities or to meet losses incurred in the administration of other accounts.

The operations of the PRGF-HIPC Trust are conducted through the PRGF-HIPC Trust Account and the Umbrella Account for HIPC Operations.

# PRGF-HIPC Trust Account (formerly the ESAF-HIPC Trust Account)

The resources of the PRGF-HIPC Trust Account consist of grant contributions, borrowings, and other types of investments made by contributors; amounts transferred by the IMF from the Special Disbursement Account and the General Resources Account; and net earnings from investment of resources held in the PRGF-HIPC Trust Account.

The PRGF-HIPC subaccount holds resources that can finance either HIPC operations or interim PRGF subsidy operations; the PRGF subaccount holds resources earmarked for interim PRGF subsidy operations, while the HIPC subaccount holds resources earmarked for HIPC operations. PRGF-HIPC subaccount resources used to finance HIPC operations through the HIPC subaccount are repayable to the PRGF-HIPC subaccount and bear interest at a rate equal to the average return on investments in the Special Disbursement Account.

The resources held in the PRGF-HIPC Trust Account are to be used by the trustee to make grants or loans to eligible members that qualify for assistance under the HIPC Initiative and for subsidizing the interest rate on interim PRGF operations to PRGF-eligible members.

## Umbrella Account for HIPC Operations

The Umbrella Account for HIPC Operations ("the Umbrella Account") receives and administers the proceeds of grants or loans made to eligible members that qualify for assistance under the terms of the PRGF-HIPC Trust. Within the Umbrella Account, resources received are administered through the establishment of subaccounts for each eligible member upon the approval of disbursements under the PRGF-HIPC Trust.

The resources of a subaccount of the Umbrella Account consist of (1) amounts disbursed from the PRGF-HIPC Trust Account as grants or loans for the benefit of a member, and (2) net earnings from investment of the resources held in the subaccount.

The resources held in a subaccount of the Umbrella Account are to be used to meet the member's debt obligations to the IMF or accounts administered by it in accordance with the schedule agreed upon by the trustee and the member for the use of the proceeds of the PRGF-HIPC Trust disbursements.

## Post-SCA-2 Administered Account

The Post-SCA-2 Administered Account, which is administered by the IMF on behalf of members, was established on December 8, 1999 for the temporary administration of resources transferred by members following the termination of the second Special Contingent Account (SCA-2), prior to the final disposition of those resources.

Resources received from a member's cumulative SCA-2 contributions, together with the member's pro rata share of investment returns, shall be transferred to the PRGF-HIPC Trust or to the member, in accordance with the member's instructions. The assets held in the Post-SCA-2 Administered Account are held separately from the assets and property of all other accounts of, or administered by, the IMF and may not be used to discharge liabilities or to meet losses incurred in the administration of other accounts.

# 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies Basis of Presentation

The financial statements of the IMF are prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standards (IAS). Specific accounting principles and disclosure practices are explained further below. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IAS requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

In financial year 2001, the IMF elected early adoption of IAS 39, *Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement.* The adoption of IAS 39 had no material effect on the PRGF-HIPC Trust and Related Accounts' financial statements.

## Revenue and Expense Recognition

The financial statements are prepared on the accrual basis; accordingly, income is recognized as it is earned, and expenses are recorded as they are incurred.

## Unit of Account

The financial statements are expressed in terms of SDRs. The value of the SDR is determined by the IMF each day by summing the values in U.S. dollars, based on market exchange rates, of the currencies in the SDR valuation basket. The IMF reviews the SDR valuation basket every five years. The latest review was completed in October 2000 and the new composition of the SDR valuation basket became effective from January 1, 2001. The value of the SDR in terms of U.S. dollars on the last business day prior to the change (December 29, 2000) was identical under both valuation baskets. The currencies in the basket as of April 30, 2001 and 2000 and their amounts were as follows:

	Amount				
Currency	To December 31, 2000	From January 1, 2001			
Euro		0.426			
Euro (Germany)	0.228				
Euro (France)	0.1239				
Japanese yen	27.2	21.0			
Pound sterling	0.105	0.0984			
U.S. dollar	0.5821	0.577			

As of April 30, 2001, one SDR was equal to 1.26579 U.S. dollars (one SDR was equal to 1.31921 U.S. dollars as of April 30, 2000).

## Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include short-term deposits with a maturity of less than ninety days. These deposits are denominated in SDRs or other currencies and are carried at cost not exceeding market value. Interest received on these instruments varies and is based on prevailing market rates.

## Investments

The resources of the Trust are invested pending their use. The Trust invests in debt securities, either directly or by participation in an investment pool. Investments are valued at their market value on the last business day of the accounting period. Purchases are valued and reflected on the trade date basis and sales are based on the actual settlement date valuations. Investment income comprises interest earned on investments, realized and unrealized gains and losses on investments, and currency valuation differences arising from exchange rate movements against the SDR.

Interest rate risk is managed by limiting the investment portfolio to a weighted-average effective duration that does not exceed three years. Currency risk is minimized by investing in securities denominated in SDRs or in the constituent currencies of the SDR basket. Regular portfolio rebalancing to ensure that the currency composition of the investment portfolio matches, as closely as possible, the currency composition of the SDR basket, further minimizes risk.

## **Contributions**

Bilateral contributions are reflected as increases in resources after the achievement of specified conditions and are subject to bilateral agreements stipulating how the resources are to be used.

## **Transfers**

Internal transfers of resources within the Fund are accounted for under the accrual method of accounting.

## Foreign Currency Translation

Foreign currency transactions are recorded at the rate of exchange on the date of the transaction. At the balance sheet date, monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are reported using the closing exchange rates. Exchange differences arising on the settlement of transactions at rates different from those at the originating date of the transaction and unrealized foreign exchange differences on unsettled foreign currency monetary assets and liabilities are included in the determination of net income.

#### Administrative Costs

The expenses of conducting activities of the Trust and related accounts are incurred and borne by the General Department of the IMF.

#### 3. Investments

The maturities of the investments in debt securities are as follows:

2001	2000
In thousa	nds of SDRs
247,851	1,017
229,222	217,907
8,832	1,791
814	420
486,719	221,135
	In thousa 247,851 229,222 8,832 814

At April 30, the investments consisted of the following:

	2001	2000
	In thousar	ıds of SDRs
Debt securities	241,310	221,135
Fixed-term deposits	245,409	
Total	486,719	221,135

At April 30, investment income comprised:

	2001	2000
	In thousan	ds of SDRs
Interest income	62,768	21,698
Realized losses, net	(1,759)	(54)
Unrealized gains (losses), net	3,411	(151)
Exchange rate losses, net	(112)	(1)
Total	64,308	21,492

## 4. Transfers Receivable and Payable

At April 30, 2001, the HIPC subaccount had transfers payable to the PRGF-HIPC subaccount arising from past disbursements to the Umbrella Account under the HIPC initiative in the amount of SDR 214.2 million, including

interest (SDR 200.7 million at April 30, 2000). Interest payable between subaccounts is eliminated on combination. At April 30, 2001, there was a transfer due from the Special Disbursement Account amounting to SDR 12.5 million (there was no transfer due at April 30, 2000). At April 30, 2001, there was no transfer due from the General Resources Account (SDR 10.8 million at April 30, 2000).

## 5. Borrowings

The Trust borrows on such terms and conditions as agreed between the Trust and the lenders. Interest rates on borrowings at 2001 and 2000 varied between 0 percent and 2 percent a year. The principal amounts of the borrowings are repayable in one installment at their maturity dates. Scheduled repayments of borrowings are summarized below:

Ending April 30	
	In thousands of SDRs
2002	14,607
2003	_
2004	_
2005	15,000

447,552

477,159

# 6. Combining Balance Sheets and Income Statements and Changes in Resources

2006 and beyond Total

The balance sheets and income statements and changes in resources for each of the accounts and subaccounts in the PRGF-HIPC Trust and Related Accounts are presented on the following two pages:

Note 6 (continued)

Combining Balance Sheets as at April 30, 2001 and 2000

				2001					7	2000	
	PR	GF-HIPC subac	PRGF-HIPC Trust Account subaccount	ınt	Umbrella Account	Post-SCA-2	banitano)	PRGF-HIPC	Umbrella Account	Post-SCA-2	Combined
	PRGF-HIPC	PRGF	HIPC	Combined	Operations	Account	Total	Account	Operations	Account1	Total
Assets											
Cash and cash equivalents	536,906	6,390	3,863	547,159	304,356	92,137	943,652	600,736	157,131	254,214	1,012,081
Investments	444,133	7,543		451,676	35,043	1	486,719	221,135		I	221,135
Transfers receivable	12,475			12,475		1	12,475	10,757		1	10,757
Transfers to and from subaccounts	(4		(214,248)			I		1		1	1
Interest receivable	5,346	70	86	5,514	4,011	1,181	10,706	2,237	3,694	2,837	8,768
Total Assets	1,213,108	14,003	(210,287)	1,016,824	343,410	93,318	1,453,552	834,865	160,825	257,051	1,252,741
Liabilities and Resources											
Borrowings	477,159	1	I	477,159	I	I	477,159	323,175	I	I	323,175
Other liabilities	1	1		1	1	1	l	13		I	13
Interest payable	098			098			098	626			626
Total Liabilities	478,019			478,019			478,019	323,814			323,814
Resources	735,089	14,003	(210,287)	538,805	343,410	93,318	975,533	511,051	160,825	257,051	928,927
Total Liabilities and Resources	1,213,108	14,003	(210,287)	1,016,824	343,410	93,318	1,453,552	834,865	160,825	257,051	1,252,741

<sup>1</sup>The Post SCA-2 Administered Account was established on December 8, 1999.

Note 6 (concluded)

Combining Income Statements and Changes in Resources for the Years Ended April 30, 2001 and 2000

				2001					72	2000	
	PF	PRGF-HIPC suba	Trust Account	ınt	Umbrella Account	Post-SCA-2	111	PRGF-HIPC	Umbrella Account	Post-SCA-2	1
	PRGF-HIPC PRGF	PRGF	HIPC	Combined		Account	Total	Account	Operations	Account1	Total
Balance, beginning of the year	491,006	7,310	12,735	511,051	160,825	257,051	928,927	99,651	58,761		158,412
Investment income	52,659	551	5,601	45,2682	11,153	7,887	64,308	11,734	5,386	4,372	21,492
Interest expense	(1,443)		(13,543)	$(1,443)^2$	1	1	(1,443)	(1,078)		l	(1,078)
Other expenses	(179)	(2)		(184)			(184)	(40)			(40)
Operational income/(loss)	51,037	546	(7,942)	43,641	11,153	7,887	62,681	10,616	5,386	4,372	20,374
Contributions received	138,046	6,147	47,728	191,921	262,808	1	454,729	412,333	139,986	l	552,319
Grants	1	1	(262,808)	(262,808)		1	(262,808)	(139,986)		I	(139,986)
Disbursements					(91,376)		(91,376)		(43,308)		(43,308)
	189,083	6,693	(223,022)	(27,246)	182,585	7,887	163,226	282,963	102,064	4,372	389,399
Transfers	55,000			55,000		(171,620)	(116,620)	128,437		252,679	381,116
Net changes in resources	244,083	6,693	(223,022)	27,754	182,585	(163,733)	46,606	$\frac{411,400}{}$	102,064	257,051	770,515
Balance, end of the year	735,089	14,003	(210,287)	538,805	$\frac{343,410}{}$	93,318	975,533	$\frac{511,051}{}$	160,825	257,051	928,927

<sup>1</sup>The Post-SCA-2 Administered Account was established on December 8, 1999; the FY 2000 figures presented are for the period December 8, 1999 through April 30, 2000. <sup>2</sup>Interest payable between subaccounts amounting to SDR 13.5 million (SDR 6.7 million at April 30, 2000) has been climinated in the combined totals.

## **Post-SCA-2 Administered Account**

# Holdings, Interest and Transfers as at April 30, 2001 and 2000

Member	Balance Beginning of the Year	Interest Earned	Transfers to Member	Transfers to PRGF-HIPC Trust	Balance at end of the Year
Algeria	7,690	322	_	(7,600)	412
Argentina	19,890	904	_		20,794
Austria	9,715	266	_	(9,981)	´ —
Brazil	10,138	460	_		10,598
Brunei Darussalam	52	3	_	_	55
Croatia, Republic of	527	23	_	(519)	31
Czech Republic	47	_	(47)	_	_
Dominican Republic	915	42	_	_	957
Egypt	1,751	10	_	(1,761)	<del></del>
Estonia, Republic of	139	7	_	_	146
Fiji	197	9	_		206
Finland	5,905	229	_	(5,812)	322
Gabon	438	20		(0.225)	458
Hungary	9,385	266	(414)	(9,237)	_
India	390	_	_	(390)	_
Indonesia	4,928	46	_	(4,974)	_
Italy	43,087	221	_	(43,308)	_
Jordan	1,040	47	_	_	1,087
Kuwait	4,262	43	_	(4,305)	_
Latvia, Republic of	273	13	_	(269)	17
Malaysia	7,482	339	_	_	7,821
Mauritius	_	_	_	_	_
Morocco	2,222	14	_	(2,236)	_
New Zealand	1,218		_	(1,218)	
Oman	1,074	49	_	_	1,123
Pakistan	4,734	30	_	(4,764)	_
Peru	_	_	_	_	_
Poland, Republic of	7,187	37	(150)	(7,074)	_
Russian Federation	10,247	348	_	(10,595)	
Saudi Arabia	16,978	710	_	(16,710)	978
Singapore	4,111	184	_	(4,046)	249
Spain	26,348	827	(1,175)	(26,000)	_
Sri Lanka	12	_	_	(12)	_
Sweden	10,765	489	_	_	11,254
Thailand	6,226	253	_	(6,129)	350
Tonga	26	1	_	_	27
Trinidad & Tobago	2,233	101	_	_	2,334
Tunisia	2,400	98	_	(2,362)	136
United Arab Emirates	5,213	237	_	_	5,450
Vanuatu	44	2	_	_	46
Venezuela	27,231	1,236	_	_	28,467
Vietnam	531	1		(532)	
Total at April 30, 2001	<u>257,051</u>	<u>7,887</u>	(1,786)	<u>(169,834</u> )	93,318
Total at April 30, 2000	296,720 1	4,372	(34)	(44,007)	257,051

 $<sup>^{1}\</sup>mbox{Transferred}$  to the Post-SCA-2 Administered Account from the SCA-2 Account during FY 2000.

Schedule 2

## **PRGF-HIPC Trust Account**

# Contributions and Transfers as at April 30, 2001 and 2000

(In thousands of SDRs)

## Subaccount

		- Cubuccount		
	PRGF-HIPC	PRGF	HIPC	Combined
Year ended April 30, 2000				
Australia	_	_	9,189	9,189
Bangladesh	1,163	_	´ —	1,163
Barbados	250	_	_	250
Belize	20	_	_	20
Cambodia	27	_	_	27
Canada	32,929	_	_	32,929
China	13,132	_	_	13,132
Cyprus	544	_	_	544
Denmark	6,120	_	_	6,120
France	38,696	_	_	38,696
Greece	2,200	_	_	2,200
Iceland	93	_	_	93
Ireland	3,937	_	_	3,937
Israel	1,189	_	_	1,189
Jamaica	1,800	_	_	1,800
Japan	20,245	_	_	20,245
Korea	10,625	_	_	10,625
Luxembourg	488	_	_	488
Malta	706	_	_	706
Mauritius	40	_	_	40
Netherlands	_	3,345	_	3,345
Norway	7,252	_	_	7,252
Philippines	4,500	_	_	4,500
Portugal	4,430	_	_	4,430
Samoa	3	_	_	3
San Marino, Republic of	32	_	_	32
Slovak Republic	2,669	_	_	2,669
Slovenia, Republic of	311	_	_	311
South Africa	895	_	_	895
Swaziland	20	_	_	20
United Kingdom	23,551	_	<del></del>	23,551
United States			221,932	221,932
	177,867	3,345	231,121	412,333
Transfers from SDA	69,267	_	_	69,267
Transfers from GRA	59,170			59,170
	128,437	_	_	128,437
	306,304	3,345	231,121	540,770
	====	====	=====	=====

Schedule 2 (concluded)

## **PRGF-HIPC Trust Account**

## **Contributions and Transfers** as at April 30, 2001 and 2000

(In thousands of SDRs)

## Subaccount

	PRGF-HIPC	PRGF	HIPC	Combined
Year ended April 30, 2001				
Australia	_	_	3,910	3,910
Austria	_	_	9,981	9,981
Belgium	12,208	_	· —	12,208
Belize	20	_	_	20
Denmark	2,374	_	_	2,374
Egypt	37	_	_	37
France	17,196	_	_	17,196
Iceland	366	_	_	366
India	390	_	_	390
Indonesia	124	_	_	124
Italy	43,309	_	_	43,309
Japan	16,356	_	_	16,356
Kuwait	108	_	_	108
Latvia, Republic of	269	_	_	269
Mexico	8,000	_	_	8,000
Morocco	49	_	_	49
Netherlands	_	6,147	_	6,147
New Zealand	1,158	_	_	1,158
Norway	1,144	_	_	1,144
Pakistan	105	_	_	105
Poland, Republic of	877	_	_	877
Russian Federation	10,200	_	_	10,200
South Africa	4,000	_	_	4,000
Spain	16,550	_	_	16,550
Sri Lanka	12	_	_	12
Switzerland	3,184	_	_	3,184
United Kingdom	_	_	33,837	33,837
Vietnam	10			10
	138,046	6,147	47,728	191,921
Transfers from SDA	55,000	, <u> </u>	_	55,000
	193,046	6,147	47,728	246,921
	<del></del>	<del></del>		

## **PRGF-HIPC Trust Account**

## Borrowings as at April 30, 2001 and 2000

		Total Date	Am	ount
Date of Arrangement	Maturity <sup>1</sup>	Interest Rate (in percent)	2001	2000
PRGF-HIPC subaccount				
SDR-denominated				
April 30, 1997	April 29, 2002	2.0	14,607	14,607
May 30, 1997	May 29, 2007	0.5	1,000	1,000
May 30, 1998	May 29, 2007	0.5	1,000	1,000
June 29, 1998	June 28, 2008	2.0	15,000	15,000
November 20, 1998	November 19, 2008	2.0	10,000	10,000
May 30, 1999	May 29, 2007	0.5	1,000	1,000
August 24, 1999	August 23, 2009	2.0	5,000	5,000
August 30, 1999	August 29, 2009	2.0	10,000	10,000
October 4, 1999	October 3, 2004	0.5	15,000	15,000
January 31, 2000	January 30, 2010	1.5	6,144	6,144
February 24, 2000	February 23, 2020	0.0	5,664	5,664
March 31, 2000	December 30, 2018	0.0	31,370	31,370
April 24, 2000	December 23, 2018	0.0	789	789
May 17, 2000	May 16, 2010	0.5	982	_
May 24, 2000	December 31, 2018	0.0	523	_
May 27, 2000	December 31, 2018	0.0	750	_
May 30, 2000	May 29, 2007	0.5	1,000	_
June 12, 2000	June 11, 2020	0.0	7,074	_
June 16, 2000	December 31, 2018	0.0	1,724	_
June 22, 2000	June 21, 2020	0.0	2,187	_
June 22, 2000	June 21, 2020	0.0	4,659	_
July 18, 2000	December 17, 2018	0.0	4,850	_
July 25, 2000	December 24, 2018	0.0	4,196	_
August 23, 2000	August 22, 2010	0.5	100	_
August 30, 2000	August 29, 2010	2.0	10,000	_
December 8, 2000	December 7, 2018	0.0	9,237	_
February 27, 2001	February 26, 2011	0.0	5,440	_
February 28, 2001	December 30, 2018	0.0	5,812	_
March 14, 2001	March 13, 2020	0.0	6,128	_
March 20, 2001	March 19, 2021	0.5	2,362	_
March 27, 2001	December 26, 2018	0.0	16,710	_
March 27, 2001	December 26, 2018	0.5	3,000	_
March 27, 2001	December 26, 2018	0.5	49,820	_
March 27, 2001	March 26, 2021	0.0	7,600	_
April 9, 2001	January 8, 2019	0.0	519	_
April 13, 2001	January 12, 2019	0.5	1,500	_
April 24, 2001	April 23, 2011	0.0	4,046	_
•	,		266,793	116,574
Currency-denominated				
February 11, 2000	February 10, 2010	0.0	210,3662	206,601
Total			477,159	323,175

 $<sup>^{1}\</sup>mathrm{The}$  principal amounts of all the borrowings are payable in one installment at their maturity dates.  $^{2}\mathrm{The}$  principal amount of the borrowing is for euro 300 million.

## **Umbrella Account for HIPC Operations**

## as at April 30, 2001 and 2000

## Grants, Interest and Disbursements

	Opening Balance	Grants from PRGF-HIPC Trust Account	Interest Earned	Disbursements	Balance
Y 1. 1 1 5 1 20 2000					
<b>Year ended April 30, 2000</b> Bolivia	14,905		424	7,423	7,906
Guyana	14,905	25,561	716	7,425 7,415	18,862
Mozambique		95,483	2,758	14,818	83,423
Tanzania		13,342	33	1 <del>1,</del> 010	13,375
Uganda	43,856	5,600	1,455	13,652	37,259
C Garriera	<del></del>	<del>'</del>	<del></del>		<del></del>
	<u>58,761</u>	139,986	<u>5,386</u>	<u>43,308</u>	160,825
Year ended April 30, 2001					
Benin	_	3,700	77	2,975	802
Bolivia	7,906	_	217	5,539	2,584
Burkina Faso	_	17,800	614	3,718	14,696
Cameroon	_	2,240	28	1,837	431
Gambia, The	_	80	1	9	72
Guinea	_	2,424	39	228	2,235
Guinea-Bissau	_	541	8	158	391
Guyana	18,862	6,140	889	7,251	18,640
Madagascar	_	677	6	677	6
Malawi	_	2,314	33	1,203	1,144
Mali	_	11,490	334	1,586	10,238
Mauritania	_	9,922	75	4,988	5,009
Mozambique	83,423	_	3,285	22,976	63,732
Niger	_	430	7	_	437
Rwanda	_	6,762	95	3,149	3,708
Senegal	_	4,777	47	1,709	3,115
Tanzania	13,375	13,340	314	13,609	13,420
Uganda	37,259	62,971	2,908	19,764	83,374
Zambia		117,200			119,376
	160,825	262,808	11,153	91,376	343,410
			<del></del>		

Other Administered Accounts

Balance Sheets as at April 30, 2001 and 2000

ntary acility :ount	2000	Î		2,319	24	2,343		2,343
red Supplementary for Financing Facility a Subsidy Account	2001	s of SDRs)		2,319	24	2,343		2,343
	2000	——(In thousands of SDRs)-		288	w	291		291
Administered Account for Rwanda	2001							
Administered Account— Spain	2001			1		1		1
Framework Administered Account for Technical Assistance Activities	2000			4,201		4,201		4,201
	2001	U.S. dollars)		4,539		4,539		4,539
	2000	–(In thousands of $U.S.$ dollars)–		18,854		18,854		18,854
Administered Account for Selected Fund Activities—Japan	2001	<i>nI</i> )————————————————————————————————————		14,580		14,580		14,580
Administered Account Japan	2000			107,405	34	107,439		107,439
Administered Account Japan	2001			114,184		114,184		114,184
			Assets	Cash and cash equivalents	Interest receivable	Total Assets	Resources	Total Resources

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

/s/ Eduard Brau Treasurer

/s/ Horst Köhler Managing Director

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# Other Administered Accounts

Income Statements and Changes in Resources for the Years Ended April 30, 2001 and 2000

Supplementary Financing Facility Subsidy Account	2000	Î	2,259	84	I			84			84	2,343
Supple Financir Subsidy	2001	—(In thousands of SDRs)—	2,343	104	1			104		(104)	1	2,343
Administered Account for Rwanda	2000	——————————————————————————————————————	484	13	l		(206)	(193)		1	(193)	291
Administers Account fo Rwanda	2001		291	9	l		(297)	(291)			(291)	1
Administered Account— Spain	2001			72	506,329		(506,401)					
work istered ount chnical cance	2000		4,798	186	3,240		(4,023)	(597)		1	(597)	$\frac{4,201}{}$
Framework Administered Account for Technical Assistance Activities	2001	U.S. dollars)-	$\frac{4,201}{}$	257	3,882		(3,801)	338		1	338	4,539
stered at for I Fund —Japan	2000	—(In thousands of U.S. dollars)	25,997	1,142	14,042		(22,327)	(7,143)		1	(7,143)	18,854
Administered Account for Selected Fund Activities—Japan	2001	(In t	18,854	718	15,119		(20,111]	(4,274)			(4,274)	$\frac{14,580}{}$
Administered Account Japan	2000		101,898	5,541	1			5,541			5,541	107,439
Administered Account Japan	2001		107,439	6,745				6,745			6,745	$\frac{114,184}{}$
			Balance, beginning of the year	Income earned on investments	Contributions received	Payments to and on behalf	of beneficiaries		Transfers to the Special	Disbursement Account (Note 4)	Net changes in resources	Balance, end of the year

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these financial statements.

# Other Administered Accounts Notes to the Financial Statements as at April 30, 2001 and 2000

## 1. Nature of Operations

At the request of members, the IMF has established special purpose accounts to administer contributed resources and to perform financial and technical services consistent with the purposes of the IMF. The assets of each account and each subaccount are separate from the assets of all other accounts of, or administered by, the IMF and are not to be used to discharge liabilities or to meet losses incurred in the administration of other accounts.

## Administered Account Japan

At the request of Japan, the IMF established an account on March 3, 1989 to administer resources, made available by Japan or other countries with Japan's concurrence, that are to be used to assist certain members with overdue obligations to the IMF. The resources of the account are to be disbursed in amounts specified by Japan and to members designated by Japan.

## Administered Account for Selected Fund Activities— Japan

At the request of Japan, the IMF established the Administered Technical Assistance Account—Japan on March 19, 1990 to administer resources contributed by Japan to finance technical assistance to member countries. On July 21, 1997, the account was renamed the Administered Account for Selected Fund Activities—Japan and amended to include the administration of resources contributed by Japan in support of the IMF's Regional Office for Asia and the Pacific (OAP). The resources of the account designated for technical assistance activities are used with the approval of Japan and include the provision of scholarships. The resources designated for the OAP are used as agreed between Japan and the IMF for certain activities of the IMF with respect to Asia and the Pacific through the OAP. Disbursements can also be made from the account to the General Resources Account to reimburse the IMF for qualifying technical assistance projects and OAP expenses.

## Framework Administered Account for Technical Assistance Activities

The Framework Administered Account for Technical Assistance Activities ("the Framework Account") was established by the IMF on April 3, 1995 to receive and administer contributed resources that are to be used to finance technical assistance consistent with the purposes of the IMF. The financing of technical assistance activities is implemented through the establishment and operation of subaccounts within the Framework Account.

Resources are to be used in accordance with the written understandings between the contributor and the Managing Director. Disbursements can also be made from the Framework Account to the General Resources Account to reimburse the IMF for its costs incurred on behalf of technical assistance activities financed by resources from the Framework Account.

## Subaccount for Japan Advanced Scholarship Program

At the request of Japan, this subaccount was established on June 6, 1995 to finance the cost of studies and training of nationals of member countries in macroeconomics and related subjects at selected universities and institutions. The scholarship program focuses primarily on the training of nationals of Asian member countries, including Japan.

## Rwanda—Macroeconomic Management Capacity Subaccount

At the request of Rwanda, this subaccount was established on December 20, 1995 to finance technical assistance to rehabilitate and strengthen Rwanda's macroeconomic management capacity.

## Australia—IMF Scholarship Program for Asia Subaccount

At the request of Australia, this subaccount was established on June 5, 1996 to finance the cost of studies and training of government and central bank officials in macroeconomic management so as to enable them to contribute to their countries' achievement of sustainable economic growth and development. The program focuses primarily on the training of nationals of Asian countries.

## Switzerland Technical Assistance Subaccount

At the request of Switzerland, this subaccount was established on August 27, 1996 to finance the costs of technical assistance activities of the IMF that consist of policy advice and training in macroeconomic management.

## French Technical Assistance Subaccount

At the request of France, this subaccount was established on September 30, 1996 to cofinance the costs of training in economic fields for nationals of certain member countries.

## Denmark Technical Assistance Subaccount

At the request of Denmark, this subaccount was established on August 25, 1998 to finance the costs of technical assistance activities of the IMF that consist of advising on policy and administrative reforms in the fiscal, monetary, and related statistical fields.

## Australia Technical Assistance Subaccount

At the request of Australia, this subaccount was established on March 7, 2000 to finance the costs of technical assistance activities of the IMF that consist of advising on the design of policy and administrative reforms in the fiscal, monetary and related statistical fields, as well as to provide training in the formulation and implementation of macroeconomic and financial policies.

## The Netherlands Technical Assistance Subaccount

At the request of the Netherlands, this subaccount was established on July 27, 2000 to finance projects that seek to enhance the capacity of the members to formulate and implement policies in the macroeconomic, fiscal, monetary, financial, and related statistical fields, including training programs and projects that strengthen the legal and administrative framework in these core areas.

## Administered Account—Spain

At the request of Spain, the IMF established an account on March 20, 2001 to receive and disburse resources up to \$1 billion contributed by Spain for Argentina. The resources of this account are to be used to assist Argentina in the implementation of the adjustment program supported by the IMF under the Stand-By Arrangement for Argentina approved on March 10, 2000 and augmented on January 12, 2001 ("the Stand-By Arrangement").

## Administered Account for Rwanda

At the request of the Netherlands, Sweden, and the United States ("the donor countries"), the IMF established an account on October 27, 1995 to administer resources contributed by the donor countries to provide grants to Rwanda. These grants are to be used for reimbursing the service charge and reducing, to the equivalent of a rate of ½ of 1 percent a year, the rate of the quarterly charges payable by Rwanda on its use of the IMF's financial resources under the Compensatory and Contingency Financing Facility (CCFF). The account has been terminated on November 30, 2000 and the balance transferred to donor countries, in proportion to their contribution. The distribution of the final accrued interest was made in February 2001 when quarterly interest on SDR accounts was paid.

## Trust Fund

In addition to the aforementioned accounts, the IMF is also the trustee of the Trust Fund, which is in liquidation. The Trust Fund was established in 1976 to provide balance of payments assistance on concessional terms to eligible members that qualify for assistance.

In 1980, the IMF, as trustee, decided that, upon the completion of the final loan disbursements, the Trust Fund would be terminated as of April 30, 1981, and after that date, the activities of the Trust Fund have been confined to the conclusion of its affairs. The final Trust Fund loan settlement was due on March 31, 1991. As of April 30, 2001 and 2000, the Trust Fund had no assets other than loans receivable of SDR 88.8 million and SDR 88.9 million, respectively. Interest continues to be charged on the outstanding balances, all of which is overdue, and all interest recognition is deferred. Cash receipts on these loans are to be transferred to the Special Disbursement Account.

#### Loans

Loans in the Trust Fund are valued at historical cost. Allowances for loan losses would be established if and when the Trust expects to incur a loss; no losses have been incurred in the past, and it is the current expectation that no losses will be incurred in the future.

An overdue member would have to become current in the IMF and in the Trust Fund before access to credit could be restored and consequently no loss is expected on the loans. The member's resources or other resources would be used to reimburse the Trust Fund.

## Deferred Income

The recognition of interest income and special charges on the Trust Fund loans outstanding to members with obligations overdue six months or more is being deferred and is recognized as income only when paid, unless the member has remained current in settling charges when due.

## Overdue Obligations

At April 30, 2001 and 2000, three members with obligations to the Trust Fund were six months or more overdue in discharging their obligations to the Trust Fund. The recognition of interest income on the loans outstanding to these members is being deferred. At April 30, 2001, total deferred income amounted to SDR 27.1 million (SDR 26.7 million at April 30, 2000). Overdue loan repayments and interest and special charges due from these members were as follows:

	Lo	ans	Interest and Special Charges		
	2001 2000		2001	2000	
		In million	ns of SDRs		
Total overdue	88.8	88.9	27.1	26.7	
Overdue six months or more	88.8	88.9	26.9	26.5	
Overdue three years or more	88.8	88.9	25.8	25.4	

The type and duration of the arrears of these members at April 30, 2001 were as follows:

Member	Loans	Interest and Special Charges	Total	Longest Overdue Obligation
	In	millions of SD.	Rs	
Liberia	23.1	7.0	30.1	April 1985
Somalia	6.5	1.4	7.9	July 1987
Sudan	59.2	18.7	77.9	June 1985
Total	88.8	27.1	115.9	

## Transfer of Resources

The resources of the Trust Fund held on April 30, 1981 or received thereafter have been used to pay interest and principal when due on loan obligations and to make transfers to the Special Disbursement Account, since the activities of the Trust are limited to the conclusion of its affairs.

## Supplementary Financing Facility Subsidy Account

The Supplementary Financing Facility Subsidy Account ("the Subsidy Account"), which is administered by the IMF, was established in December 1980 to assist low-income developing country members to meet the cost of using resources made available through the IMF's Supplementary Financing Facility and under the policy on exceptional use. All repurchases due under these policies were scheduled for completion by January 31, 1991, and the final subsidy payments were approved in July 1991. However, two members (Liberia and Sudan), overdue in the payment of charges, remain eligible to receive previously approved subsidy payments when their overdue charges are settled. Accordingly, the account remains in operation and has retained amounts for payment to these members after the overdue charges are paid.

# 2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies Basis of Presentation

The financial statements of the IMF are prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standards (IAS). Specific accounting principles and disclosure practices are

explained further below. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IAS requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

In financial year 2001, the IMF elected early adoption of IAS 39, *Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement.* The adoption of IAS 39 had no material effect on the Other Administered Accounts' financial statements.

## Unit of Account

Administered Account Japan, Administered Account for Selected Fund Activities—Japan, Framework Administered Account for Technical Assistance Activities, and Administered Account—Spain

These accounts are expressed in U.S. dollars. All transactions and operations of these accounts, including the transfers to and from the accounts, are denominated in U.S. dollars, except for transactions and operations in respect of the OAP, which are denominated in Japanese yen, or transactions in other currencies as agreed between Japan and the IMF. Contributions denominated in other currencies are converted into U.S. dollars upon receipt of the funds.

# Administered Account for Rwanda, Trust Fund, and Supplementary Financing Facility Subsidy Account

These accounts are expressed in terms of SDRs. The value of the SDR is determined by the IMF each day by summing the values in U.S. dollars, based on market exchange rates, of the currencies in the basket. The IMF reviews the SDR valuation basket every five years. The latest review was completed in October 2000 and the composition of the SDR valuation basket became effective from January 1, 2001. The value of the SDR in terms of U.S. dollars on the last business day prior to the change (December 29, 2000) was identical under both valuation baskets. The method of valuing the SDR has been revised following the introduction of the euro as the common currency of a number of members. The currencies in the basket as of April 30, 2001 and 2000 and their amounts were as follows:

	Amount						
Currency	To December 31, 2000	From January 1, 2001					
Euro		0.426					
Euro (Germany)	0.228						
Euro (France)	0.1239						
Japanese yen	27.2	21.0					
Pound sterling	0.105	0.0984					
U.S. dollar	0.5821	0.577					

As of April 30, 2001, one SDR was equal to 1.26579 U.S. dollars (one SDR was equal to 1.31921 U.S. dollars as of April 30, 2000).

Transfers to and disbursements from the Administered Account for Rwanda are made in U.S. dollars or in other freely usable currencies. Transactions and operations of the accounts are denominated in SDRs. Contributions denominated in other currencies are converted into SDRs upon receipt of the funds.

## Revenue and Expense Recognition

The accounts are maintained on the accrual basis; accordingly, income is recognized as it is earned and expenses are recorded as they are incurred.

## Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include short-term deposits with a maturity of less than ninety days. These deposits are denominated in SDRs or other currencies and are carried at cost not exceeding market value. Interest on these instruments varies and is based on prevailing market rates.

#### Contributions

Bilateral contributions are reflected as increases in resources after the achievement of specified conditions and are subject to bilateral agreements stipulating how the resources are to be used.

## Payments to and on behalf of beneficiaries

Payments to and on behalf of beneficiaries are recognized when the specified conditions in the respective agreements are achieved.

## **Transfers**

Internal transfers of resources within the Fund are accounted for under the accrual method of accounting.

## Foreign Currency Translation

Foreign currency transactions are recorded at the rate of exchange on the date of the transaction. At the balance sheet date, monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are reported using the closing exchange rates. Exchange differences arising on the settlement of transaction at rates different from those at the date of the transaction and unrealized foreign exchange differences on unsettled foreign currency monetary assets and liabilities are included in the determination of net income.

## Administrative Expenses

The expenses of conducting the activities of the Other Administered Accounts and the Trust Fund are incurred and borne by the General Department of the IMF. Following the termination of the Trust Fund as of April 30, 1981, residual administrative costs have been absorbed by the General Resources Account of the IMF. To help defray the expenses incurred by the Fund in the administration of the Administered Account for Selected Fund Activities-Japan and the Framework Administered Account for Technical Assistance Activities, reimbursement equal to 13 percent of the expenses financed from the accounts is paid to the Fund from these accounts. The Administered Account—Spain is to pay the IMF an annual fee of \$40,000 for administrative costs incurred. This amount is deducted from investment earnings. As at April 30, 2001 the administrative costs for Administered Account for Selected Fund Activities—Japan amounted to \$2.1 million (\$2.4 million at April 30, 2000), and for Framework Administered Account for Technical Assistance Activities \$0.48 million (\$0.45 million at April 30, 2000). These amounts are included in Payments to and on behalf of beneficiaries on the Income Statements and Changes in

## Cumulative Contributions and Disbursements

The cumulative contributions and disbursements from these administered accounts are as follows:

	April 3	30, 2001	April 30, 2000			
Account	Cumulative Cumulative Contributions Disbursements <sup>1</sup>		Cumulative Contributions	Cumulative Disbursements <sup>1</sup>		
Administered						
Account Japan	135.2	72.5	135.2	72.5		
Administered Account						
for Selected Fund						
Activities—Japan	153.6	145.8	138.5	125.7		
Technical Assistance	141.2	134.2	128.6	116.5		
Scholarships	8.0	7.3	6.6	6.1		
Office of Asia and Pacif	ic 4.4	4.3	3.3	3.1		
Framework Administered						
Account for Technical						
Assistance Activities	18.9	15.3	15.0	11.5		
Subaccount for Japan						
Advanced Scholarship						
Program	7.2	5.8	5.7	4.0		
Rwanda—Macroeconom	ic					
Management Capacity						
Subaccount	1.5	1.6	1.5	1.6		
Australia—IMF Scholarsl	hip					
Program for Asia						
Subaccount	1.4	1.4	0.8	0.9		
Switzerland Technical						
Assistance Subaccount	6.8	5.3	5.8	4.3		
French Technical						
Assistance Subaccount	0.68	0.38	0.54	0.31		
Denmark Technical						
Assistance Subaccount	0.47	0.47	0.47	0.45		
Australia Technical						
Assistance Subaccount	0.27	0.00	0.15	0.00		
The Netherlands Techn	iical					
Assistance Subaccour	nt 0.60	0.41				
Administered Account Spain	506.33	506.40				
		(In millions	of SDRs)			
Administered Account						
for Rwanda	1.54	1.70	1.54	1.40		

 $^{1}\mathrm{Disbursements}$  had been made from resources contributed to these accounts as well as from interest earned on these resources.

## 3. Transfer of Resources

Resources of the Supplementary Financing Facility Subsidy Account in excess of the remaining subsidy payments are to be transferred to the Special Disbursement Account. At April 30, 2001 and 2000, subsidy payments totaling SDR 2.2 million had not been made to Liberia and Sudan and

were being held pending the payment of overdue charges by these members.

## 4. Accounts Termination

## Administered Account Japan

The account can be terminated by the IMF or by Japan. Any remaining resources in the account at termination are to be returned to Japan.

## Administered Account for Selected Fund Activities—Japan

The account can be terminated by the IMF or by Japan. Any resources that may remain in the account at termination, net of accrued liabilities under technical assistance projects or in respect of the OAP, are to be returned to Japan.

# Framework Administered Account for Technical Assistance Activities

The Framework Account or any subaccount thereof may be terminated by the IMF at any time. The termination of the Framework Account shall terminate each subaccount thereof. A subaccount may also be terminated by the contributor of the resources to the subaccount. Termination shall be effective on the date that the IMF or the contributor, as the case may be, receives notice of termination. Any balances, net of the continuing liabilities and commitments under the activities financed, that may remain in a subaccount upon its termination are to be returned to the contributor.

## Administered Account—Spain

The account will be terminated when Argentina repays all the resources that were distributed, or at an earlier time as agreed between Spain and the IMF. Any remaining resources in the account at termination are to be returned to Spain.

## Administered Account for Rwanda

The account can be terminated at any time by the IMF or by unanimous agreement of the donor countries. The account shall, in any case, be terminated by the IMF when Rwanda's financial obligations to the IMF under the CCFF have been fully discharged or when the resources of the account have been exhausted, whichever is earlier. Any balance in the account at termination shall be transferred to the donor countries, in proportion to their contribution, or to Rwanda, if so instructed.