



An introduction to **Monetary policy tools**

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Why?

General macro-economic objectives:

- Promote sustainable economic growth and development;
- Full employment; and
- Macroeconomic stability.

- In these, Monetary policy is key.
- Monetary policy needs tools to do its job.

Overview

- Brief discussion on CBM's objective
- Role of projections in policy decision making
- Data requirements
- Types of monetary operations tools
- What is appropriate in Myanmar
- Current state and going forward

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Objective



Monetary stability

- Not just price stability!
- Foreign exchange stability (on a broad measure of exchange rate)
- Stability in expectations of prices and exchange rates.

Keeping inflation under control



“...it was clearly understood that my task was to get inflation above zero and below 2%.”

Don Brash, former RBNZ Governor

Technical projections: “forecasts”



Data

- “... there is another kind of knowledge which we need to increase – namely exact quantitative information...”
- "The expected never happens; it is the unexpected always."
- "When the facts change, I change my mind. What do you do, sir?"

John Maynard Keynes

Monitoring



Monitoring



Monitoring



Appropriate tool/instrument



Tools and options



Types of monetary operations tools

- Reserves
- Deposit and borrowing facilities
- Central bank bills
- Repurchase operations
- FX market operations

Myanmar – current state of play

- Developing legal structures
- Low frequency data
- No market instruments at this time
- Quantitative controls via banking system

Going forward

- Development of market mechanisms:
 - Legal frameworks
 - Clearing - payment and settlement system
- Development of debt instruments:
 - market driven auctions of government debt
 - secondary market trading of debt
- Development of CBM open market operations

So what?



Outcome

- Helps develop a vibrant, growing economy.
- Greater transparency for private and public sector decision makers.
- Increases wealth and well-being for all citizens.

Summary - I

- Monetary stability is the first objective of the Bank.
- Reliable statistical data are essential in the decision making process.
- Monetary policy decision work in an uncertain environment.
- Monetary policy decisions are “repeatable games”.

Summary - II

- Current situation - quantitative monetary instruments, e.g., “reserve ratios”.
- New infrastructure - open market operations.
- This is a long term project requiring steady, consistent application of effort. Let's take this one step at a time.