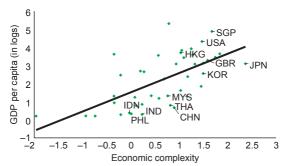
Figure 2.1.1

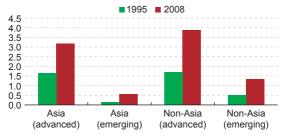
Economic Complexity

1. Economic Complexity and GDP per Capita, 2008

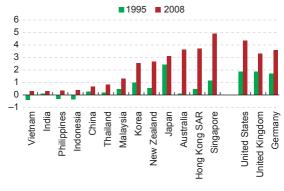


2. ECI by Region

(Weighted by purchasing power parity GDP share)



3. ECI by Country



United Nations, Comtrade database; and IMF staff estimates.

Note: ECI = economic complexity index. The ECI is calculated using an iterative method, where the average value of the measure is calculated with the initial values being a country's diversification and a product's ubiquity; measured as a z-score. Country labels in panel 1 use International Organization for Standardization country codes. Non-Asia (advanced) =

Sources: Atlas of Economic Complexity (for the ECI); Penn World Table 8.0;

Austria, Canada, Denmark, France, Finland, Greece, Ireland, Italy, Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Spain, United States, and United Kingdom. Non-Asia (emerging) = Argentina, Bulgaria, Brazil, Chile, Hungary, Mexico, Poland, Saudi Arabia, Turkey, and South Africa.

Table 2.1.1. Drivers of Economic Complexity (Panel BMA Best Specification)

Dependent Variable: ECI	(1)	
	Coeff.	S.E.
GDP per capita (lag 1)	-0.027	(0.026)
Trade openness (lag 1)	0.341***	(0.078)
Distance weighted by GDP (lag 1)	-0.901***	(0.118)
Size of government (lag 1)	-0.095***	(0.026)
Composite institutional quality (lag 1)	0.170***	(0.025)
Observations	136	
R-squared	0.773	
Robust SE	Υ	
Time dummy	Υ	

Source: IMF staff estimates.

Note: Economic Complexity Index; BMA = Bayesian Model Averaging.

^{***} p<0.01, ** p<0.05, * p<0.1