

USE OF REGIONAL CURRENCIES IN INTERNATIONAL TRANSACTIONS: INDONESIA'S EXPERIENCES

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Fact Finding



Function of International Currencies

	Functions	Private	Public
1	Store of Value	Bank Deposit	Foreign Exchange Reserves
		Securities	
		Currency Substituion	
2	Medium of Exchange	Trade and Financial Settlements	Market Intervention
			Swap
3	Unit of Accounts	Trade invoicing	Anchor (Currency Basket)
		Denomination of Financial Transactions	SDR Composititon Currency
			Denomination of Governement Bonds

Among the international currencies, the USD is still the preminent reserve currency

USD Hegemony: Lesson Learned



Asian Financial Crisis: Double Mismatch (Curreny and Maturity)



Global Financial Crisis: USD Liquidity Shortage



Global Risk and Challengges





The Fed Fund Rate Increase: Potential capital outflow from Emerging Economies and Developing Countries

International Monetary System in Asia is Moving Away from the USD Hegemony to a Multipolar one

Some Experiences:



- **Discussion on Asian Monetary System:** No significant conclusion
- Internationalisation of Yen: Gradual and sequential, With limited succes



Internationalisation of RMB: Rapid and aggresive promotion, work in progress



Establishment of Bilateral Currency Swap Arrangement: On going, not optimum yet

Is it the right time for Asian to unifiv their currencies and have a single currency unit?

- Economic integration: East Asia? ASEAN+3? ASEAN+South Asia? Or else?
- Leadership: China or Japan? Or even India?
- Free flow of good, services, capital and labor: ASEAN Economic Community, Regional Comprehensive Economic Partnership (on going discussion)

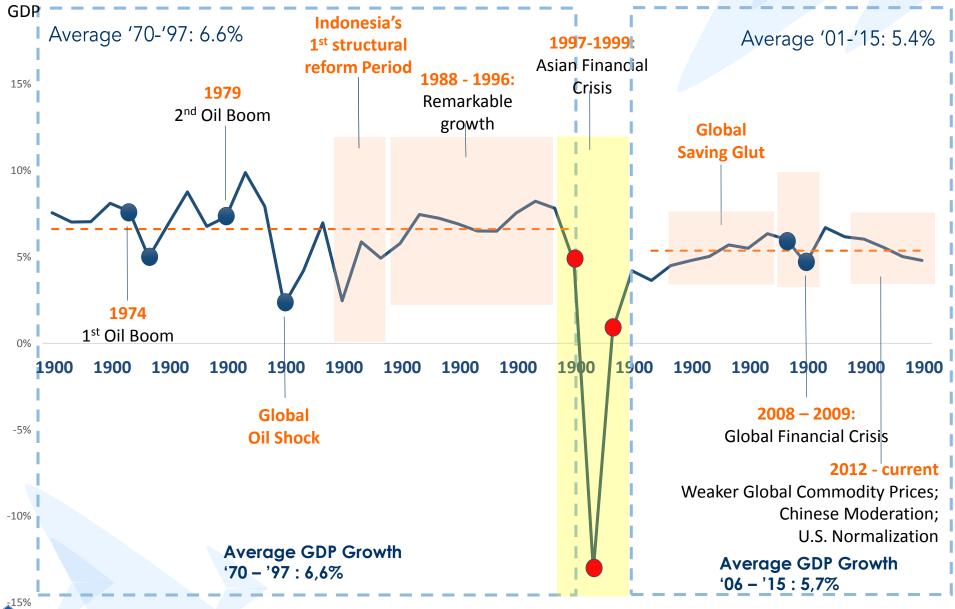
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Indonesia' Experiences



Indonesian economy has experienced turbulence over time Global development took a very important role



KEMENTERIAN KEUANGAN RI

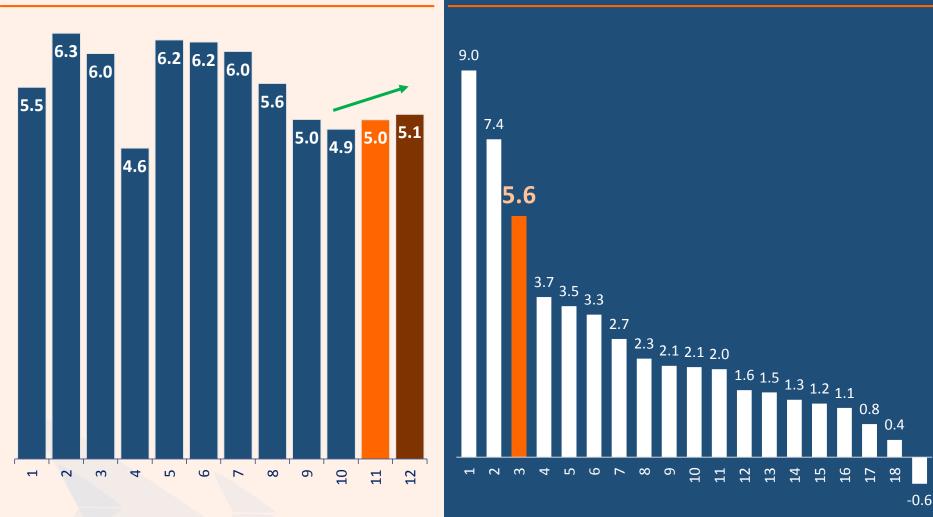
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2016 ECONOMIC GROWTH IS A TURNING POINT

Indonesia's growth is among the highest

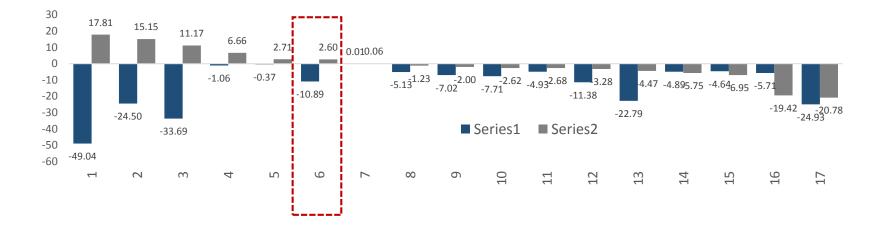
Indonesia Economic Growth (%)

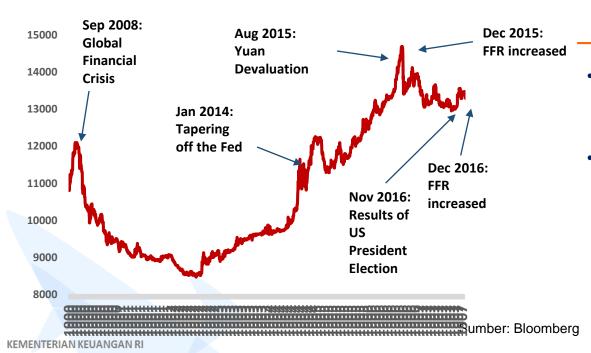
Economic Growth in G20 & BRICS Countries (2007-2016)



urce: IMF & BPS Badan Kebijakan Fiskal – Kementerian Keuangan RI

Rupiah Exchange Rate Performed Well across 2016 Rupiah perform relatively stable against the USD





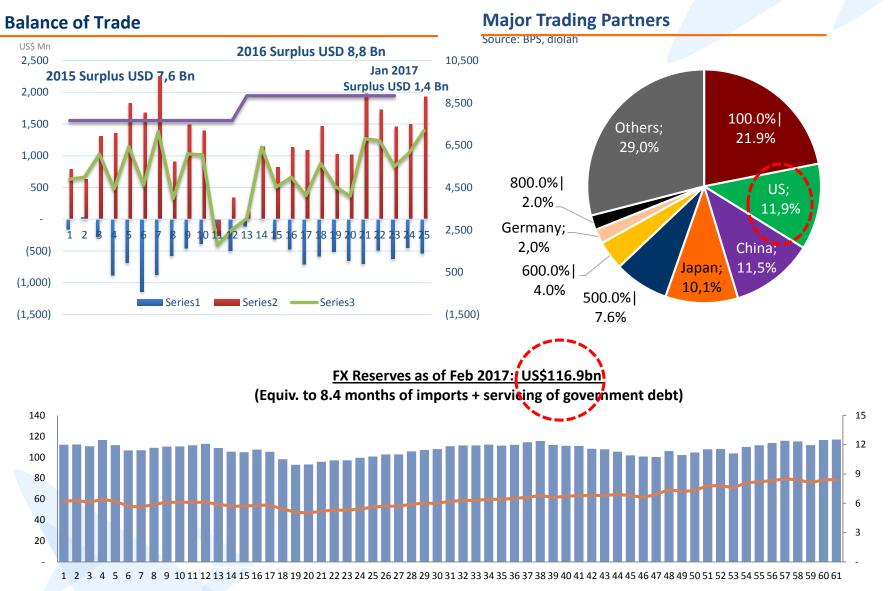
Rupiah against US dolar

- Average Rupiah exchange rate against US Dolar 2016 **Rp13.307**
- Rupiah Exchange Rate wasbetter compared to peers.The stable exchange ratehelp to accomodate themoderation of Central Bankpolicy rate in the midst oftight global liquidity

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BALANCE OF TRADE SURPLUS

Supported by substantial FX reserves, with USD domination in term of FX component



Badan Kebijakan Fiskal – Kementerian Keuangan RI

International Trade Transactions based on Currencies (Average 2010-2015)

USD transactions is still dominating

Impor				Ekspor			
No.	Valuta	Nilai (USD juta)	Pangsa (%)	No	Valuta	Nilai (USD juta)	Pangsa (%)
1	USD	128,475.81	76.33	1	USD	163,624.70	94.927
2	EUR	5,841.81	3.49	2	JPY	1,996.48	1.158
3	JPY	5,837.88	3.51	3	SGD	1,868.46	1.084
4	SGD	3,704.31	2.20	4	EUR	1,858.85	1.078
5	IDR	3,436.62	2.05	5	IDR	1,343.86	0.780
6	AUD	649.99	0.39	6	CNY	757.29	0.439
7	MYR	442.29	0.26	7	HKD	293.70	0.170
8	GBP	280.84	0.17	8	AUD	184.79	0.107
9	ТНВ	276.06	0.17	9	MYR	121.51	0.070
10	CHF	223.77	0.14	10	GBP	101.76	0.059
11	CNY	155.68	0.09	11	THB	67.25	0.039
12	HKD	104.73	0.06	12	AED	55.22	0.032
13	KRW	18.67	0.01	13	KRW	0.93	0.001
14	Others	18,808.10	11.13	14	Others	95.07	0.055
	Total	168,256.57	100.0		Total	172,369.85	100.00

Source: SEKI, Bank Indonesia (processed)

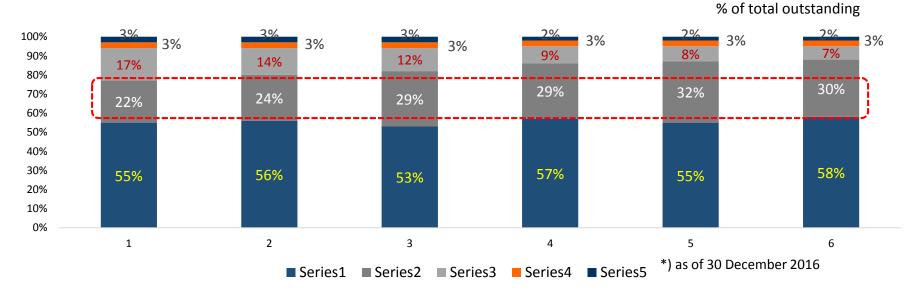
Sound Debt Portofolio Management

Well diversified across different currencies with the USD as the second largest

Debt composition over the years



Well diversified across different currencies



Rupiah Stabilisation Policies To reduce dependency to USD and to promote regional currencies use

BI Regulation number 17/3/PBI/2015 concerning Mandatory Use of Rupiah in the Territory of Indonesia

0	bjective	 to stabilise the value of the Indonesian Rupiah to implement Indonesia's Currency Law 					
Terms and Conditions		All cash and non-cash transactions in Indonesia performed by individuals or corporations must use the Rupiah Transactions , which include: 1. each transaction which has the purpose of a payment for something; 2. other settlement of obligations that must be fulfilled by transferring money; and/or 3. other financial transactions. The obligation to use the rupiah does not apply to the following transactions: 1. certain transactions related to the state budget 2. the acceptance of grants from abroad or the provision of grants to abroad; 3. international trading transactionsbank savings in foreign currencies; and					
		4. international financing transactions					
Billateral Curency Swap Arrangement							
_	China	 Established a 3 year RMB/IDR swap arrangement with the size of up to 130 billion RMB / IDR 250 trillion in November 2015 					
Bilateral	South Korea	 Established a 3 year KRW/IDR swap arrangement with the size of up to 10.7 trillion KRW / IDR 115 trillion in March 2014 					
	Australia	 Established a 3 year A\$/IDR swap arrangement with the size of up to A\$10 billion or IDR 100 trillion in December 2015 					

Bilateral MoUs with BNM and BoT to promote settlement of bilateral trade and direct investment in their local currencies



Thank You